



70/13 cm

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COVERPICTURE: DL7 QY's Varactor multiplier (s. page)

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Announcement for 1984

Vorankündigung für 1984

- 1) stripe line filter for 13, 9, 6, and 3 cm
Microstripfilter für 13, 9, 6, 3 cm
- 2) GaAs Fet amplifier with 2 x NE 72083 for 23, 13 and 9 cm (24 dB gain)
noise matched or as a linear amplifier with 60mW output
GaAs Fet Verstärker mit 2x NE 72083 für 23, 13 und 9cm (24 dB gain)
rauschangepasst oder als Linearverstärker mit 60mW Ausgangsleistung
- 3) 6cm two stage GaAs Fet amplifier with 2x NE72083, 24 dB gain, as a
preamp. or with 60mW output
6cm zweistufiger GaAs Fet Verstärker mit 2x NE72083, 24 dB gain,
als Vorstufe oder Linearverstärker mit 60mW Ausgangsleistung
- 4) two stage GaAs Fet amplifier for 9cm with NE 8001 and NE 8004 with
2 W output
2 stufiger GaAs Fet Verstärker für 9cm mit NE 8001 und NE 8004 mit
2 W Ausgangsleistung
- 5) 9cm power amplifier with GaAs Fet NE 8008 or FIM 3742-5 with 5W
output and 8,5 dB gain
9cm Endstufe mit GaAs Fet NE 8008 oder FIM 3742-5 mit 5W Ausgangs-
leistung und 8,5 dB Verstärkung
- 6) 6cm 3 stage GaAs Fet amplifier 22 dB gain, with FSX 52, FIC 151 and
FIM 6472-5 5W output
6cm 3 stufiger GaAs Fet Verstärker 22 dB Verstärkung mit FSX 52,
FIC 151 und FIM 6472-5 5W Ausgangsleistung
- 7) 13 and 9cm amplifier with low cost transistor (HP) HXTR 3101
(15 DM) with 9 to 8 dB gain
13 und 9cm Verstärker mit billig Transistor HXTR 3101 von HP (ca. 15DM)
mit 9 bzw. 8 dB Verstärkung
- 8) 13cm linear amplifier (4 stage) with 7W output and 30 dB gain with
2x NEL 230353 in the pa
13cm Linearverstärker (4 stufig) mit 7W Ausgangsleistung bei 30 dB
Verstärkung mit 2x NEL 230353 in der PA
- 9) 23cm transistor power amplifier with 10, 20 and 40W with NEL 1308
and 1320 at the pa
23cm Transistor PA für 10, 20 und 40W mit NEL 1308 und 1320 in der PA
- 10) multiplier 70cm/3cm with Step Recovery diode and stripe line filter
0,5W in 12mW output
Vervielfacher 70cm/3cm mit Speicherschaltodiode und Microstripfilter
0,5W in 12mW Ausgangsleistung
- 11) 3cm amplifier 11 dB gain with NE 70083 40mW output
3cm Verstärker 11 dB Verstärkung mit NE 70083 40mW Ausgangsleistung

IC 402 Modification Supplements

by Kor de Vries, PA Ø KDV

E. : The modifications by DC Ø HW / G 8 LRH (Dubus 1/83 page 10-14) are very satisfactory, but there are some other, minor problems.

When the key is plugged into the IC 402, at receive you will loose af. This is due to the fact, that jack j4 switch disconnects the BFO ground path.

Since the mf-gain and noice have been significantly reduced, the side-tone in cw transmitting is now a real strain on the ears, unless af-gain is turned down.

These two problems can be solved in a few minutes:

Connect an insulated wire from jack j4- c6 to the cw switch only free pin left. At cw receive the BFO ground-path is now reestablished via the cw switch.

Cut into lead of R49 upper side and insert a 500 K resistor. This will reduce the audio side tone level satisfactory.

To carry out this modifications it is neccessary to have a print lay out of the main board, which is in the manual.

D. : Die Änderung nach DC Ø HW /G 8 LRH (Dubus 1/83 Seite 10-14) sind sehr gut, aber es gibt noch einige andere, kleine Probleme.

Wenn die Taste ins Gerät gesteckt ist, verliert mann NF-Rauschen beim Empfang. Ursache ist der Schalter in J4, der die Masse des BFOs ausschaltet. Bei den Änderungen hat sich die NF-Verstärkung und das Rauschen so erniedrigt daß nun der Mithörton viel zu laut ist.

Diese zwei Probleme können in nur einigen Minuten gelöst werden:

Es wird ein Draht zwischen J4-C6 und dem CW-Schalter zu dem unbenutzten Anschluß gelegt. Beim Empfang wird nun die Masse des BFOs wieder zugeschaltet durch den CW Schalter.

R49 wird unterbrochen an der Oberseite und ein 500 k Widerstand dafür dazwischengelötet. Damit wird der Mithörton genügend gedämpft.

Man sollte unbedingt eine Beschreibung der Hauptplatine zur Verfügung haben um diese Änderungen durchzuführen, sie ist in jedem Handbuch enthalten.

Correction to ETM-8c for MS

by Erik Cechota, OE 3 CEW

E. : It is better to use a 22K spindle potentiometer in series to P2 (25 K lin.) at the range from 300 to 1500 lpm to calibration.

At the calibration it is correct 12x PARIS = 12 Wpm or 60 Lpm and 1x PARIS = 50 point length. sorry

D. :Für die Regelung der MS-Geschwindigkeit in einem Bereich von 300-1500 lpm hat sich ein 22K Spindelpot. mit P2 (25K lin.) in Serie bei der Eichung als besser erwiesen.

Bei der Eichung hätte es heißen sollen : 12x PARIS = 12 Wpm oder 60lpm 1x PARIS = 50 Punktlängen usw.

PART 2

Figure 19 shows the cascade connections of the device's noise and S-parameter equivalent

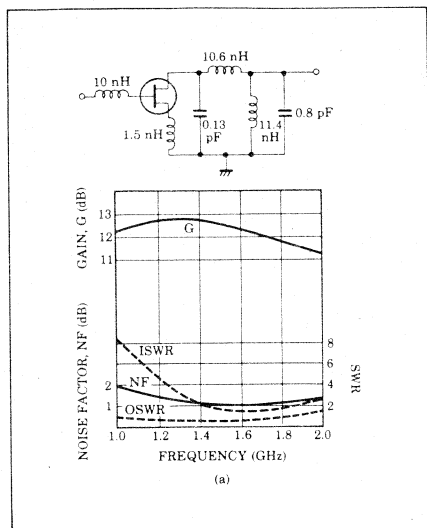


Figure 20(a). Lumped Element Matching Network

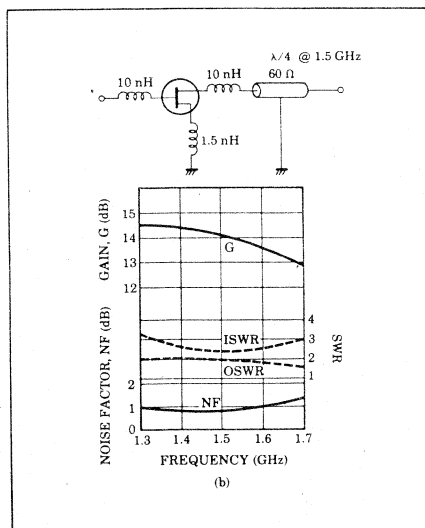


Figure 20(b). Transmission Line Matching Network

circuits. The circuit should be designed so that matching is obtained for the input-output impedance given to this equivalent circuit. After the design goals have been chosen, the noise figure, NF, and impedance matching networks are calculated. The circuits and characteristics of an amplifier designed by this method are shown in Figures 20(a) and 20(b).

(B) Ultra-wide band amplifiers using GaAs FETs.

The method normally used to achieve wide-band amplification involves applying negative feedback to the transistor. This method improves the VSWR and dynamic range characteristics and also ensures very flat gain response. Another method for achieving wide-band amplification involves using a balanced amplifier design which ensures good VSWR. This method is widely used in applications that cover frequency ranges of one to several octaves in the higher frequency bands. However, it is difficult to obtain a very wide band using a 3 dB, 90° coupler while also trying to ensure good input-output VSWR in ranges exceeding 10 octaves, or in the low frequency ranges. Figure 21 shows an equivalent circuit for the balanced amp.

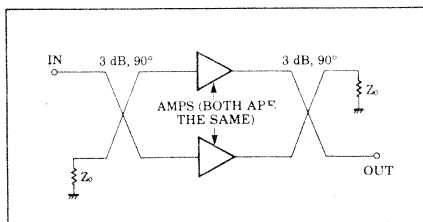


Figure 21. Balanced Amplifier Allowing Wide-Band Amplification

The use of GaAs FETs with negative feedback is an effective method of ensuring low cost and simplicity for bandwidths exceeding 10 octaves.

Figure 22 shows the basic circuit for negative feedback amplifiers. For the sake of simplicity, the DC bias circuit and the coupling capacitors have been omitted. If the characteristics of the GaAs FET to be used are suitable at frequencies of 10 MHz to 2 GHz, the device's parasitic elements will be small in size, and the equivalent circuit can be simplified to that shown in Figure 23. The simplified equivalent circuit shown in Figure 24 is obtained by adding the negative feedback resistor shown in Figure 22 to the circuit in Figure 23. The S-parameters may now be calculated for this situation.

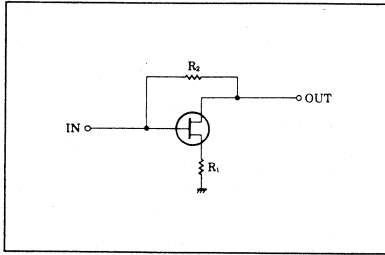


Figure 22. Basic Feedback Amplifier Circuit

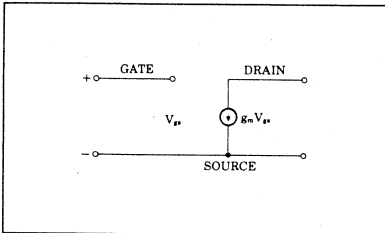


Figure 23. Equivalent Circuit for GaAs FET at Low Frequency

The admittance matrix can be determined by using the following expression.

$$\begin{bmatrix} I_1 \\ I_2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{R_2} & -\frac{1}{R_2} \\ \frac{g_m}{1 + g_m R_1} & -\frac{1}{R_2} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} V_1 \\ V_2 \end{bmatrix} \quad (13)$$

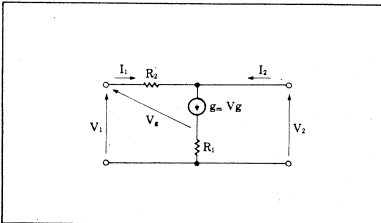


Figure 24. Simplified Feedback Amplifier Equivalent Circuit

If at this time, the input-output for Figure 24 is terminated at Z_0 , the S matrix can be easily obtained by using expression (13).

$$S_{11} = \frac{1}{\Delta} \left[1 - \frac{g_m Z_0^2}{R_2(1 + g_m R_1)} \right] \quad (14)$$

$$S_{22} = \frac{1}{\Delta} \left[1 - \frac{g_m Z_0^2}{R_2(1 + g_m R_1)} \right] \quad (15)$$

$$S_{12} = \frac{1}{\Delta} \left[\frac{2Z_0}{R_2} \right] \quad (16)$$

$$S_{21} = \frac{1}{\Delta} \left[\frac{-2g_m Z_0}{1 + g_m R_1} + \frac{2R_0}{R_2} \right] \quad (17)$$

$$\Delta = 1 + \frac{2Z_0}{R_2} + \frac{g_m Z_0^2}{R_2(1 + g_m R_1)}$$

Assuming that a negative feedback amplifier must improve VSWR, the input and output reflection coefficient must be 0, then expressions (14) and (15) become

$$S_{11} = S_{22} = 0$$

From this, the following expression can be derived:

$$1 + g_m R_1 = \frac{g_m Z_0^2}{R_2} \quad (18)$$

When expression (18) is substituted into expressions (16) and (17), the following results are obtained

$$S_{21} = \frac{Z_0 - R_2}{Z_0} \quad (19)$$

$$S_{12} = \frac{Z_0}{R_2 + Z_0} \quad (20)$$

Then, using expression (18), R_1 is obtained as follows

$$R_1 = \frac{Z_0^2}{R_2} - \frac{1}{g_m} \quad (21)$$

Since the transconductance, g_m , in a GaAs FET is not usually large enough, the equation $S_{11} = S_{22} = 0$ will not be satisfied. However, the range of the g_m values needed to satisfy the expression can be calculated. If $R_1 = 0$ then

$$S_{21} = 1 - g_m Z_0 \quad (22)$$

is obtained, and thus

$$g_m |_{min} = \frac{1 - S_{21}}{Z_0} \quad (23)$$

For example, consider the design of an amplifier with 10 dB gain. Logically, if we take the input-output VSWR as a low value and the characteristic impedance, Z_0 , as 50Ω , when $S_{11} = S_{22} = 0$, then substituting this in expression (23) yields,

$$\frac{1 - (-3.16)}{50} = 0.082 S$$

It will therefore be acceptable if $g_m \geq 83mS$.

Figure 25 shows the characteristics of an ultra-wide band amplifier designed using this method.

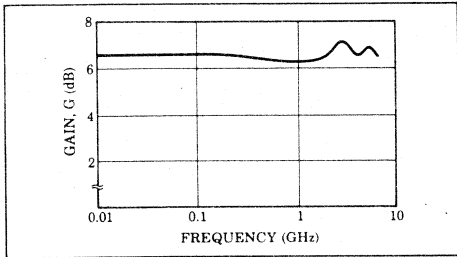


Figure 25. GaAs FET Feedback Amplifier

6. Relation of Ambient Temperature, Frequency and Noise Temperature in GaAs FETs

Up to this point, only the applications of GaAs FETs in amplifiers have been examined. Now, the discussion will turn to the relationship between ambient temperature and noise temperature.

Noise in a GaAs FET is chiefly thermal noise. Since there is rarely shot noise, the noise temperature in an amplifier changes greatly in response to the ambient temperature. Figure 26 shows the relationship of operating temperature and the noise temperature for the NE24406. The noise temperature, T_e , and ambient operating temperature, T_a , can be shown to correspond to the following:

$$T_e = K \frac{\omega C_{gs}}{g_m} T_a \quad (24)$$

Figure 26 shows the linearity in the relationship between the ambient operating temperature and the noise temperature. By taking advantage of this characteristic, a super low-noise amplifier can be produced by cooling the amplifier with carbonic gas, liquid nitrogen or liquid helium.

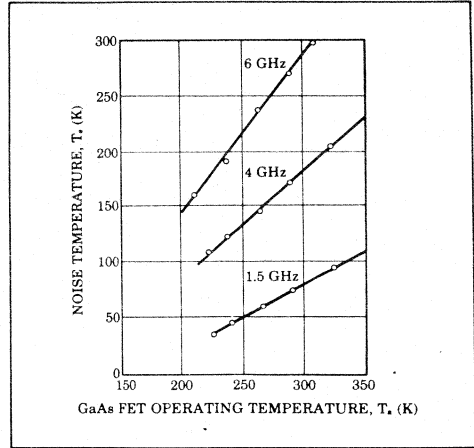


Figure 26. T_e vs. T_a in the NE24406 and NE24483

7. Power GaAs FET Applications

For the small signal GaAs FETs discussed so far, we have covered only those signal levels in the range in which operating characteristics are not dependent on signal voltage or signal current. In other words, each terminal's voltage and current was in a range which satisfied a linear relationship. As the signal level increases, this relationship is no longer satisfied and we have a situation known as large signal operation. Of course, even if the element is in non-linear operation, the electrophysical quantity of the signal frequency is still in a linear relationship if non-linearity is small. Thus, the S-parameter relationship in a GaAs FET can be determined for small signal operation.

Because the voltage and current-to-terminal conditions which define each parameter are not fixed for large signal operation, it is difficult to determine parameters indicating a linear relationship.

Figure 27 is a simplified diagram showing the small and large signal operation of a Class A GaAs FET. Load lines A and B indicate the optimum conditions for maximum input and output when the input gate signal voltage is V_{GA} and V_{GB} .

The optimum load for small signal operation is equal to the drain conductance ($\partial I_{DS}/\partial V_D$). In large signal operation, however, the input signal level will increase and gate voltage, V_G , will enter the nonlinear zone. The output current, which is the drain current, I_D , will then reach its upper limit and the load line gradient must increase to increase the output power. Therefore, when designing a circuit, it is necessary to use data which takes all factors into consideration.

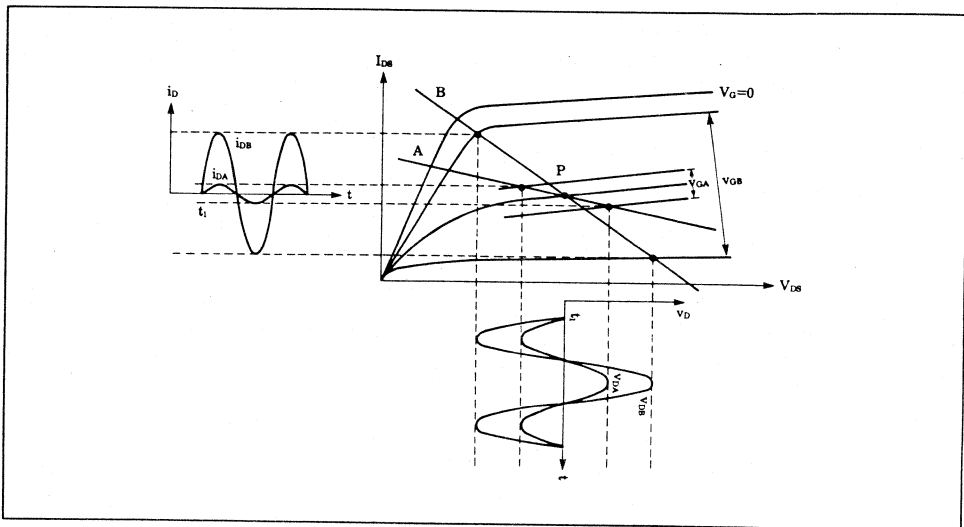


Figure 27. Simplified Load Line for a Class A GaAs FET in Small and Large Signal Operation

8. Operating Methods for Power GaAs FETs

(A) Introduction

An important factor to consider when working with Power GaAs FETs is power GaAs FETs are basically a group of small signal GaAs FETs connected in parallel so that they can handle a large power source. Therefore, they have an extremely high transconductance. Another important and necessary factor to consider is at which bias point operation takes place. Consideration must be given as to whether there is adequate bias resistance to suppress the gate current. As mentioned previously, Schottky gates are used in a GaAs FET, and there is the possibility that the operating point will cause an excessive current to flow across the gate.

The gate structure in a GaAs FET is very delicate, with a typical gate length of $0.5\mu\text{m}$ to $1.0\mu\text{m}$. In some cases, just a slight current flow across the gate will have a current density of $10^6\text{A}/\text{cm}^2$. With such high current density, the gate will eventually fail.

Figure 28 shows the change in input-output characteristics due to the increasing gate current. Here, the operating drain voltage is constant, but direct current begins to flow in the opposite direction at the gate when the input signal level is increased sufficiently. When the input power increases, the Schottky gate is biased in the forward direction and gate current begins to flow

in that direction. Caution must be taken at this time since the amount of gate current has a bearing on whether or not the FET will be destroyed.

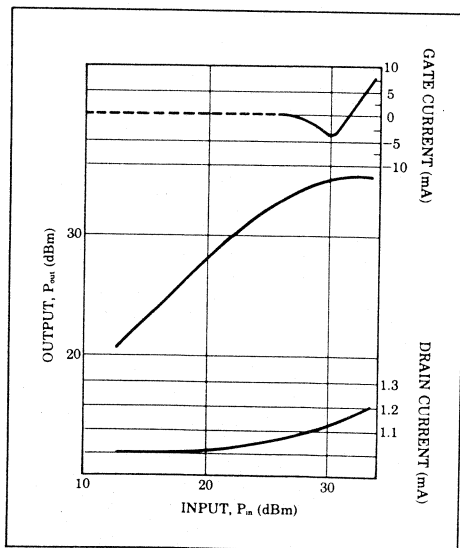


Figure 28. Relationship of Input-Output Characteristics to Increasing Gate Current

(B) Bias Circuits

Table 1 shows the maximum permissible gate current for each of NEC's high power GaAs FETs. Care should be taken at all times when planning bias circuits and input power to ensure that these values are not exceeded.

NE8681	3.0 mA
NE8682	6.0 mA
NE8684	10.0 mA
NE8688	15.0 mA
NE8691	1.3 mA
NE8692	2.6 mA
NE8694	5.0 mA

Table 1: Maximum Permissible Gate Currents for the NEC NE868 and NE869 Series

One thing that is very basic when biasing power GaAs FETs is the need for increased impedance of the gate bias circuit. The example in Figure 29 shows a type of feedback circuit incorporating a resistor in series with the bias circuit which

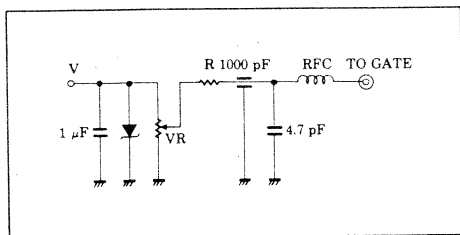


Figure 29. Example of a Gate Bias Circuit

produces a drop in potential when the current across the gate begins to increase, and adds to the gate series bias. By inserting a low pass filter, such as an RFC or capacitor, unnecessary oscillation or phase shift will be prevented.

Another important factor is the order in which bias is applied. It is generally disadvantageous, both thermally and electrically, to self-bias a power GaAs FET. Therefore, a positive and negative dual power source should be used to bias the drain and gate separately. For a GaAs FET, maximum current will flow when the gate voltage is at zero. With a high output level FET, I_{DSS} is sometimes greater than several amps and since typical g_m is extremely high, oscillation will occur and the FET will be destroyed either thermally or electrically. For this reason, any appreciable flow of high current must be prevented from reaching the drain. The bias method used must be one whereby negative voltage is applied to the gate first, after which positive voltage is applied to the drain. The following is a detailed example of this method.

(1) Add a negative potential to the gate which is close to -5V or to the pinch off voltage.

(2) Specify the drain voltage in such a way that it moves as rapidly and smoothly as possible from zero volts to the preset V_D . If there is no possibility of a surge voltage being produced and the drain voltage is completely stable, add the preset voltage instantaneously.

Figure 30 gives three recommended bias circuits for biasing power FETs. Figure 30(a) is an excellent bias circuit because there are no limitations requiring that either positive or negative voltage be applied to the circuit first. Drain voltage, V_D , will reach its preset value according to the time constant determined by C and R . When the power source is OFF, the electrical charge will pass through diode D_1 and return quickly to the power source side, thus the FET can then be safely biased.

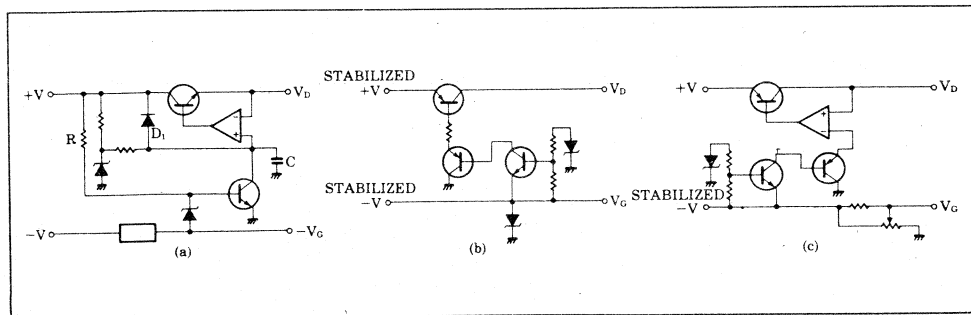


Figure 30. Power GaAs FET Bias Circuits

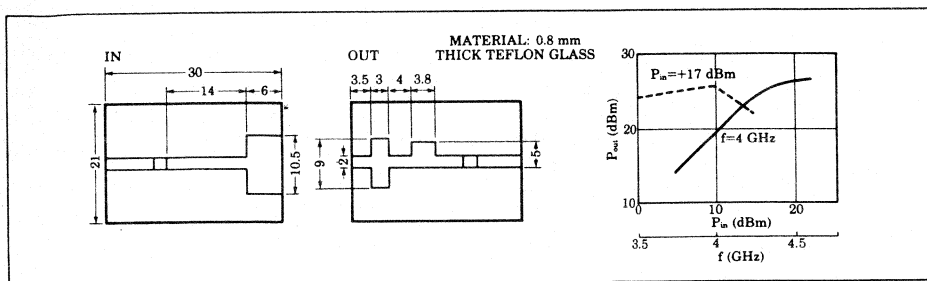


Figure 32. NE868196, 4 GHz Circuit

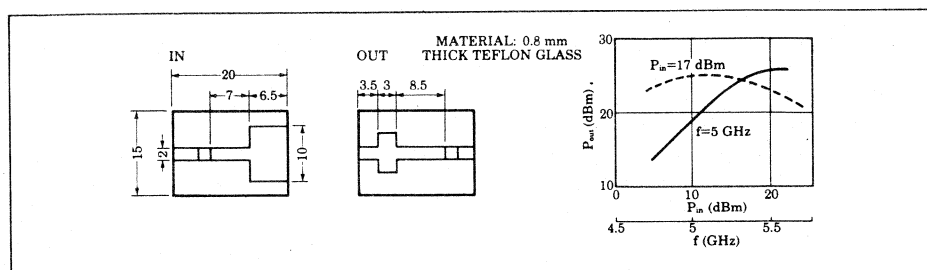


Figure 33. NE868196, 5 GHz Circuit

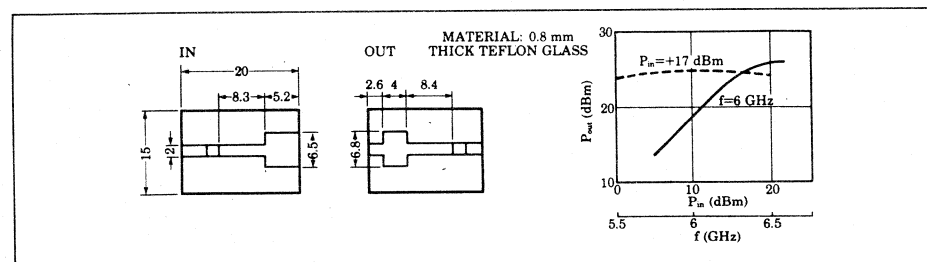


Figure 34. NE868196, 6 GHz Circuit

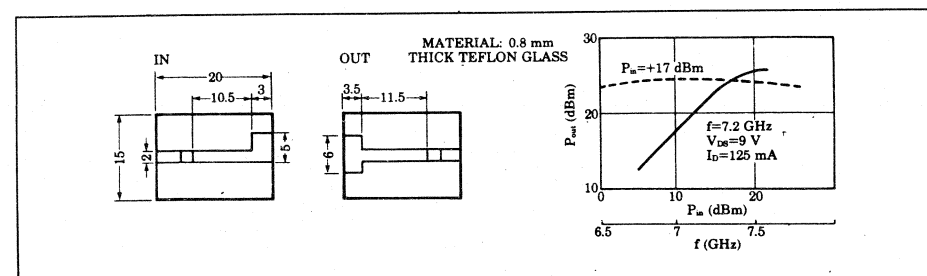


Figure 35. NE868196 Test Circuit (6.5 GHz and 7.5 GHz)

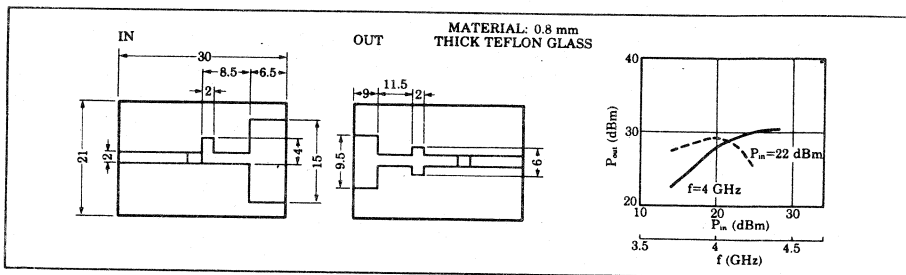


Figure 36. NE868296, 4 GHz Circuit

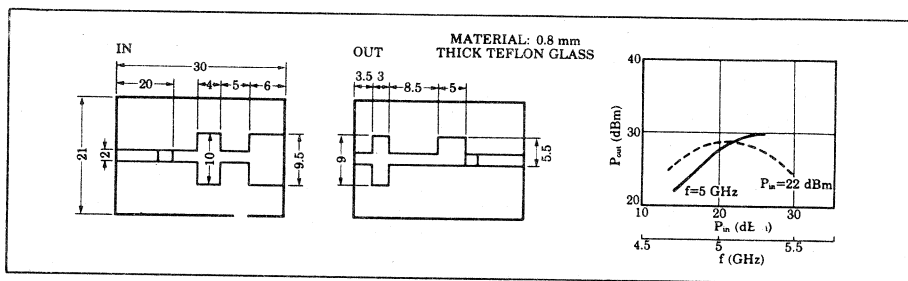


Figure 37. NE868296, 5 GHz Circuit

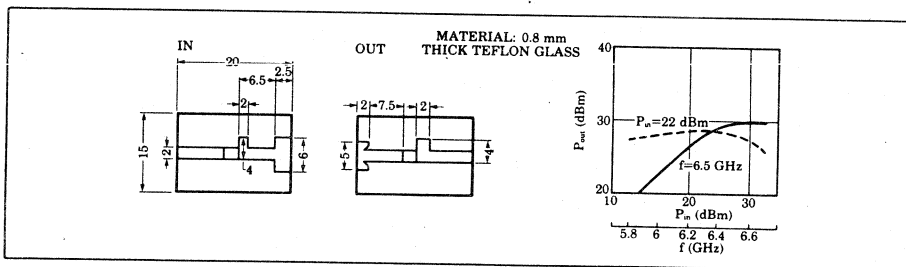


Figure 38. NE868296, 6 GHz Circuit

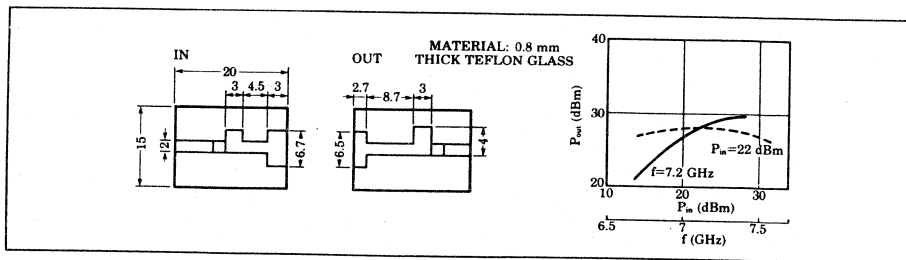


Figure 39. NE868296 Test Circuit (6.5 GHz and 7.5 GHz)

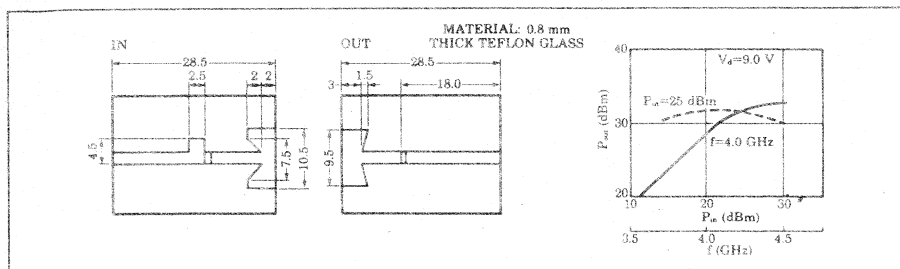


Figure 40. NE868495-4 Circuit

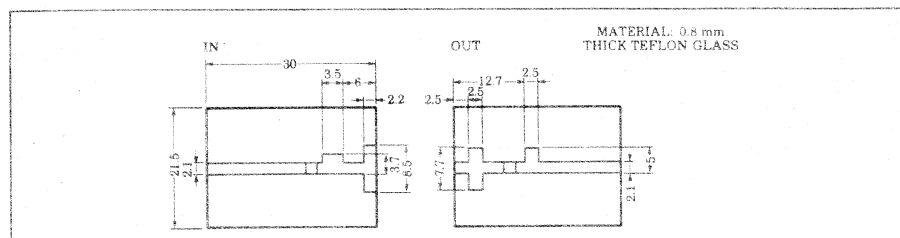


Figure 41. NE868495-5 Circuit

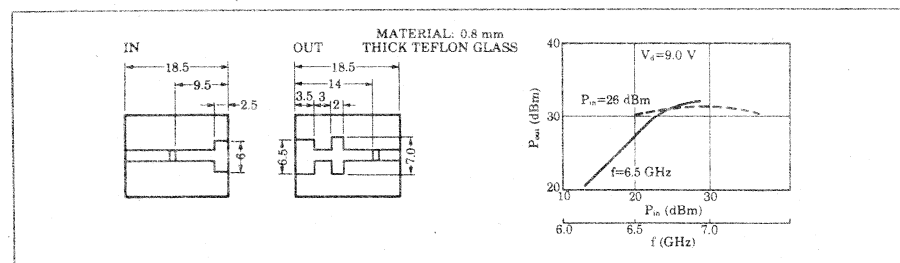


Figure 42. NE868495-6 Circuit

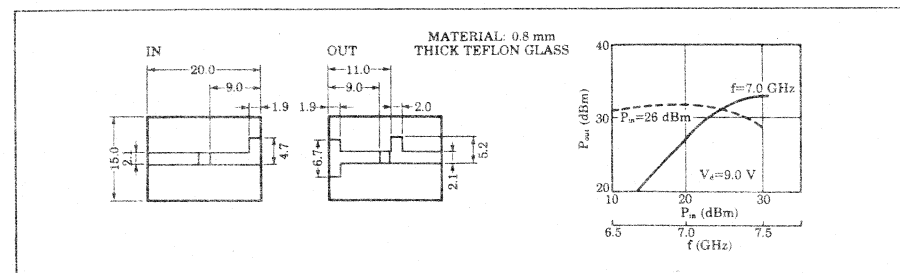


Figure 43. NE868495-7 Circuit

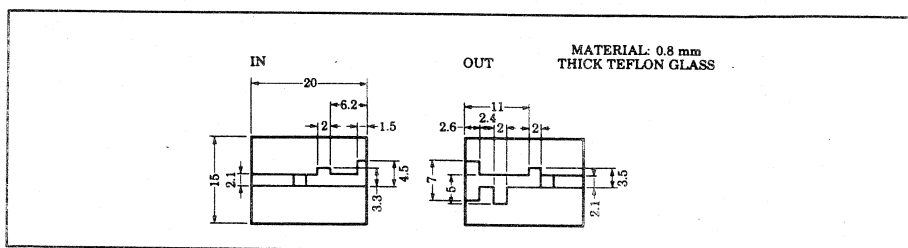


Figure 44. NE868495-8 Circuit

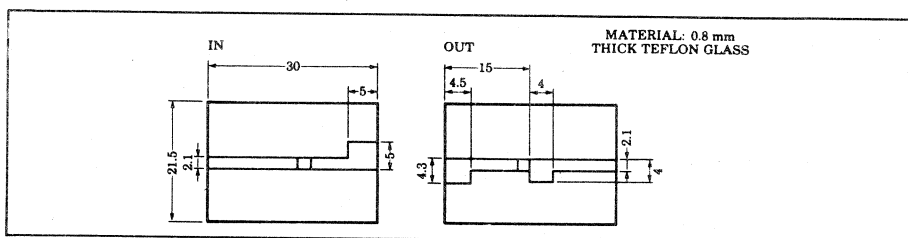


Figure 45. NE868898-5 Circuit

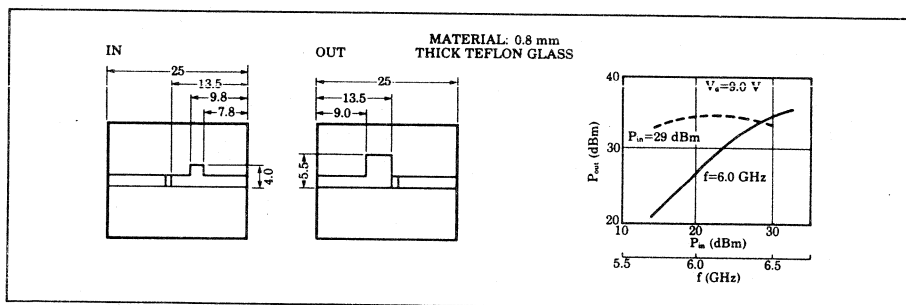


Figure 46. NE868898-6 Circuit

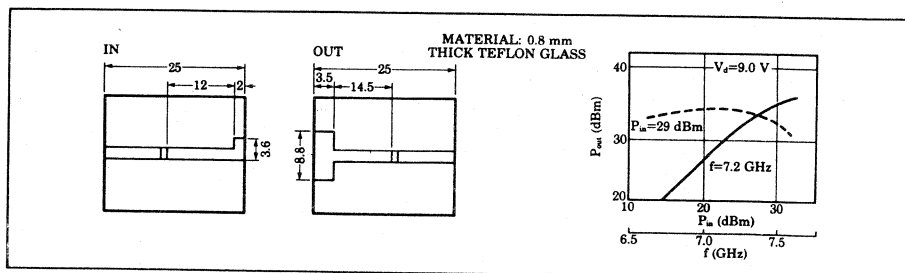


Figure 47. NE868898-7 Circuit

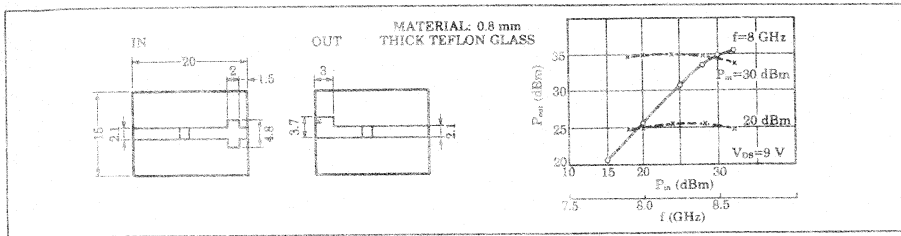


Figure 48. NE868988 Circuit

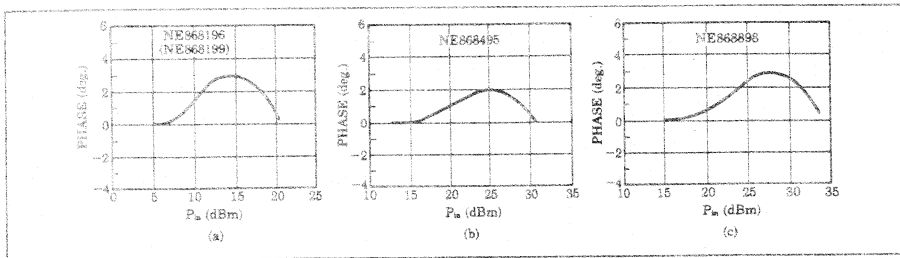


Figure 49. AM-PM Conversion Factors for the NE868 Series

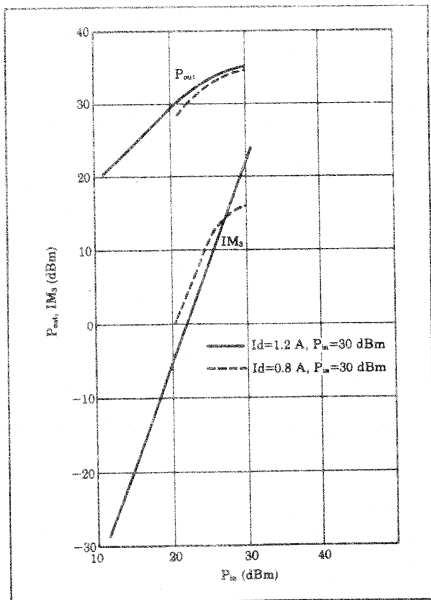


Figure 50. NE868898 Third Order Intermodulation Distortion

References

- [1] Masuo Fukuda, et. al., "Low Noise GaAs FET Amplifiers," MW77-21.
- [2] Charles A. Lie Chti, et. al., MTT-22, No. 5, May 1974.
- [3] Herman Sfat, et. al., ED-21, No. 9, Sept. 1974.
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- [5] L. Nevin, et. al., "L-Band GaAs FET Amp.," Microwave Journal, Apr. 1979.
- [6] Eric Ulrich, "Use Negative Feedback to Slash Wideband VSWR," Microwaves, Oct. 1978.
- [7] K. Honjo, et. al., "Broadband Internal Matching of Microwave Power GaAs MES FETs.," IE3, Trans, Mit. Jan. 1979.
- [8] Y. Takayama, "A New Load-Pull Characterization Method for Microwave Power Transistors," 1976 MTT-S, Digest, p. 218-220, June 1976.

Deutsche Übersetzung folgt im nächsten Heft

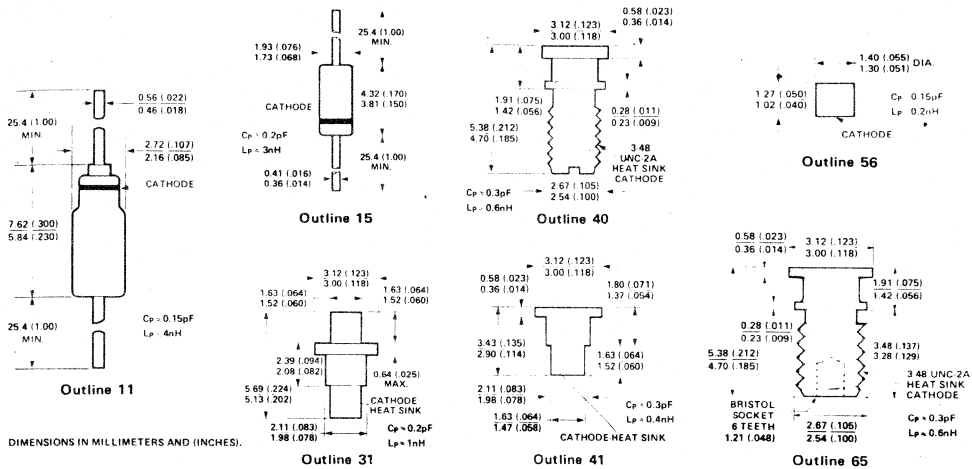
MULTIPLIER FROM 70cm TO 13, 9 AND 6cm =====

by Claus Neie, DL 7 QY

E. : This multiplier is useful to get IF-frequencies for linear mixer or as a direct transmitter multiplier. There are Step Recovery diodes used (fig. 1). The following description is for 13cm. For 9cm only L4 and L5 have to be changed to L4 * and L5 *. For 6cm the dividing barrier with the window at the secondary part has to be removed, in the filter section has a stripe line filter replaced. The input power can be between 50mW to 5W. With 0,5 W input the output power is at 13cm 90mW, at 9cm 40mW and at 6cm about 18mW. It is possible to use this multiplier also for 3cm (about 12mW output), but the tests are not complet at this time. Results of this tests are following in the next Dubus. The case form of the diode can be outline 40 or 31 (fig. 1). The dates are from HP, but also similar Step Recovery diodes from other companies are useful. For 13cm use type 800 or 801, for 9cm 0805 or 0806 and for 6cm 0810 or 0811, Fig. 2 shows the circuit. At fig. 3-7 the mechanical details are shown. Fig. 10 shows the version with the stripe line filter. The mechanical filter details shows fig. 11. If there is a great call for this filter, it is possible to get it by me for own costs. The electric dates of the filter are shown at fig. 14-16. Fig. 14 shows the pass band, fig. 15 the near selection, fig. 16 far-off selectivity. Fig. 12 shows a multiplier for 6cm and fig. 13 for 9cm. Fig. 17 shows a single filter where the measurement was done.

D. : Nachfolgend beschriebener Frequenzvervielfacher kann sowohl zur Aufbereitung von Oszillatorsignalen zur linearen Weiterverarbeitung (Transverter, Konverter) oder auch direkt als Sendevervielfacher benutzt werden. Zur Verwendung gelangen (Fig. 1) Step Recovery Dioden. Die nachfolgende Baubeschreibung gilt für 13cm. Bei 9cm sind lediglich L4 und L5 auszutauschen gegen L4 * und L5 *. Bei 6cm Betrieb muß die Trennwand mit Koppelschlitz im Sekundärteil ausgefräst werden; in der Filterkammer findet dann ein 4-poliges Microstripfilter Platz. Die Ansteuerleistung des Vervielfachers kann sich im Bereich von 50mW-5W bewegen. Bei einer Ansteuerleistung von 0,5W beträgt die Ausgangsleistung etwa bei 13cm 90mW; bei 9cm 40mW und bei 6cm etwa 18mW. Der gleiche Vervielfacher soll auch noch für 3cm zum Betrieb gebracht werden (Ausgangsleistung etwa 12mW) bei Frequenz Ver 22 zigfachung. Die Tests sind aber noch nicht abgeschlossen. In einem der nächsten Dubus Hefte wird darüber berichtet werden. Als Gehäuseformen der Varactor Diode können sowohl Outline 40 oder 31 Verwendung finden (Bild 1). Die Datenangaben sind von HP, es können aber auch ähnliche Step Recovery Dioden verwendet werden. Für 13cm empfiehlt sich die Type 800 oder 801; für 9cm 0805 oder 0806 und für 6cm 0810 oder 0811. Bild 2 zeigt das Schaltbild. In Bild 3-7 sind die mechanischen Teile dargestellt. Bild 8-9 zeigt den Aufbau. Bild 10 zeigt die 6cm Version mit eingebautem Microstripfilter. Die mechanischen Leiterabmessungen zeigt Bild 11. Sollte größere Nachfrage nach dem dargestellten Filter sein, wenden Sie sich an DL7QY, kann das Filter gegen Kostenerstattung geliefert werden. Die elektrischen Daten des Filters sind in Bild 14-16 dargestellt. Bild 14 Durchlassbereich, Bild 15 Nahselektion, Bild 16 Weitabsselektion. Bild 12 zeigt einen Vervielfacher für 6cm und Bild 13 für 9cm. Bild 17 zeigt ein einzeln aufgebautes Filter, an welchem die Messungen vorgenommen wurden.

Package Dimensions



Diodes for High Efficiency Multipliers (All Specifications at $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$)

Ceramic Packaged Diodes

Fig. 1

ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS

TYPICAL PARAMETERS

Part Number 5082-	Junction Capacitance at -6V, $C_{j(-6)}$ * [1] [pF]		Minimum Breakdown Voltage, V_{BR} * at $I_R = 10\mu\text{A}$ [V]	Minimum Cutoff Frequency, f_c [2] [GHz]	Package Outline	Output Frequency Range [GHz]	Output Power, P_o [3] [W]	Lifetime, τ [ns]	Transition Time		Thermal Resistance, θ_{jc} [$^\circ\text{C/W}$]
	Min.	Max.							t_t [ps]	Charge Level [pC]	
X0800 0801 0802	3.5	5.0	75	100	40 31 41	1-3	10	250	350	1500	15
X0805 0806 0807	2.5	3.5	60	140	31 40 41	3-5	6	100	250	1500	20
X0810 0811 0812	1.5	2.5	60	140	31 40 41	5-8	4	100	200	1000	25
0820 0821 0822	0.7	1.5	45	160	31 41 40	7-10	2.5	50	100	300	30
0830 0831	0.35	1.2	25	200	31 41	8-12	1.0	20	75	300	45
0835 0836 0885	0.1	0.5	15	350	31 41 56	10-20	0.3	10	50	100	60

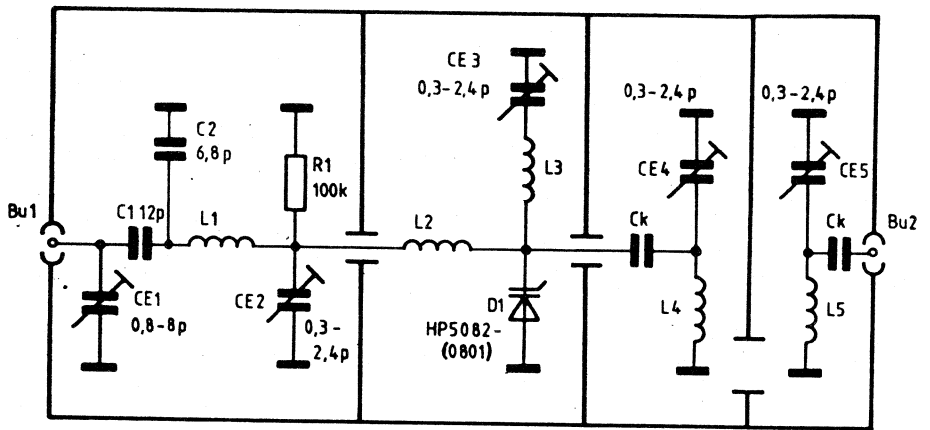
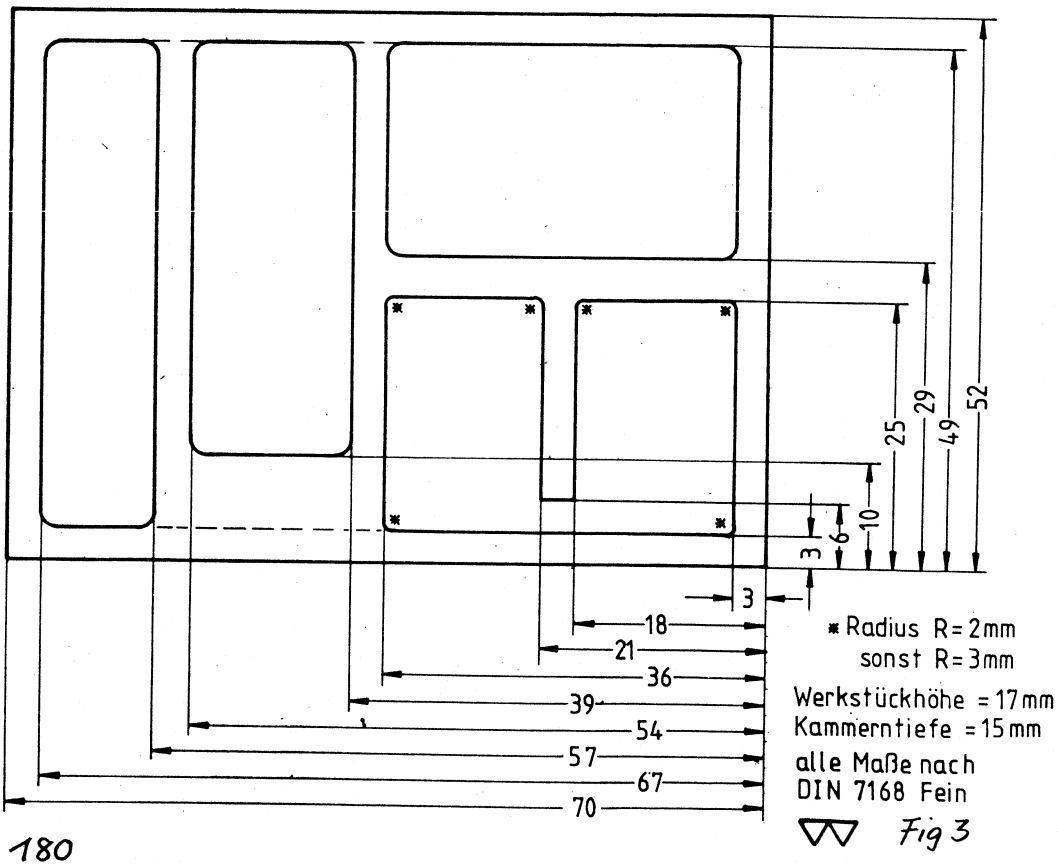


Fig 2



Schnitt
A-D

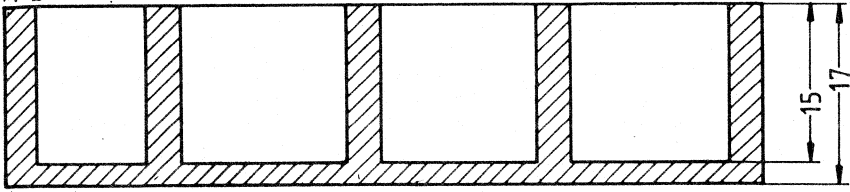
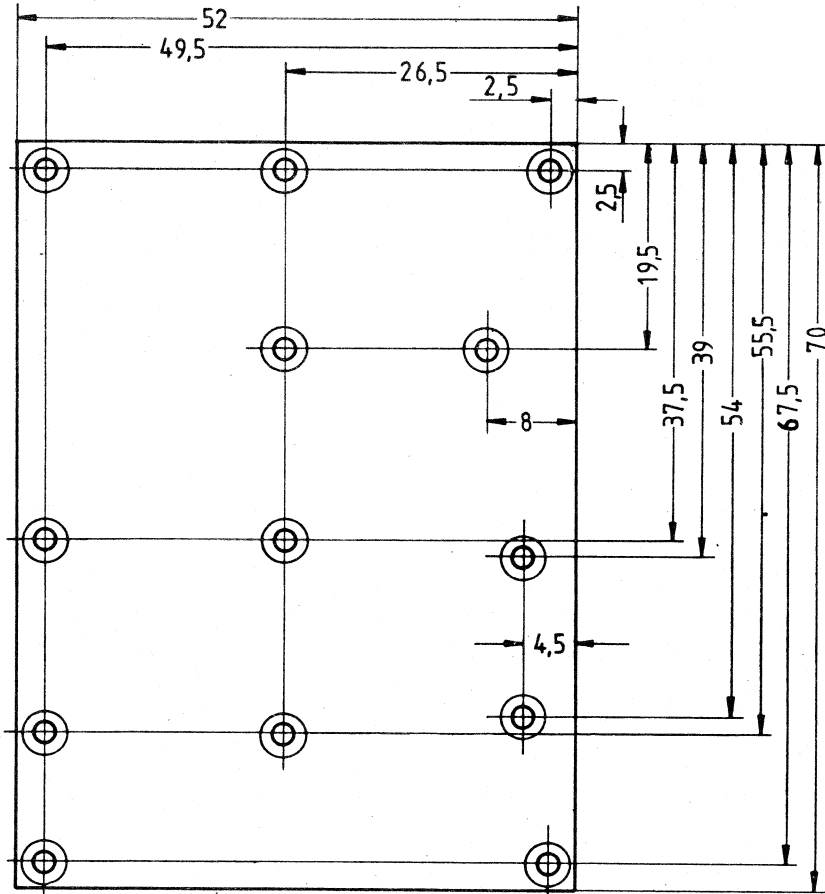


Fig 4



Bohrungen 2mm ϕ , 4mm ϕ angesenkt

Deckel 2mm Alu

Unterseite : 0,25mm Schaumstoffschicht (beids.klebend)

+Alufolie

Fig 5

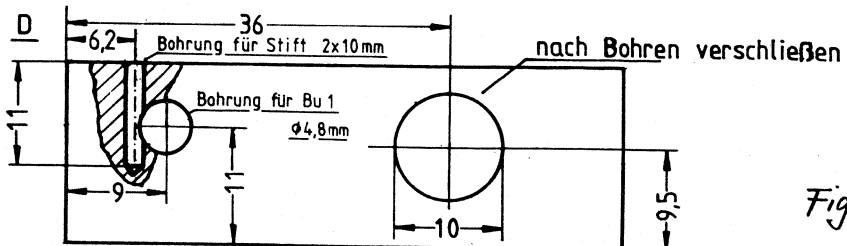
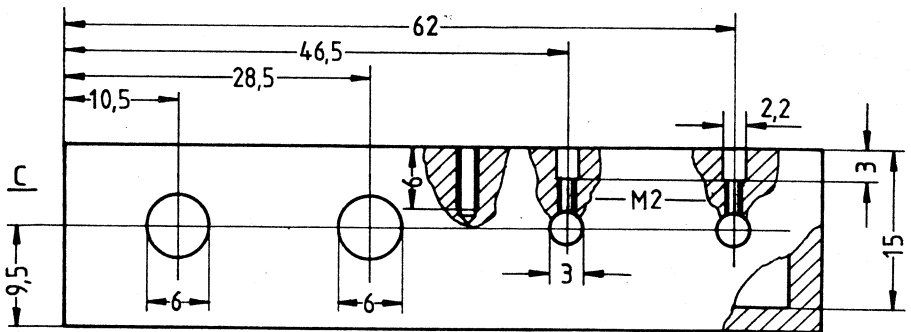
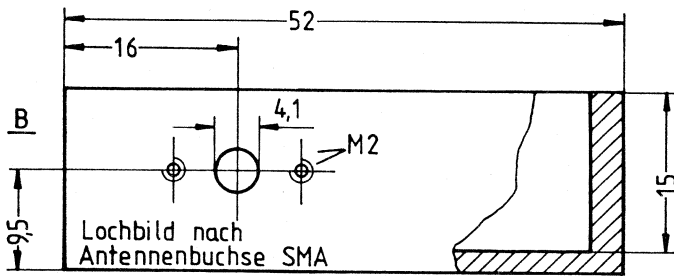
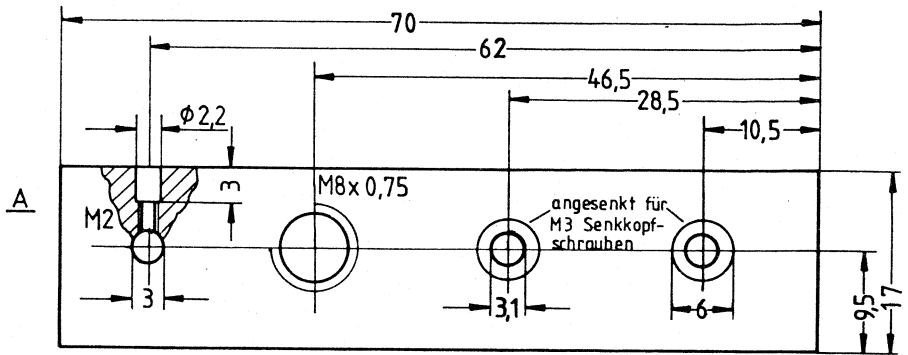
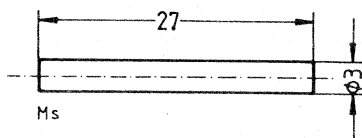
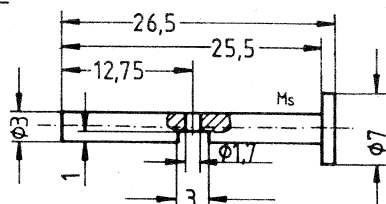


Fig 6

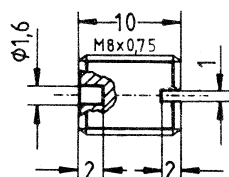
Teil 1



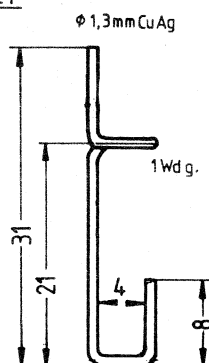
Teil 2



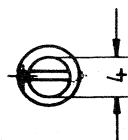
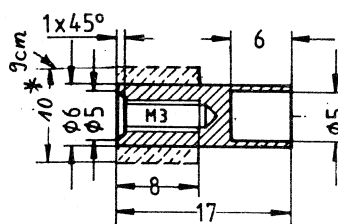
Teil 3



L1

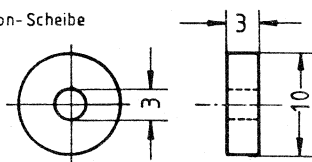


Teil 4,5



Teil 6,7

Teflon-Scheibe



Teil 8

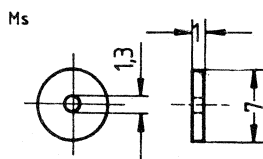


Fig 7

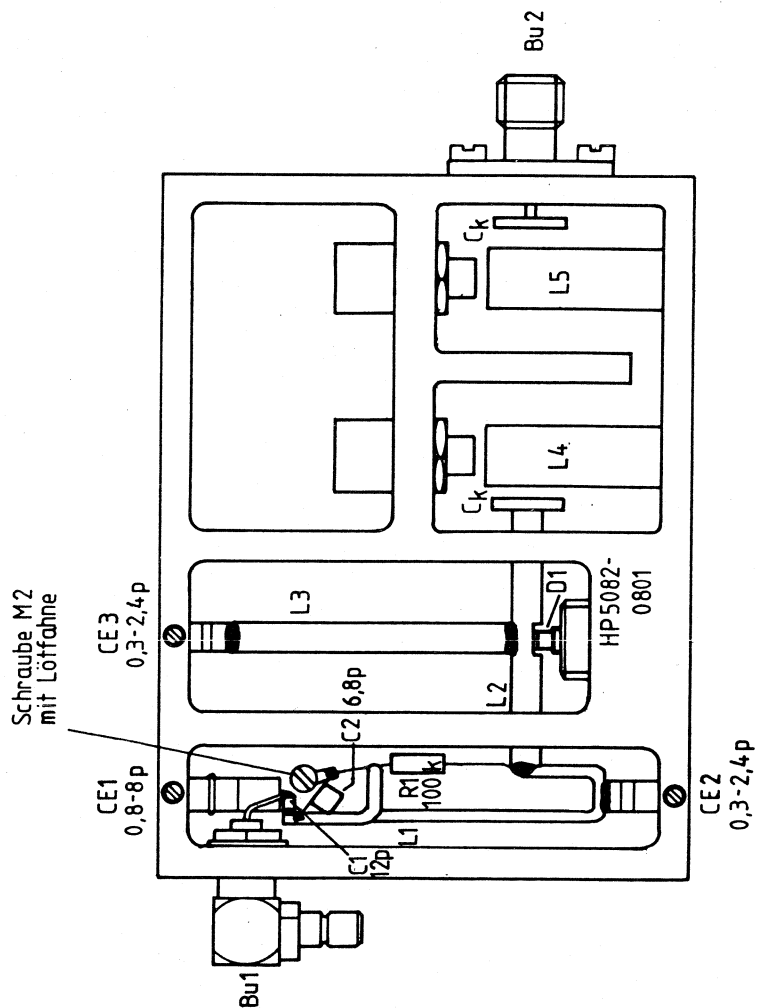
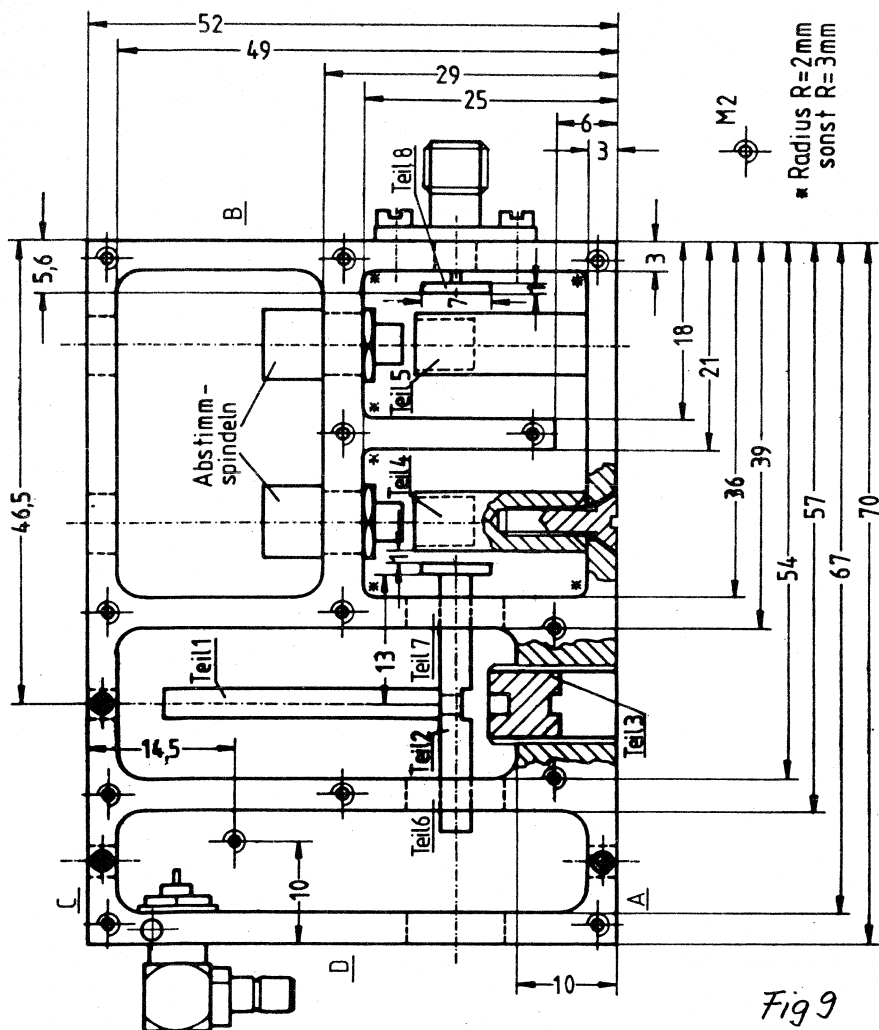


Fig. 8



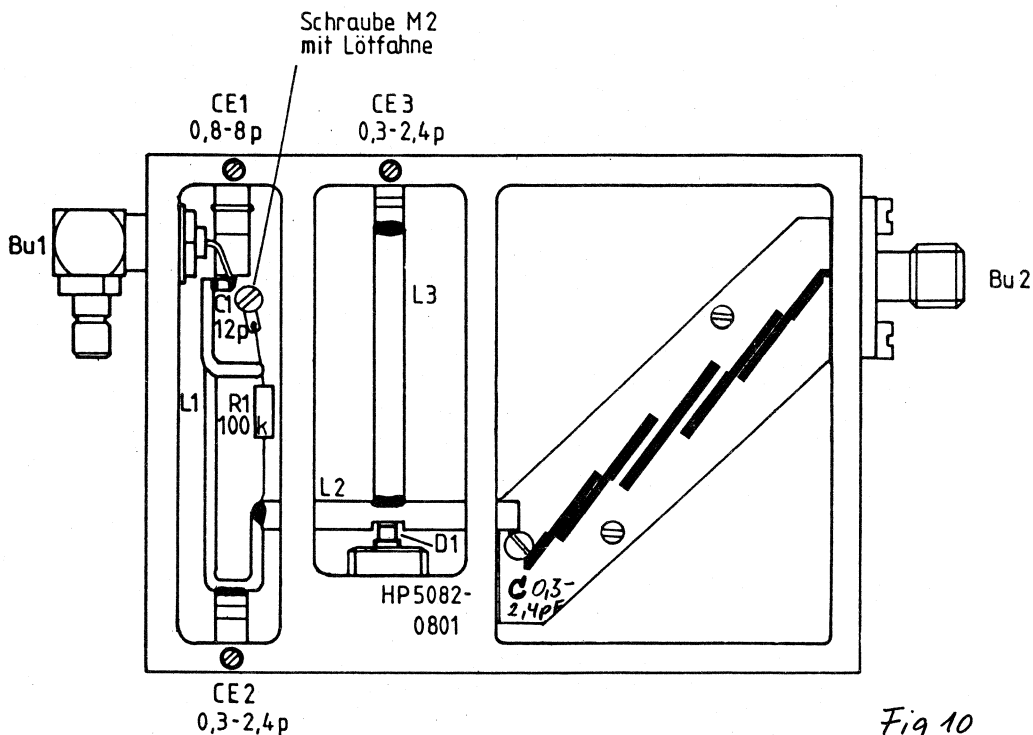


Fig 10

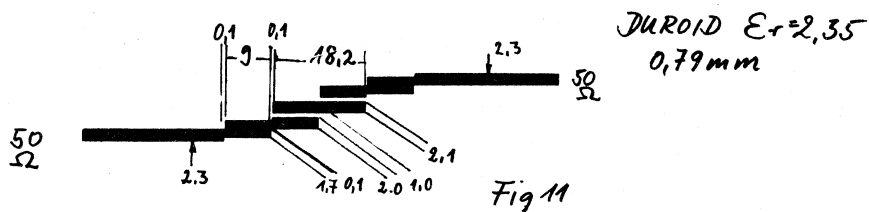


Fig 11



Fig 12



Fig 13

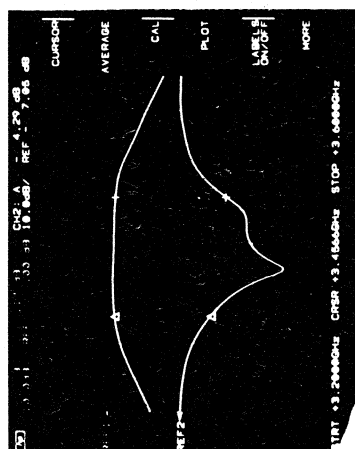


Fig 14

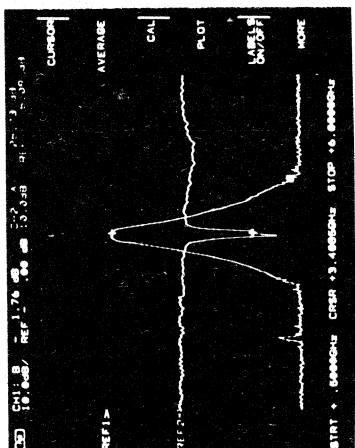


Fig 15

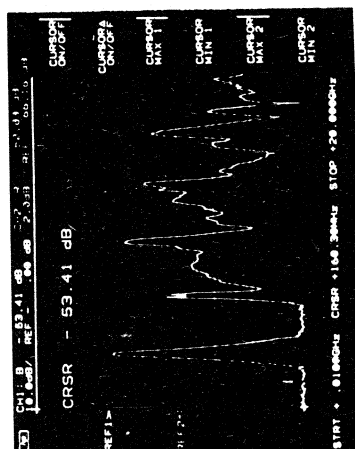


Fig 16

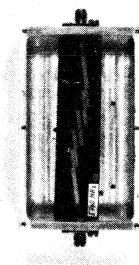


Fig 17

NOISE GENERATOR WITH BAT 31 =====

by Harald Fleckner, DC 8 UG

The circuit at fig. 1 is made on RT 5870 substrate with 0.79mm substrate, and has a special 10 GHz choke to avoid an ENR loss. The metal R has a value of 470 ohm or more. For wide-band using, the diode current has to be 15mA (144-10000 MHz). The diode is running with (min.) 28V from a constant current source. The ENR of about 35 dB (+/- 1dB) permitted the insertion of a 20 dB attenuator, so that you get a good matching to 50 ohm. Detailed description for amateurs by me.

D.: Die abgebildete Schaltung ist auf RT 5870 mit 0,79mm Substrat aufgebaut und besitzt eine spezielle 10 GHz Verdrosselung um einen ENR Abfall zu vermeiden. Der Metallfilmwiderstand R sollte mindestens 470 Ohm betragen. Für Breitbandbetrieb (144-10000 MHz) muß der Diodenstrom 15mA betragen. Die Diode wird über eine Konstantstromquelle mit mindestens 28V geschaltet. Die ENR von ca. 35 dB (+/- 1 dB) gestattet den Einsatz eines 20 dB Dämpfungsgliedes vor der Quelle. Hierdurch wird eine gute Anpassung an 50 Ohm erreicht. Nähere Angaben für interessierte AMATEURE gibt der Verfasser.

6cm AMPLIFIER =====

as pre-and low power amplifier

The circuit shown at fig. 2 uses the transistors of the MGF 1400 series. The circuit uses the same material as the other, RT 5870; h=0.79mm. At the input he can optimized to minimum noise or to maximum gain. For experiments it is better to do not print Z1 and Z2, but to make them out of 0.3mm copper stipes. Through slitting of Z1 and Z2 on the 50 ohm stripes it is possible to match the input to minimum noise or maximum gain. So it is also possible to compensate reactances in the output or input of following stages. Also other GaAs Fets can be matched by this way. The transformer are soldered very careful now at the experimental founded place (distance from the transistor). The source must be soldered to ground as short as possible. The negative pre voltage can be done by an IC or a battery.

The shown low power amplifier at fig. 3 uses the MGF 1801, input and output are 50 ohm. It is here also better to print not Z1 and Z2, but to test where they are belonging. So you can win some last dBs, and mostly input and output impedance are rare 50 ohm. Tuning is also possible with the drain current. More information also from transvetel with subharmonic mixer by DC8UG, Marksbürgerstr. 58, 5409 Becheln Tel. 02603/70709

D.: Der in Bild 2 dargestellte Verstärker arbeitet den Transistoren der MGF 1400 Reihe. Er ist auf RT-Duroid 5870 mit einer Trägerstärke von h=0,79mm aufgebaut. Eingangsseitig kann er auf Rausch/ oder Leistungsanpassung ausgelegt werden. Zu Experimentierzwecken ist es sinnvoller die 1/4 - Trafos Z1 und Z2 nicht zu printen, sondern aus ca. 0,3mm Kupferblechen herzustellen. Durch Verschieben von Z1 und Z2 auf der 50 Ohm Leitung die bis zum Transistor geht, kann der Verstärker auf Leistung bzw. Rauschen angepaßt werden. Das heißtes können so auch Blindwiderstände im Ausgang und Eingang der nachfolgenden Stufen mit kompensiert werden. Auch andere GaAs Fet Typen lassen sich so anpassen. Die Trafos werden dann in der experimentell gefundenen Stellung (=Abstand vom Transistor) festgelötet. Vorsichtiges hantieren und Gefühl ist notwendig! Die Source muß auf kürzestem Weg an Masse gelegt werden. Die negative Vorspannung kann durch ein IC oder durch eine Batterie erzeugt werden.

Der in Bild 3 dargestellte Kleinleistungsverstärker ist für den MGF 1801 ausgelegt, wobei Ein- und Ausgang auf 50 Ohm liegen. Auch hier bietet sich an, die 1/4 Trafos Z1 und Z2 nicht gleich mitzuprinten, sondern unter Test zu positionieren und festzulöten. So kann man letzte dBs holen, zumal 1 selten exakt 50 Ohm Ausgang- und Eingangswiderstände vorliegen.

DC 8 UG noise generator

ENR = 35 dB

1-10 GHz at 15mA ENR +/- 1 dB

external
20 dB DC-10 GHz

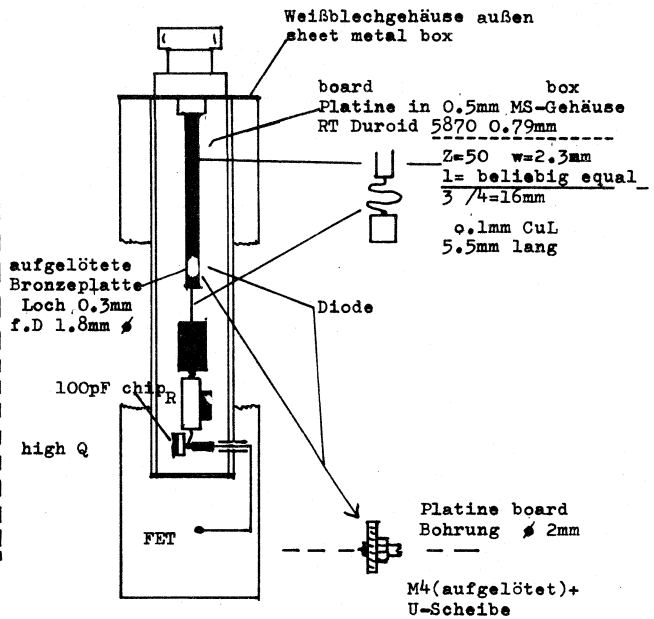
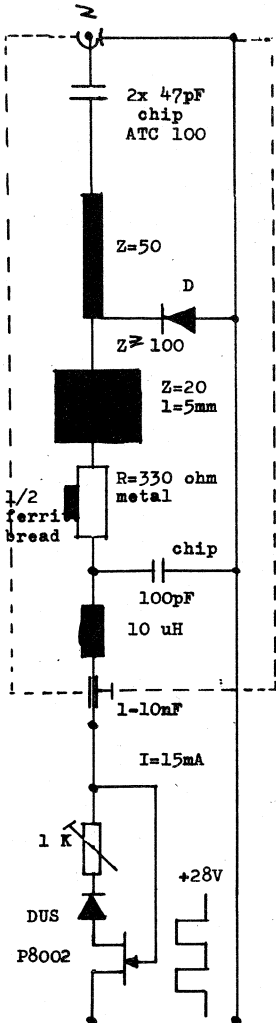
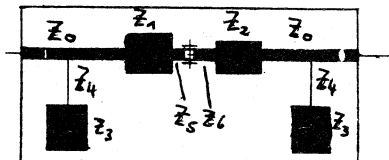


FIG.1

Diode von unten mit M4 Schraube durch Platine stecken und festschrauben
Dioden Gehäuse muß flach gegen die Bronzeplatte drücken
diode with M4 screw from lower side through the board
diode has to press flat against the bronze plate

Weitere Feinabstimmung kann mit Hilfe des Drainstromes erreicht werden.
 Nähere Angaben auch zum Aufbau von Transvertern mit Subharmonischen Mischer
 und mehrstufigen Verstärkern sind bei DC8UG, in 5409 Becheln, Markeburgstr.58
 Tel 02603/70709 Maßstab 1: 2 Sc_aale

fig.2



Layout MGR 1400-12

Vp max =11 dB

at 1400 , NF=3.3 dB at $Z_1=18 \text{ ohm}$

$Z_0=50 \text{ ohm}$ $l=$ equal beliebig

Z_1 noise =27 ohm; $w=6$ $l=10\text{mm}$

" power $\leq 18 \text{ ohm}$; $w=9$ $l=10\text{mm}$

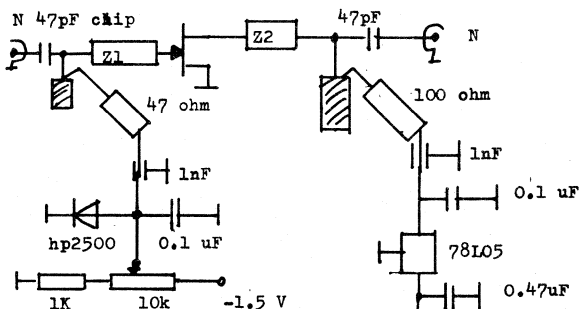
$Z_2=22 \text{ ohm}$; $w=7$ $l=10\text{mm}$

$Z_3=20 \text{ ohm}$; $w=9$ $l=10\text{mm}$

$Z_4=100 \text{ ohm}$ $w=0.3\text{mm}$ $l=11\text{mm}$

$Z_5=50 \text{ ohm}$ $l=2\text{mm}$

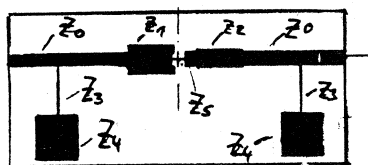
$Z_6=30 \text{ ohm}$ $l=4\text{mm}$



negative Spannung muß vor
 + anliegen!!
 negative voltage has to be
 switched on before + !!!

FIG. 2

power amplifier for 6cm



Layout MGR 1801

$I=100\text{mA}$ $U_{ds}=6\text{V}$

$Z_0=50 \text{ ohm}$ $w=2.3\text{mm}$ $l=$ equal

$Z_1=25 \text{ ohm}$ $w=6.5\text{mm}$ $l=10\text{mm}$

$Z_2=37 \text{ ohm}$ $w=4 \text{ ohm}$ $l=$

$Z_3=100 \text{ ohm}$ $w=0.3\text{mm}$ $l=11\text{mm}$

$Z_4=20 \text{ ohm}$ $w=9\text{mm}$ $l=10\text{mm}$

$Z_5=50 \text{ ohm}$ $w=2.3 \text{ ohm}$ $l=3\text{mm}$

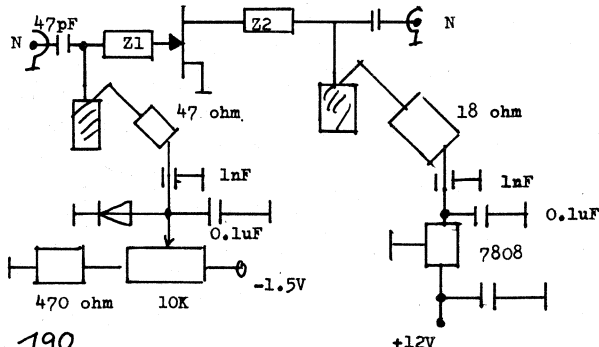


FIG. 3

Low Noise GaAs FET's

NEC offers: The NE700 is a low cost GaAs FET featuring low noise figures and high associated gain thru 18 GHz. 0.7dB noise figure with 14dB gain at 4 GHz, and 1.9dB noise figure at 12 GHz with 9dB gain. The chip's 0.5 micron gate and channel are glassivated with a thin layer of SiO₂ for mechanical protection. All bounding pads use a Ti-Pt-Au metallization system.

The NE710 features a super low noise figure and high associated gain thru K band by employing a recessed 0.3 micron gate and triple epitaxial technology. 0.6db nf Ga=14dB at 4 GHz, 1dB nf Ga=11dB at 8 GHz, 1.6dB nf Ga=9.5dB at 12 GHz, 2.1dB nf Ga=7.5dB at 18 GHz and 3.5dB nf Ga=5.5dB at 26 GHz!!

NE41137 low cost (below 20,--DM) is a N-channel GaAs dual gate MES FET. Features: Low Crss 0.03pf Gps 20dB and 1.3dB noise figure at 900 MHz. The S-parameter are specified for this transistor up to 4 GHz.

Fujitsu announce a low noise low cost GaAs FET typed FSC10LF with nf 0.6dB at 4 GHz and 13dB associated gain. The FSC series are 0.5 micron recessed gate N-channel gallium arsenide Schottky barrier field effect transistors designed for low noise application in L, S and C bands.

Power FET's for the 70cm band

Power FETs for the 70cm band are now available from Siliconix. UPM1 gives 5W rf at 10 dB gain. 30V Drain Voltage. UPM2 10W rf at 7dB gain. Total device dissipation is 40W.

Fujitsu offers now 2 new designed GaAs FET's fro 2300MHz use. FLL50MJ 36dBm rf output at 10dB gain and FLL100MJ 39dBm rf (10W!) at 8dB gain.

Bipolar Power on 1300 MHz

New bipolar low cost transistors from NEC NEL1306 and NEL1320 are available. NEC's NEL1300 series of NPN epitaxial power transistors are designed for mobile and base station in 1300 MHz band. This series is available in low cost package offering power levels of 6 and 20W. The series provides high linear gain, high linear power and high resistance to burn-out with load mismatch. NEL1306: P1dB=38dBm G=7.5dB, NEL1320 P1=43dBm at 6dB gain. Pt-Si/TiPt/Au metallization system. Emitter ballasting and silicon nitride passivation. Collector Efficiency at Vss =13.5V and f=1300 MHz typ. 55% at NEL1306 and 60% at NEL1320.

Negative Gate Voltage Supply For GaAs FET's

are realized on an easy way using the Intersil voltage converter chip ICL7660. This chip (8 pol dual inline package) produces from a positive stabilized voltage in the range up to 10 Volts a negative up to 40 mA output current. The IC needs only 2 tantalum 10 µF capacitors and the price is below 10,-- DM.

A lot of new microwave semiconductor products appeared on the marked now. In the next issue of DUBUS we will inform you about the news of matched GaAs power FET devices in the 3 to 12 GHz range. About detailed informations, of the here discribed semiconductors, and prices write to DL7QY.

Activity Reports

DJ5AP/p (EH11h) worked on 3456 MHz on 2nd July 83: DB3UU 56 54 in EJ34f 190 km, DL3NQ 57 56 in EJ34i 196 km, DK4GD 59 59 in EH03c 41 km, DL7QY 559 579 in FJ61e 209 km and on 3rd July DK0PX 59 59 in EI74b 61 km.

DC9XO (EM14a) reports: following stations were worked on 23cm: 18th June OZ1HDA ER, OZ9SL FP, G4BYV AM, G8FMK ZL, G3DY ZM, G3ZUD ZM, G4KIY ZM, G4LRT ZM, G4FRE AL, G8PNN ZP, G8ZQP ZM, G3APY ZN, G3NNG ZL, G8GRT ZM, G3OSS ZL, G3GIM ZL, G8PSF ZL, SM6HYG FS, G8ULU AL, G3ZEZ AL, G8DKK ZL, G3COJ ZL, G5DS ZL, G4PEC ZP, G4KCT ZN, G6DER ZN, G8BJG AL, G8SFI ZN, G4CCH ZN, G8MWR ZM, G8HPU AM, GW3CCF YN, G3TDG AL, G3DAH AL, GW8UCQ/p YL, G4TXG YM, G8FUO ZL, G3ZQU AM, G4ROB ZN, G4CMV ZM. On 19th June: DL7APV GM, OZ7LX FP, G8TFI YL, G4STO ZN, G3JXN ZL and ON600 in CL. On 2nd July: OZ9SL FP, DF0SG EK, PA0JRS/A CK, PE1DAP CK, G4ANT/p AM, ON7WR/A CK, DK00X EI, DK2DB EI, DJ6GQ EI, PE0MAR/p CL and on 3rd July DL7QY FJ and OE9XXI/9 EH. Working condx at Manfred DC9XO on 23cm: TS120V and transverter, MGF1402 in front, PA 2 times 2C39 and 4 times 23el longvagi (F9FT) in a square. Feetlineloss abt. 1.5dB. The antenna is located abt 12m above ground level and 60m a.s.l. Manfred wkd during the Contest 18/19. June 95 Stations with a score of 38969 points, 26 QTH squares and 7 countries.

Here follows a list of stations he worked on 13cm: 30th May DK0NA FK, 4th June PA0GUS/p CN. On 18th June: DF9LN FO, DL3NI DL, PE0AGO DM, PE1DPX DM, DK0NA FK, DL4BV DN, G4BYV AM, PE1AEO CM, DC4BK EN, G4LRT ZM, PA0FRE CL, SM6HYG FS, G3LOR AM, G4LOJ AM, PA0WWM CM, DD2EK DL, DB4LT FO, OZ9SL FP (.5W only 56 58!). On 19th June: PA0GUS CN, G8VLL AM, PA0CRA CM, G8LMW ZM, DD8BD DM. On 2nd July: DF9LN FO, DF0SG/p EK, PA0JRS/A CK, PE1DPX DM, DC4BK EN, PA3BPC/p CM, PE0MAR/p CL and PA0EZ in CM. On 3rd July DC0DA DL and DL0SHF FO. Discription of the 13cm equipment: Driver SE401 2m Transceiver, RX front end 2x MGF1402, TX 2W transistor driver (BF068) into a 2C39BA abt. 25W rf, 0.9m parabol 10m a.q.l. and 58m a.s.l. Feetlineloss abt 3dB. Manfred told me that he will be grv on 9cm as soon as possible. Tks fer info Manfred.

DB2VY (DJ56a) wkd on 2320 MHz on 8th June PA0CRA 519 519 CM75a and on 9th July DL7QY 52 42 FJ61e. He writes... DK8VR and myself have been grv during the Microwave Contest in June from DJ26a on 23 and 13 cm using a 1.2m parabol and BFR34a in front, TX 5 W rf on 13 cm. Only 5 QSO's were made. 19th June: DF1EQ 59 57 DL76a 153 km, DC6TV 59 59 DK16g 120 km, DL3NI 54 41 DL47h 195 km, DK51E 52 58 EJ72c 118 km and DJ9VS 59 57 EJ33a 102 km.

DB2VY is planning to activate the "DJ" square also on 9 cm. He hopes to complete his 9 cm station in time of the UHF contest in October.

DK6AS (FM44d) wkd via Tropo on 23cm: 12th Jan. 1983. DK0NA FK and DL7APV GM. On 23rd G8PNN ZP and PA0QHN CM. On 24th OZ20E EP, DC8QB EO, DC0LY EO, DH0LAC FO, OZ1FEF EQ and OZ9SL FP.

DL7QY (FJ61e) wkd on 23cm 5th June 1983: F1KNO/p BH20c 51 51, F6HLD/p CG55a 519 519, F1FEN/p CF74c 51 51. On 19th June DL6WT/p DJ09b 51 52. On 3rd July F1EA DI39j 57 57, HB9AMH/p DH66c 59 59, PA3CLS/LX CJ20b 53 54, F6KNO BH20c 52 52. On 14th July F1KBF/p AJ14j 51 52. On 15th July ON1JE BL80f 57 55, F1DME BI12j 51 54. On 27th July PE1HWO CL03e 42 52

and LX2RV DJ31h 59 59. On 22nd Aug. F6HVH/p DI47j 53 53. Stn: TX 146 MHz IF, 2x 2C39 abt 170W rf, RX NE720 GaAs FET and 1.75m parabol DL70Y feed, 5m feedline.

On 2320 MHz on 19th June DK8SG EI13j 59 59. On 2/3. July DJ9VS EJ33a 419 519. DK0NA FK58b 57 56. DC9BU/A EK60b 59 59. DL6NAQ EK60b 55 59. OE1ERC/9 FH41h 59 59. DJ5AP/p EH11h 57 57. DK0HT/p EK53d 53 52. DF0SG/p EK34e 54 54. DK00X EI13j 59 57. DL9GU EJ33a 52 55. OK1KIR/p GK45d 559 529. OE9XXI/9 EH39c 59 59 and DK2UO DL74e 529 549. On 9th July DB2VY DJ56a 42 52 and DC9XO EM14a 53 53. On 27th July LX2RV DJ31h 54 59 (0.5W rf). Stn:TX 146 MHz IF, driver transistorized 5 stage 2x NEL2303 parallel PA 7W rf into a single 2C39BA with 50W rf, RX 2 stage preamp using NE720 GaAs FET and 1.75m parabol.

On 3456 MHz on 19th June DK0NA FK58b 52 55 and on 2nd July DJ5AP/p EH11h 579 559. Stn:TX 146 MHz IF, transmitter transistorized 5 stages GaAs FET NE720-NE720-NEL8001-NEL8004-FLM3742/5 6W rf output. rx: frontend 2 times NE720 GaAs FET and antenna 1.75m parabol. Stn on 6cm band is quite similar to 9cm also fully transistorized using GaAs FET's up to the PA with 6 W rf output.

DF5JJ(DL44e) wkd on 23cm Tropo: 11th June PE1HGD DN on 18th June DK8VR/a DJ, DL6WT/p DJ, DK0NA FK, DC9XO EM, DK3UC/p FN, DK0HT/p EK and DJ66Q EI. On 19th June: OZ1QZ EP (1W), G4KCT ZN, G3JXN ZL, G4STO ZN, G4LRT ZM, PA0GUS CN, DF9LN FO and OZ7LX FP. On 2nd July G4NXO/p AL, DJ9PC DI, DJ5AP/p EH and DL70Y FJ. On 11th July G8ULU AL, G3FHG AL, G8ECI AN, G4KCT ZN and G8HVU AM. On 12th July G8FUO ZL, F6DWG BJ, G4PEC ZP, OZ1HDA ER and LA3VW ES. On 14th July DC3XY EN. On 3456 MHz 22nd July DC0DA 58/539. Now grv on 9cm with .7m parabol and abt 0.2W rf output. For Tropo skeds call: 02135/64990.

F1FHI(ZH) writes.....I try to be grv in autumn 1983 on 2320 MHz, but we were allowed only to listen on 2320 MHz and have to transmit on 2304 MHz!

G4FRE(AL07b) worked on 23cm (5W rf MGF1400 preamp and 26el qly) on 6th June: G8PNN ZP52d 55 59 On 18th June DC0LY E018a 59 57, PA3BGL CN70a 59 59, OZ20E EP10f 529 519, DC9XO EM14a 58 41 and DF9LN FO61a 59 59. On 19th June DF8DO DL47h 51 51 and G6DER ZN33c 59 59. On 8th Aug. GM4KNN/p in YQ and on 19th Aug. ON1HAQ in CK On 2320 MHz (TX 0.3W MGF1400 preamp and 42 el qly): 18th June G4LRT ZM45d 55 55 and DF9LN FO61a 55 519. On 25th June PA0CRA cm75a 599 519. GW4FRE/p (YN75f) heard 13.8. G3LQR AM, PA0QHN CM and GB3LES ZM. Wkd G3WDG ZM65d 559 539 using 2.5W 1.2m dish, qth 1860 feet asl. G4FRE/p(AL07a) worked on 3456 MHz (TX 1.25W rf output 2x NE645 preamp 0.8m dish) on 26th June: G3LQR AM67b 59 59, PA2DRV/A CL03c 599 599, PE1GHG CL03c 599 599, PA3BPC CM66b 599 589, PA2DOL CL03a 59 589 and PE1CKK CM66b 599 559. G4FRE/p from AM78f worked on 10 GHz (TX0.5 mW CW/SSB from G3JVL Xverter + .6m dish) on 26th June PA3BPC CM66b 59 54 256 km, PA0EZ CM66b 59 56, PA2DRV/A CL03c 59 519 215 km, PE1GHG CL03c 58 519, G3LQR AM67b 55 549 23 km, PA2DOL CL03j 59 529 210 km and PE1CKK CM66b 589 419.

G4BYV(AM) writes:...I now have a 1.8 m dish with DL70Y feed. I had just put it up when the DX in June came. My best DX on 3456 MHz: On 18th June DF9LN FO 55 55 623 km. On 19th June DC9XG EN 59 59. On 24th June DK1ZD EO 59 59. On 24th June SM6HYG heard me 59 (903 km!) but he had TX problems so only one way QSO. On 6cm I heard DC9XG (558 km) 100 mW beacon at 52, but no replay (bad receiver?!?).

PA0PLY(CM54f) wkd during the Contest 3rd July >400 km on 23cm: G4JAR/p YK, DK5IV EJ, DK00X EI, F1KAW/p DI, DL5GBG/p EI, G4THI ZN, G3AKF/p ZL,

OE1ERC/9 FH, OE9XXI/9 EH, DJ9PC DI, DL0UH FO.

On 2320 MHz >200 km: G3LQR AM, G4BYV AM, OE9ERC/9 FH (heard), DL9GU EJ (heard), DF9LN FO (heard).

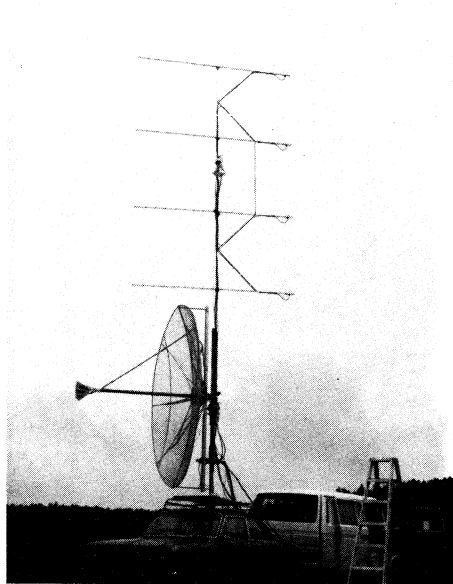
On 10368 MHz G3LQR AM 250 km. Under Contests we are regulary qrv from a tower 150m asl nearly Amsterdam from 70cm up to 3cm.

PA0KDV(DN71f) writes: I am now regulary qrv on 23cm with 70W, MGF1400 and 16 el 15m asl, near future 1.9m dish. Wkd on 23cm 27th July DJ9XD FN, DK3UC FN and DC4BK EN. On 30th July GM4NBS/p YP, OZ2OE EP, OZ7LX FP, DK1KR FN, SM7DEZ GP, LA6LCA FT and SM6HYG FS. On 31st July G8FEZ AL, 7th Aug. GM4KNZ/p YQ, 8th Aug. GM8AAP/p YQ, G8VLL AM, G4BYV AM, G6CBN ZO, G8SFI ZN and GM4KNZ/p YQ. Hope to get 13cm as well qrv in near future: 20W MGF1402 and 1.9m dish.

PA0EZ(CM66b) schreibt: LA ist jetzt qrv auf 13cm. LABAE hat 0.5W und LABAK 0.1W. Die OM's werden bald eine Endstufe haben. Auf 13 cm ist jetzt endlich mehr Aktivitaet in OZ gekommen. Auf 3 cm immer noch nichts neues, wegen mangelnder Aktivitaet, speziell in DL. Die Bake DL000 ist hier regelmaessig aus DL07 auf 3cm zu hoeren. Mit den QTH Feldern AM und AL geht es auch immer, aber das ist ueber die Nordsee und nur etwa 50 km Land.

LABAK(DS80b) writes: QRV now in Norway on 13 cm: in FT LA6LCA 100 mW SSB, LABAE 500 mW SSB, DS LABAK 50 mW. All use 1.2 m dishes.

LABAK wkd on 1296 MHz on 12th July at 2323z F6CER 529 529 BI34q and at 2320z ON1JE 53 53 in BL80f. On 9th July on 2320.2 MHz at 2010 SM6HYG 59 419 in FS58f.



OE1ERC/9(FH41h) photograph beside, qrv on 70-, 23- and 13cm. (70cm: 4x 19el F9FT TX 60W RX MGF1402, 23cm 3m dish TX 200 W RX MGF1412, 2320 MHz 3m dish TX 30W and RX MGF1412). wkd during Contest 2/3. July on 23cm >500 km: DL1EBR DL, PA0CRA CM, ON7WRA CK, DK0SM/p EM, PE0MAR CL, PA0EZ CM and PA0FLY/A CM. On 2320 MHz >300 km DF0SG/p EK, DB1PM DK, OK1KIR/p GK, DC8VJ DL, DK2UD DL, DF1EQ DL, PE0MAR CL, PA0EZ CM and PA0CRA CM. PE0MAR was odx with 657 km and first OE / PA on 13 cm.

OZ3ZW(FO) wkd on 23cm via Tropo: On 25th Feb. DL40X FM43j, on 18th June DL1EBR DL11b, 19th June DC9XD EM14a, DB6BX DM64c, PA0TGA CL19c, ON600 CL54c, DF9LN FO61a, ON6UG BL79q, PA0FRE CL03j. On 25th June DC4BK EN, DB3HM EN40a. On 9th June DK2UD/OZ ER71e and on 15th July DB6BX DM46c.

SP9FG(JJ70b) writes: On 31st of July I was able to hear the 23 cm beacon DB0VC in F051 with 599 between 0525 and 0925 gmt.

SM6HYG(FS58b) writes:....First I want to inform you about our 2 beacons that have questionmarks in last DUBUS: SK6UJH is QRT because we have no

permission to move it to 2320.800 MHz instead of 2304.800, and as no one is listening on 2304 any more it is no need to keep that beacon qrv. We hope that we get permission for the shift in frequency soon. It is rather silly because we are allowed to work 2320 since long time. The SK6SHG 10368.800 is beaming south (180°). I am also qrv now on 3456 MHz until the end of 1983 now. TX RW4 TWTA abt. 16W rf. RX MGF1402 interdigital conv. and 1.5m dish+DL7QY feedhorn.

LABAE(FT) writes:...let me tell you abt 13cm in Norway: It looks like the 13cm will be officially opened here very soon (Aug/Sept). It also looks like we will be able to work on 2320 MHz! Three LA's have been given a preliminary permit and are now qrv on 13 cm: LABAK, LA6LCA and LABAE. LA6LCA dnd LABAE work with SSB Electronic transverters. LABAK with homebrew. LA6LCA has worked SM6HYG and OZ8WK as first contacts. On July 30 I worked PE1CQO in DM and DK3UC in FN as first contacts. In addition I also worked DF9LN in FO, PA0EZ in CM, DB4LT in EO and DC9XD in EM. I have previously worked LA6LCA in FT, SM6HYG in FS and OZ8WK in ER bringing the total up to 9 squares. As for the future 6 cm is also in the works! For skeds call me at any time, priv.34 58809 or grl 34 61000. 73de Ole LABAE

A pair of parabolic ridgeds available from DB9SB for the discribed "Multi Octave Radiator" by DL7QY in DUBUS 2/80 page 66. Price for a pair is 30.-- DM. Contact DB9SB, Manfred Muehlbacher, Ringstr. 2, D-7189 Frankendardt 1, West Germany. Tel: 07959/2122. Ein Paar Parabolstege fuer den oben erwaehten Strahler sind fuer 30.-- DM bei DB9SB erhaeltlich.

Now here following some more Microwave informations from The Shortwave Magazine issued in Sept. 1983:

G4NBS, was one of the team that went to Scotland recently. They operated from X010f on July 24/25; X080d on 26-28 and YP20j on 29/30. Heavy rain then messed things up so they returned home on Aug. 2. On 23cm 21 QSO's were completed from X0; 18 from X0 and from YP. 21 different U.K. stations were worked, plus 12 FAs, 6 Ds and an OZ. G4KIY, G4KGC, G3JXN, G8AGU and GNOQ were worked from all sides.

From RAD COM issue Sept. 1983: G3LTF (AL) finally installed his 2.3 GHz equipment on his tower, just in time for the July lift. He worked the following stations in a space of a few days: PA0WWM CM, PA2DOL CL, PA0FRE CL, G4FRE AL, PE1H00 DN, PE1DPX DM, G4LRT ZM, G3WDG ZM and 2 stations in DL. G3WDG (ZM) put up a temporary antenna for the lift, and worked G3LQR as well as G3LTF, on 2.3 GHz. The PA00HN beacon was also heard, but unfortunately there were no Dutch stations on the band at that time! SM6HYG has a permit to operate on 3456 MHz, and this resulted in what is probably a new record for this band, when he worked G3LQR on 11 July, over a 924 km path. The same night, they also worked on 5.7 GHz, which must also have been a new record. However, a few minutes later the record was broken again, when SM6HYG worked G3ZEZ over a distance of 978 km!

G8PSF was active on 1.3 GHz during the June lift, with 600 mW and a 15/15 el yagi. Despite the low power, he made a number of very interesting QSO's. On 18 June, he began the evening by hearing GB3BFO at needlebending strenght, as well as PA0QHN and DB0VC. His first QSO was with PA3BGL (S9 report received), followed by DC9XD and then a very exciting QSO at 2222 qmt with OZ7UX (FO) at 825 km (S5 received). Adrian notes that one can achieve excellent results on 1.3 GHz with low power when condx are good -- what chance would you have to work this sort of DX on 144 MHz with 600 mW?

Tropo News

2m: > 500 km
70cm: > 300 km

by DL7ACG

2m 2m 2m 2m 2m 2m 2m 2m 2m

DC8QB (E038d) wkd:

14.7.	LA5XAA CS	31.7.	SP6BQA IK	OK1YA/p HJ
TD1BP0 BJ	GB4CDD ZN	OK1KSD/p HK	UB5DAA/p LJ	Y25IL/p HL
F1FYE/p AI	LA9ZV FT	OK1MAC HJ	OK10AZ HK	SP6GZZ IL
30.7.	OK2BFH JJ	OK1DIG HK	OK1KFB/p HJ	
GM8TIC/p YP	OK1AMO HK	OK1AIY/p HK		

tnx fer info, Andy

DF5BL (DM37d) wkd > 800 km:

8.3. G3DAO XK tnx fer info, Hannelore

DF9PY/p (DK65g) wkd:

4.6.	12.6.	7.8.	YT3V HF	IK4CTR/4 FE
F1KLO/p AF	OE3KSU HH	SP6ASD HL	YT3A HF	I4MJQ/6 GD
F6GNR ZH	IW2BXY/4 EE	I2FHW EE	I4ERN GE	I4TDK FE
F1DPX ZH	I4EAT GD	YT3N HG	YU3UAN GF	I1KTC/4 EE
OE3RLC HH		YU2AAX/2 GF	YT3B GF	

DF9PY/p (DK64b) wkd:

8.5. I4IND/4 FE 3.7. I2XAV/2 EE I1AXE/1 DE tnx fer info

DG1BP (DN37h) wkd > 700 km:

18.6.	24.6.	30.7.	11.8.	25.8.
G4CBW YN	GM6JUK YR	GW6NLP YN	LA9UX FU	LA9UX FU
GW4GSS YN	GM6KXS YR	8.8.	SM7FXH GU	28.8.
20.6.	3.7.	GB2XN XN	SM7FFH IT	GD800B XO
GM8DIN ZR	GW3GSS YN	9.8.	24.8.	GI6DRK WO
GM6KXS YR	12.7.	GB2XN XN	GM4LER ZU	GI4CXH/p XO
GM6KJD/p YR	LA1HCA CU	10.8.	GM4LBE ZU	GI4SXV WO
GM6IUE/p ZR	14.7.	LA3F FT		EISA00 VN
GM3JFR XR	F8DP CG	SM4MNE GT		
	PA0DOM/	LA9UX FU		
	SM1 JQ			

tnx fer info, Arend

DL7YS (GM46b) wkd > 700 km:

2.7.	3.7.	F6FMR ZJ	SM5MIX hrd	SP4DCS/4 KN
HG1W/p IH	HB9GT EH	F1KSL/p CI	8.8.	UQ2GGD KQ
IV3HWT/3 GG	HB9AC/p DG	8.7.	SM7IWG HR	SP2FAV JO
	HB9AJ DH	OZ1CFO ER		

tnx fer info, Peter

DB1LH (F042f) wkd >800 km:

<u>23.1.</u>		G60ES	ZM	G4MAB	ZN	G6F0B	ZN	<u>24.1.</u>
G8HQA	ZL	GW6EUT/p	YM	G6JSZ	ZN	G3HDT	YP	SM3COL IW
G3BRA	YP	GW4GSS	YN	GM8UPI	YP	GM80EG	YQ	SM5LMT HU
G3TGL	ZM	GW6NLP	YN	GM6KXS	YR	GM6JUK	YR	SM7KFF IT
G4MEK	ZN	G4KLX	ZN	GM8BZX	YQ	GM8MBP	YR	SK0LM IT
G6IDC/p	YN	G6AUS	YM	G8UHU	ZN			
GW6EUR/p	YM	G6LZC	ZN					

tnx fer info, Carsten

EA3LL (AB56b) wkd >1000 km:

<u>31.5.</u>		IW9ANS	GX	<u>9.7.</u>		<u>23.7.</u>		IW8AFO	HB
9H1BT	HV	IK0CAJ	GB	IW9AJZ/		9H1ED	HV	IP0CP/O	GB
9H1E/A	HW	<u>10.6.</u>		IH9	GW	9H1FN	HV	<u>25.7.</u>	
9H4P	HW	9H5T	HV	IK8AUC	HB	9H1GB	HV	IP0IO	GB
<u>1.6.</u>		IT9VHS	GY	<u>10.7.</u>		9H1GP	HV	<u>27.7.</u>	
9H1BT	HV	9H1CD	HV	9H1BT	HV	9H1B	HV	I8LPR	HB
9H4P	HW	9H1BT	HV	9H1CG	HV	IW0AIJ	GB	<u>29.7.</u>	
9H1E/A	HW	9H4P	HW	9H1GB	HV	I0SVS	GC	I8CEE	HA
<u>5.6.</u>		9H1CG	HV	IT9WGZ	GY	IW0BNM/O	GB	<u>31.7.</u>	
9H1BT	HV	9H1ES	HV	9H1BW	HV	I2SRM/8	HA	I4MKN	GE
9H1CD	HV	IC8EGJ	HA	I8LPR	HB	I8LPR	HB	9H1GB	HV
9H1GB	HV	IT9DQZ	GY	<u>11.7.</u>		I2KSX/8	HY	<u>7.8.</u>	
9H4P	HW	<u>11.6.</u>		9H1BT	HV	<u>24.7.</u>		IT9ZRQ/	
9H1B	HV	9H1BT	HV	9H1GB	HV	9H5V	HV	IF9	GY
9H1E/A	HW	<u>24.6.</u>		<u>13.7.</u>		I0AKP	GB	IT9ZGY	GY
9H1ES	HV	9H1BT	HV	I8WY	HA	IW0AKA	GB	<u>15.8.</u>	
9H1BW	HV	I8WY	HA	<u>16.7.</u>		I0YLI	GB	IW4ARD	GE
IW9ANS	GX	<u>4.7.</u>		I8LPR	HB	IT9TVF	GY	I4RSH	GE
<u>9.6.</u>		9H1BT	HV	<u>17.7.</u>		I0KHY	GB		
9H1BT	HV			I8LPR	HB				
IT9VHS	GY			<u>18.7.</u>					
				I8WY	HA				

tnx fer info

G4FRE (AL07a) wkd:

<u>6.6.</u>		OZ9PW	EQ	PA0KDV	DN	OZ1CFO	ER	GM5DTB	ZR
G4JHV	YO	OZ1HRA	EQ	<u>20.6.</u>		<u>21.6.</u>		<u>25.6.</u>	
G8PNN	ZP	DF0IRK/p	EN	DC6ZZ/A	EO	OY9JD/p	WW	DL7AN	DN
<u>18.6.</u>		PA3BGL	CN	LA6HL	CS	1224 km		DF6HT	FN
OZ1DPR	EP	DD2QM	EO	OZ1FJJ	FR	GM8BDX	YP	DH0DAR	FN
OZ1HXM	EP	OZ2VM	GP						

tnx fer info, Dave

DN4YZ (CK53e) wkd >900 km:

<u>21.6.</u>		LA8EW	DS	LA1JU	ES	PA00OM/		<u>15.7.</u>	
GM3WCA	YR	LA3BAA	DS	LA7BI	ES	SM1 JQ		PA00OM/	
<u>13.7.</u>		<u>14.7.</u>		LA2SN	ES	SM6JDO	GQ	SM1 JQ	
LA1BM	CT	LA8DY	DS						

tnx fer info, Paul

PA2REH (CM54h) wkd >700 km:

<u>25.6.</u>		<u>12.7.</u>		<u>14.7.</u>		SK7VHF	hrd	SM7MBH	HP
Y22HA	GO	LA1BM	CT	PA00OM/					
		SM6MNS	GR	SM1 JQ					
		OZ6FH	ER	OZ3VHF	hrd				

tnx fer info, Eric

OZ1EYX (GQ73h) wkd:

<u>5.7.</u>	<u>12.7.</u>	<u>7.8.</u>	<u>13.8.</u>
OH1AV/SM3/MM IU	TO2YT BK	UR2RQN KS6pc	LA5X EW
OHØBA KU	TO1BPØ BJ	UP2BJB LP	
OH1AU/MM JV74	F6FLV BI	<u>12.8.</u>	
SKØLM IT	SM3LBN IU		tnx fer info

OZ3ZW (F018e) wkd:

<u>22.6.</u>	G6RBI/A ZO	GB2SDS ZM	<u>12.7.</u>	F9LT AI
UP2BKQ KP	<u>25.6.</u>	G4KLX ZN	TO1BPØ BJ	F1FYE/p AI
UP2BJB LP	G8LJU YM	GW4EAI YL	ON7EG/A BK	F6BBD BI
UQ2GGD KQ	G8GAU ZN	G4SFY AM	<u>14.7.</u>	F18BD BJ
RQ2GGS LQ	G8RBY ZM	G4DHF ZM	F1CYB BH	F6FJE BI
UQ2GCI KQ	G8VFX ZN	<u>11.7.</u>	F6FLV BI	F6GED BK
SP1AAV IO	G8GSG ZL	PAØØØM/		
<u>23.6.</u>	G6LTH ZL	SM1 JQ		
G4PLZ ZN	G3UNU ZM			tnx fer info, Torben

PA2CHR (CLØ9b) wkd > 700 km:

<u>13.7.</u>	<u>7.8.</u>	GM3WCS YQ	SM4MNE GT	SM4LLP HT
LA1HCA CU	GM3OUR/p YQ	GM8QEG YQ	SK6HD GS	LA9ZV FT
LA3BAA DS	<u>8.8.</u>	<u>10.8.</u>	SM4COK HT	SM6MFA GS
PAØØØM/	GM8MJV YP	I2FAK EF	SM6CJG GT	SM6LIF GR
SM1 JQ	GM8ZEQ YR	SM4HEJ GT	LA9UX FU	SM5CAK HS
<u>31.7.</u>	GM4SOG/A YR	SM6JLZ GS	SM5MIX HS	SM6OEF/6 GS
SM6NQE GR	GM4UFD ZR	LA9LS DS	<u>11.8.</u>	<u>13.8.</u>
SM5AKU HT	GM3WTA YR	SM4KXA GT	LA1BM CT	ØE5KE HI
SM6MNS GR	GM4ILS YR	SM4KYN HT		
SK7HW/7 HR	GM8LHP YR	SM6GWA FS		tnx fer info

YU2JL (HØ3Øa) wkd > 700 km:

<u>7.5.</u>	IW9AOR HY	IT9DQZ/9 GY	<u>3.7.</u>	<u>12.7.</u>
ØK3CPZ/p KJ	<u>2.6.</u>	IT9TDN HY	KG9KØB/p KI	IW9AJZ/
<u>8.5.</u>	IT9TDN HY	I1ANP/1 EE	<u>6.7.</u>	IH9
IT9TQH/9 HX	IW9AOR HY	IW9AJZ/9 GY	F1JG CD	IT9TDN HY
F1BAV DD	IW8PCW HY	<u>5.6.</u>	F1EYB CD	IT9DTU/9 HY
ØK1KHI HK	<u>3.6.</u>	IT9XJJ GY	<u>8.7.</u>	IT9JLU/9 HY
<u>21.5.</u>	IT9TDN HY	ØK1ATQ HK	F1FEN CF	<u>16.7.</u>
TO1BAV DD	IW9AOR HY	ØK1MBS HK	<u>11.7.</u>	IW9AJZ/
I1DMP DF	<u>4.6.</u>	<u>18.6.</u>	IT9ØPF GX	IH9 FW
<u>1.6.</u>	IT9JLG GY	F6EBF DD	IK1BXW DD	IW9AOR HY
F6FXP DD	IØ9DWV/9 GY		<u>17.7.</u>	
	IT9VHS/9 GY		F8ØP CG	

The best things are QSO's with IT9's, rst at least S9 except when antenna was out of direction only. IW9AJZ/IH9 (QRB abt 850 km) all days heard with S9 (his pwr was 10 W only).

I am qrv all weekends for tropo and M5, looking for EH,FH,EI,DG... but all proposals for sked are welcome. Equipment here: TX-200 W out, RX-MGF1200/3SK97, ANT-8x10ele DL6WU yagi.

Address: Slobodan Bukvić, YU-59000 Šibenik, Vilsonova 4.

tnx fer info, Boban

70cm 70cm 70cm 70cm 70cm 70cm 70cm 70cm

DC8QB (E038d) wk d:

14.7. F1DQK BI LA8AK DS 31.7. OK1AGI HK
 F1CVU AJ GJ8KNV YJ G8PNN ZP OE5EFM HI
 F1DZB ZJ 30.7.
 F1BGN AJ G8TFI/p YP tnx fer info, Andy

DK6AS (FM44d) wk d:

18.2. G3NWU ZO ON4ASL BL G4FXW ZN G3SEK ZL tnx, Andreas

DL7QY (FJ61e) wk d:

5.6. 14.7. F1FHI ZH LA8AE FT SM7CMY GP
 F6AKV/p DF ON4ASL BL F6APE ZH OZ2OE EP SK4MPI hrd
 F1FEN/p CF ON6AT BL F6ETI YH SM6HYG FS 14.8.
 F1ANT CE F1KBF/p AJ 27.7. OZ9FW FP F6KND/p BC
 2.7. ON7PO BK G6KCG AM F2NU CG F6EYM/p BE
 I4LCK/p FE F1CPQ BJ 31.7.
 F6CTT/p ZH G3AUS YK OZ3NH EQ
 ON1JE BL tnx fer info, Claus

DG1BP (DN37h) wk d > 600 km:

30.7. 8.8. LA9DI FT 11.8. G6DZH ZM
 G8TFI YP G82XN XN LA3DV FT SM4FXR HT G8TFI YL
 SM6GWA FS G6GLMN XP LA9T FT SM4FXH GU G6XID YM
 31.7. 9.8. SM4FXR HT 25.8. 28.8.
 G64ERP YN G410Q YM SM4KVM HT G6SDTB ZR G8T2T/p YO
 7.8. 10.8. LA9UX FU G6FRB YM GI4SXV WO
 G63YGF/p YQ G8F8BK XN
 GM4OBD YR LA6LCA FT tnx fer info

LA8AK (DS8b) wk d (only squares listed):

22.6. GM,GP 7.7. IO,GN,CS,GM 9.7. CK,CM,CN,DL,DN
 11.7. AJ,AL,AM,AN,BI,BJ,BK,BL,CK,CL,CM,CN,DK,DL,DM,DN,EL
 13.7. BI,BL,AL,ZM tnx fer info, Jan-Martin

OE1RKU (II63f) wk d:

3.7. DKØII EJ I4LCK/4 FE YU4EBL/4 ID I5BQN/6 GD tnx fer info

OZ3ZW (F018e) wk d:

8.7. Y79ZL HK F1DBN/p AK 15.7. DB6BX DM
 OK1KHI/p HK OK2TU IJ F6DKW BI
 tnx fer info, Torben

Ex SP9FG (JJ70b) hnd:

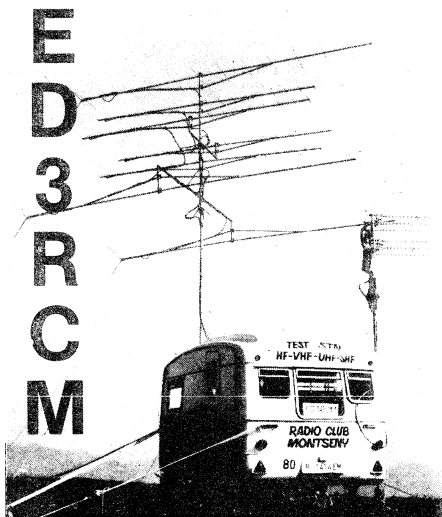
31.7. OZ2UHF DFØAAD DLØUB DC7QH
 DBØAH OKØEA OZ7IGY DBØAH tnx fer info, Jurek

PAØKDV (DN71f) wkð > 600 km:

18.6.	G8TIC	YM	25.6.	22.7.	7.8.
LA8AE	FT		20.6.	LA6PV	FT
LA3FV	FT		GM40BD/p	YR	9.7.
LA9DI	FT		GM8BDX	YP	30.7.
SM6CEN	FR		LA1YCA/p	DS	GM8TFI/p
SM6CMU	FR		10.7.	SM6HYG	FS
OZ7TW	FP		21.6.	G6HKT	YL
G8NWR	YM		GM8XZY	YQ	14.7.
G6AUS	YM		GM5DTB	ZR	F6HLD/p
G6FRB	YM				OZ1CSI
					PA2JOK
					JQ

tnx fer info

Clubstation ED3RCM
(BC46c)



GRUP MULTIOPERADOR
DE CONCURSOS,
A LA PROVINCIA DE GIRONA

BC-SQUARE

QSL MANAGER EA3ADW

tnx for info, EA3ADW

PAØPLY/A (CM56g) wkð > 400 km:

3.7.	G4MBZ/p	ZL	F6DZK	AI	DKØBN/p	FH	OE1ERC/9	FH
F1FDB/p	DI		OG7NBE/p	EK	HB9RBB/p	EG	OJ5AP/p	EH
DL3WU/p	EK		OE5EFM	hrd	HB9MDO/p	DH	OE9XXI/9	EH
DKØOX	EI		F6KNO	BH	G4RAM/p	YL		

tnx fer info

PA2REH (CM54h) wkð > 700 km:

25.6.	12.7.	OZ6FH	ER	14.7.	OZ3VHF	hrd
Y22HA	GO	LA1BM	CT	SM6MNS	GR	SK7VHF
						SM7MBH
						HP

PAØØØØ/ SM1 JQ

ATV: 23.1. ØB9KY DL36c, 201 km

tnx fer info, Eric

Continued on page 221

METEOR**S**CATTER**N**EWby DF2ZC, B. Mischlewski
PO Box 16 12
2390 FlensburgMS-Lists

There are still MS-Lists available at my address. Costs are
3 IRCs each list plus 1 IRC for mailing. -2ZC

Deadline

Deadline for any expedition announcements for 4/83 is 15th Nov.

Supplements/Corrections to the MS-List

G8T2T ZN C.S. Camm/151 Hebden Rd/Keighley BD22 8RE/Yorks.
Tel.: 535-42466
OY9JD WV J.Dam/Sandagöta 1/3800 Argir/Faroe Islands
Tel.: 4542-13365
OZ9PW EQ nw also CW up to 1200 LPM/Tel.: 08-645330
YU2JL HD S.Bukvič/Vilsonova 4/59000 Šibenik
IW4ARD GE G.Matteini/Via C.Pavese, 20/47041 Bellaria(FO)
DL7AN DN new address: M.Hörning/Harringastr.22/2984 Hage
Tel.: 04931-74179

please keep your infos about address changes coming!

Special thanks to all the OM that have sent their infos already typed on a machine and saving very much time for me this way.

Please remember to keep a 17 cm x 24 cm!

Thanks Bernd

PA3BIY reminds of the "Missing information code":

Though it is rarely used it can be very handy when information is missing:

BBBB-both callsigns missing or not complete

YYYY-your callsign " " " "

MMMM- my " " " "

SSSS-I received your rogers but have not the report o.k.

Moreover, please put only two times the report in a message.
5, 6 or 7 times the report is a nonsense! In many skeds that
were NC I got the report many times but not the callsign o.k.

thanks for the reminder, Peter

Please keep on sending your MS-Infos directly to my address,
not to Claus/7QY.

thank you in advance, yours Bernd 14.9.83

F6DRO AD38h wk4:

2.09.	0600	OZ1ALS	FO	26	27	C	NIL/NC: OZ1ALS,GM4COK,DF7DJ,
14.09.	0400	DL9GS	DL	26	26	C	Y24QO,OZ1FTU,OZ2ZB,YU1ADN,
16.09.	0500	OE3XUA	HH	26	36	C	I3TJQ,PA3CGR,OH3MF,G4ISM,YU100,
	2300	GM3WCS	YQ	37	26	C	PE1GHV
22.09.	0400	OE6WIG	HG	26	27	C	
1.10.	0400	I3TJQ	GF	37	26	C	
2.10.	0600	G4IJE	AL	26	26	C	
4.10.	0500	DF7DJ	DL	26	37	C	
12.10.	0500	DJ5MS	GI	27	26	C	ufb
16.10.	0600	DF5HC	FN	26	27	C	
18.10.	2200	PA6OOM	DN	26	27	C	ufb
20.0.	0400	GW3NYY	XL	26	28	C	NIL/NC: OZ1OF,Y24QO,LA5IH,
21.10.	0600	GM4CXM	XP	37	37	C	9H1CD,OZ1FDH,LA7KK,SM6CMU,
22.10.	0200	OZ1FTU	GP	26	27	C	DF5DE,DL7YS,G4GZA,PA3CGR,G3UNU,
	0400	OZ1DQO	GP	26	27	C	YU2RGO
23.10.	0600	PA3BIY	CM	27	37	C	
26.10.	0500	F6DWG	BJ	27	27	C	
29.10.	0500	DK8VS	DJ	26	27	C	
31.10.	0700	YU3ES	GF	26	27	C	
	0810	YU3ULM	GF	26	26	C	
4.11.	0500	F6DDV	XI	26	26	C	
9.11.	2300	OZ1FDH	GP	26	27	C	
14.11.	0800	PA2REH	CM	26	26	C	
17.11.	0500	DF1CF	PH	26	26	C	
18.11.	2200	IW3QBC	GG	26	26	C	
21.11.	0600	HG1YA	IH	26	28	C	ufb
26.11.	0400	DL6NAA	PK	27	26	C	NIL/NC: LX1GR,HB9PUY,G8ECI,
27.11.	0700	I3LGP	GF	26	26	C	PA3BHF,LA6QBA,DL5MCG,DF7RG,
28.11.	0800	DL4NAA	EJ	27	25	C	G3UNU,GM4IPK,I1DMP
7.12.	0500	DK4TU	GM	26	27	C	NIL/NC:I6DQE,YU1ADN,YU3TSB,
10.12.	2200	PE1BTX	CN	26	26	C	OZ1OF,OZ6ZR,LA1TV,GI4OPH,
12.12.	2200	GI4OPH	XO	28	26	C	LA7KK,LA5IH,SM5CHK,OK1DIG,
13.12.	0000	EA1ED	VD	26	26	C	LA6HL,SM6EOC,LA6QBA,OK1FM,
	2300	EI2CA	WM	47	26	C	LX1GR,EA7AG,DL5MCG
14.12.	0500	OZ1EYE	FQ	26	26	C	Not grv: SM6HAX,OK1KKH,OK1FM
17.12.	0500	ON5SA	CJ	26	26	C	
20.12.	0600	DL6KAI	DK	26	26	C	

Hrd RANDOM: PA3BBI,PA3BIY,DK4TG,DF5HC,I1ANP,DK1KO,OZ5?,PA6OOM,I1MBC,EA3ADW,F1JG,G8OPR,SK2?

Not too bad but many nil or nc. After 1.05.83 I changed my QTH and my results became much better; nc is now rare!

2.05.	0700	SM7GEP	HR	26	26	C	
9.05.	0700	OK1FM	GJ	26	27	C	
10.05.	0700	OK1KKH	HJ	26	37	C	
17.05.	0700	OK2KZR	IJ	26	27	C	
19.05.	0700	SM5MIX	HS	26	27	NC	no R
20.05.	0700	SM4IVE	HT	26	?	NC	NIL/NC: DK2UO/OZ,
26.05.	0700	OZ1FDJ	GP	26	27	C	SM5MIX but they
30.05.	0700	PA3GCR	DM	27	26	C	were not grv
							UC2AA: sri, QRN

see over

F6DRO continues:

2.06.	0700	DF9PY	DK	27	38	C
7.06.	0700	SP6FUN	IL	26	37	C
9.06.	0700	G41IJ	AM	27	27	C
13.06.	0700	SM5MIX	HS	27	27	C
	0805	OZ10F	EQ	37	37	C ufb
14.06.	0800	PA3CNN	CM	27	27	C
15.06.	0700	SM6AEK	GQ	26	26	C
16.06.	0600	I4MKN	GE	26	26	NC no R
17.06.	0800	I4MKN	GE	26	27	C
24.06.	0800	YU7AU	KE	26	27	C

NIL: GM4IPK

IW5AVM: sri, not qrv

7.07.	0700	LA3UU				sri QRN
8.07.	0700	SM6AFH	GQ	26	27	C
10.07.	0750	I6WJB	HC	27	??	NC
19.07.	0700	YU3TSB	HF	27	38	C
21.07.	0700	GM4COO	YS	26	39	C ufb
25.07.	0700	SM6EOC	GQ	27	??	NC
26.07.	0700	SM4GVF	HT	26	27	C
27.07.	0700	G8ECI	AN	27	27	C
	0800	YU7MKN	JF	26	26	C
28.07.	0700	SP6GZZ	IL	26	26	C
	0800	SM6EOC	GQ	27	26	C
29.07.	0700	SM5CHK	HS	26	27	C
	0810	SM5CNQ	HS	27	27	C

NIL:IT9GSF,I6SNY/EA9,
PA600M/SM1,DF1JM

merci pour les infos,
cher Dom

peut-être on pourrais
faire un sked à l'avenir -22C

Y22HA wkld fm GO:

11.03.	0500-0700	I4GOC	GE	26	26	C 4s
1.04.	2100-2215	I1JTQ	DF	26	26	C 2s
7.04.	0600-0755	DJ10J/IMØ	EY	26	26	C
22.04.	0300-0455	IW3QBC	GG	26	27	C 2s
	2300-0035	F9HS	BD	26	26	C 6s
5.05.	0300-0500	RB5LGX	RK	26	26	C 1s
7.05.	0300-0435	F5DE	AF	26	26	C 1s
	0600-0755	UA3TCF	WQ	26	26	C 1s 2058 km
28.05.	0400-0510	YU7NTU	KF	26	26	C 1s
7.06.	0900-0955	YO2IS	KF	26	26	C 16s
26.06.	0400-0440	YU7AU	KE	26	26	C
27.06.	0300-0337	IW5AVM	FC	26	26	C 4s SSB

tnx fer info, lbr Detlev

OZ3ZW (FO18E) WKD ON MS:

4.1.83.						
0135-0150	YU1EU	KE	27	37	10	5 3sec.
?	?	I4MKN	GE	27	27	15 7 5 "
1130-1200	IØCUT	GB	26	26	7	3 3 "
26.2.83.						
2300-0100	ILDMP	DF	26	26	20	many 2sec
11.7.83.						
0500-0530	F9HS	BD	26	27	15	many 2sec.

tnx fer info

-DH1LAC- 1042F wkd:

16.7.	0400-0453	I4YNO	FE 26 26 8b	31p	C	ssb (my first ms-qso)
	1018-1041	I4MKN	GE 26 26 7	29	NC	ssb
17.7.	0700-0748	I4MKN	GE 26 26 16	41	NC	ssb no final r
20.7.	0945-1015	GM4COO	YS 26 -- 3	14	NC	ssb
22.7.	0600-0700	C31XV	AC 26 26 18	mni	C	ssb 25sec
	0700-0800	GM4COO	YS 26 26 6	20	NC	ssb no final r
23.7.	0600-0700	I4MKN	GE 26 26 8	10	C	ssb 4sec
	0800-0820	HG1YV/p	IH -- -- 2	8	NC	ssb qrn
24.7.	0700-0743	IV3HWT	GF 26 27 6	mni	C	ssb 5sec
4.8.	2000-2200	YU3TYZ	HG 26 26 5	33	C	2sec
6.8.	0600-0800	HG8CE	KG -- -- 2	8	NC	local qrm
7.8.	0700-0845	YU7MAU	JF 26 26 5	29	C	8sec
8.8.	0000-0200	YU1POA	KE 26 26 8	19	C	4sec
	2100-2155	YU1AWW	KE 26 26 7	8	C	2sec
10.8.	0900-1000	I2FAK	EF 26 26 7	mni	C	ssb 8sec
	1600-1630	F6FOE	YI 26 -- 1		NC	
	2200-2235	HG8CE	KG 26 26 6	6	C	16sec
11.8.	0100-0128	IW4ARD	GE 26 26 4	6	C	ssb 20sec
	2100-2150	I1ANP	EE 26 26 4	6	C	8sec
12.8.	0400-0600	YU7NTU	KF 26 26 4	20	C	59sec!!!
	1818-1820	F1KBF	ZC 37 27 2		C	ssb 8sec
13.8.	1100-1145	HG4XH/p	JH 37 27 3	5	C	ssb 6sec

Besides these skeds I had many skeds that resultet NIL
Noch eine Info für einige "besorgte" DL's: Ich bin
keinesfalls ein Schwarzsender (o.ä.) wenn ich auf dem
20m VHF-Net unter DH1LAC auftauche. Ich habe freundlicher-
weise von der OPD Kiel eine SONDERGENEHMIGUNG für das
20m Net bekommen.

73's 

tux fer info
lbr Carsten

DL7YS wkd + hrd via MS from GM46b

830421 RBSLGX NIL 830424 UBSLNR NIL 830616 YU3TSB NIL

830712 0400-0500 F9HS BD 26 26 4b 42p C (wkd 2,5 Min-periods !)

" 0500-0535 GI4OPH - - 3b NC

830713 SM3AZV NIL UK6LDZ NIL (two times, early morning + late evening)

830714 UA6LJV NIL IW5AVM NIL

830718 EA6FB NIL

" 0600-0700 F6EAN-EA5 ZY 26 -- 1b 6p (vy weak) NC

tux fer info
lbr Peter

830719 C31XV NIL

830720 0400-0455 F1FHI ZH 26 26 12b 59p (refl. strong like in a good shower) C

DF9PY in DK65g wkd via MS:

25.5.83	2000-2100	SP6FUN	IL	26	-	-	2p		NC
26.5.83	0400-0530	YU3FM	HG	27	26	11b	20p	2s	C
2.6.83	0700-0740	F6DRO	AD	28	27	12b	mni	5s	C
"	0900-1035	YU1AWW	KE	26	26	8b	18p	5s	C
3.6.83	0400-0500	SM2CKR	KX	26	-	-	1p		NC
4.6.83	0500-0600	GM3WCS	YQ	27	26	11b	mni	6s	C
"	0710-0810	EA6FB	AY	26	-	1b	11p		NC SSB
5.6.83	0400-0520	UB5BAE	MJ	26	-	3b	7p	0,5s	NC
"	1320-1430	IA3UU	FT	26	26	2b	5p		NC
11.6.83	0500-0545	I1ANP	EE	38	26	3b	mni	5s	C
"	0840-1015	YU3TSB	HF	27	27	8b	17p	2s	C
"	1100-1145	YO2IS	KF	27	27	9b	6p	3s	C
"	2200-2300	IW5AVM	FC	27	-	-	11p		NC SSB
12.6.83	0525-0536	IW5AVM	FC	28	27	5b	mni	4s	C SSB R
23.7.83	2200-2350	GM4COO/A	YS	27	26	12b	7p	1s	C
25.7.83	0600-0640	IW5ACZ	FD	26	-	2b	7p		NC SSB
"	2200-2300	I2CVC/7	HB	27	26	4b	7p	2s	C
26.7.83	2000-2100	F6EYM/EA5	ZY	26	26	3b	7p	3s	C
"	2100-2210	SP6GZZ	IL	26	-	2b	8p		NC
28.7.83	0600-0750	I4MKN	GE	38	26	13b	19p	13s	C
"	0800-0845	OE3PUW	II	26	-	1b	5p		NC
29.7.83	0600-0700	SM3COL	IW	26	-	-	3p		NC
30.7.83	2000-2130	YU7AU/2	HD	26	26	7b	9p	1s	C
31.7.83	0600-0658	EA10D	XD	26	27	1b	8p	1s	C SSB
"	0700-0850	YU4BMN	JE	27	27	9b	16p	4s	C
1.8.83	0400-0610	YU2DI	JF	26	26	8b	15p	5s	C
2.8.83	0700-0745	HG9KOB	KI	26	-	-	5p		NC
3.8.83	1415-1515	F1KBF/p	ZC	26	26	-	10p		NC SSB
4.8.83	0700-0752	F1KBF/p	ZC	27	26	3b	18p	1s	C SSB
"	0830-0910	F9HS	BD	27	27	6b	18p	2s	C
13.8.83	0500-0522	IW4ARD	GE	27	26	5b	5p	4s	C SSB
"	0600-0700	UA3LBO	QO	26	26	11b	8p	5s	C
"	0910-0916	EA5DFY	AY	27	37	3b	-	40s!	C SSB
"	1900-2000	YU6AA/6	JB	26	-	1b	10p		NC
14.8.83	0000-0100	GI4OMK	XO	26	27	1b	7p	2s	C SSB
"	0800-0835	EA3LL	AB	27	26	6b	20p	5s	C
"	2100-2155	YU7MAU	JF	26	26	5b	10p	4s	C

NIL: YU7NTU, UB5BAE, UA3LAW, OH5LK, UY5OE, CT1AUW, I4YNO, OE3PUW, OH4UC, YU2CBM, IT9GSF, YU7KMN, CT1ADW.

Not QRV (sri QRN): HG8CE, YU1ABH, YU1ADN

hrd random: YU7NTU, YU1EU, YU2RSG, YU7AJH/5, OK1WBS

73's

Stefan

DF9PY

thx for info
lbr Stefan

DL7YS (GM46b) wkd via MS

30.7.83	0400-0600	YU7NTU	KF	26	26	6b	21p	C
3.8.83	1200-1255	F80P	CG	26	27	11b	35p	C
"	1420-1530	LA1K	FX	26	27	18b	30p	C
"	1705-1750	SM3JLA	JX	26	26	8b	5p	C
"	2100-2200	G4DHF	ZM	26	26	6b	16p	NC
"	2200-0000	YU2AU-2	HD	26	26	7b	29p	NC
4.8.83	0920-1035	G4DHF	ZM	26	26	21b	15p	C
"	1240-1340	YU1POA	KE	27	27	5b	8p	C
5.8.83	2030	Y05TP		38		1b	hrd	Random
8.8.83	0710-0900	Y06AZL	MF	26	26	6b	5p	C
"	1200-1310	OH6CH	MX	26	26	7b	5p	C
"	1700-1830	DLØIV-I7	JZ	26	27	5b	5p	NC
9.8.83	2200-2320	YU2JL	HD	26	37	6b	21p	C 3 sec
10.8.83	0000-0030	YU2EZA-2	IC	QRM	from HG6KMG	on freq.	sri !!	
"	0200-0235	F10PU- IS EA	EA	26	26	12b	18p	C
"	0955-1110	YU3EW	IG	26	26	4b	14p	NC too close te me
"	2200-2245	T06DMD	DD	--	--	-	7p	NC
11.8.83	0000-0125	LA8KV	FW	26	27	6b	12p	C
"	0210-0325	DLØIV-I7	JZ	38	--	mni		NC Qrm on their side
"	0328	G4PVM	XJ	38	hrd	random cq,	but no breaks !?!	SSB
"	0356	YU2JL	HD	27	27	1b		C Random SSB
"	0400-0530	F6EQQ	YI	26	27	10b	20p	C
"	1800-1905	G82XN	XN	26	37	26b	44p	C
"	2200-2218	GI40PH	XO	26	27	4b	6p	C SSB
"	2220-2320	GI40MK	XO	26	--	7b	6p	NC SSB
12.8.83	0000-0046	IW4AHX	GE	26	26	5b	11p	C SSB
"	0100-0145	ISWHC	FD	27	--	1b	-	NC
"	1300-1345	DLØIV-I7	JZ	27	27	7b	4p	C
"	1515-1530	F1KBF	ZC	27	27	5b	12p	C
"	1624	SM2ILF	KY	38		1b	hrd	Random
"	2000-2050	G8TIC	YM	27	27	4b	5p	C SSB 20 sec S7
"	2200-2300	OH2AUK-Ø	KT	26	27	11b	14p	C ?
"	2305-2340	F1FIB	BD	26	26	1b	-	NC SSB



13.8.83 0000-0100 G4NFD XJ 38 38 mni mni C
 " 0900-0950 LA6CU CU 26 27 4b 4p C ? 1 Min CW
 " 1000-1100 G4HUP YM 26 37 9b 7p NC SSB
 14.8.83 1800-2000 OH5LK NU **26 26 6p 8b C**
 " 2200-0000 YU7ADHS LB Nil, same time YU1PoR + YU1BDJ on random

NIL:9.8.YU2JL, 11.8.I6CXD,GW6APZ-p,YU7KMN, 12.8. UA6YAF,YU3TSB
 I slept over a1 12.8.: I4TSB es TO6DMD vy sri

ber-vhf-net during shower 3645 khz-remember-vhf-net during shower 3645 khz-reme

tnx fer info, lbr Peter

PE1ALA (CM44e) MS-tests 432 Mhz:

7.08.	02-04	HG9KOB/p	KI	-	-	-	2p	NC
12.08.	01-04	F0CNR/FC	EA	26	-	2b	4p	NC
12.08.	08-10	UA3LBO	QO	-	-	2b	7p	NC
13.08	08-10	UA3LBO	QO	-	-	-	-	Null

As perhaps expected results were very pover,
 but I should be happy to try again in jan.84.
 My equipment is homebrew: tranvester 28/432
 with 3SK97, K2RIW final and 4 x 21 el.

vy 73,

Theo Köhler tnx fer info, Theo
 Floris Balthasarstraat 17
 2064 XK Spaarndam -NL-

Pa2REH (CM54h) wkd via MS ;

02-01	YU3TSB	HF	26	26	C	3b	-p
	YU3FM	HG	26	--	NC	6b	1p
03-01	YU3FM	HG	27	27	C	5b	3p
25-06	SM3AZV	IX	26	26	C	10b	11p
26-06	I4YNO	FE	26	28	C	6b	16p SSB!
	OH3MF	MU	26	26	C	5b	14p

Nil from YU100 on 13-07.

73's Eric Pa2REH

EA3LL (AB56b)

				s.	r.	b.	p.	
23-4-83	23.00-24.00	SP6FUN	IL	26	26	3	5	NC
24-4-83	00.00-01.05	OK1MAC	HJ	26	27	11	15	C 50/144(3 min)
7-7-83	06.00-06.35	G4IJE	AL	57	26	mn1		C croosband
7-7-83	08.00-08.15	DL8DAT	DL	27	27	16	30	C 5 sec.
8-7-83	06.00-07.00	PA3CSG	CL	26	27	15	25	C
8-7-83	07.00-09.00	GM4CXM	XP	27	26	5	15	NC
9-7-83	06.00-06.30	G4PLZ	ZN	37	28	mn1		C 8 sec.
9-7-83	08.00-09.00	OZ1IUK	GQ	26	26	10	10	C 3 sec.
10-7-83	07.00-08.20	OZ1FDJ	GP	26	26	5	8	C
12-7-83	06.00-08.00	GM4CXM	XP	26	26	12	6	C
16-7-83	04.00-06.00	PA00MSM1	JQ	26	--	4	4	NC
16-7-83	06.00-06.30	G8KBQ	YL	27	27	20	35	C 3 sec.
17-7-83	05.00-05.30	DF7RG	GI	26	27	mn1		C 4 sec.
20-7-83	21.00-21.30	PA3BBV	CM	27	28	12	16	C
20-7-83	21.35-22.30	ON5EX	BK	27	27	15	20	C 4 sec.
20-7-83	23.00-24.00	GM4COO	YS	26	--	4	6	NC
23-7-83	05.00-06.00	Y22HA	GO	26	26	11	25	C
24-7-83	05.00-05.40	PA0HIP	CL	26	26	10	22	C
29-7-83	06.00-06.20	GM4COO	YS	37	26	6	10	C 35 sec!
30-7-83	06.00-06.30	G4IJJ	AM	36	28	12	30	C 10 sec.
30-7-83	21.00-21.30	PA0XMA	DM	27	27	mn1		C 3 sec.
30-7-83	22.00-22.30	G4DHF	ZM	27	27	mn1		C 4 sec.
30-7-83	22.35-23.00	PA0BLD	??	27	27	mn1		C 6 sec.
30-7-83	23.00-23.30	G4KUX	??	27	27	mn1		C 3 sec.
31-7-83	06.00-07.15	OZ1DOQ	GP	26	26	5	15	C
31-7-83	09.35-09.50	I4MKN	GE	27	--	10	15	NC
1-8-83	21.00-21.45	DK3LL	FO	26	27	13	18	C
4-8-83	09.50-10.15	DK0TU	GM	27	27	20	35	C 20 sc.
10-8-83	05.00-05.25	DL0IV/I7	JZ	26	37	15	30	C 20 sec.
11-8-83	08.00-10.00	SM5AQJ	JT	26	26	6	8	C? no RRRR 2300 KM
11-8-83	10.00-12.00	SM1BSA	JR	26	--	2	13	NC
11-8-83	23.00-23.55	GM3OUR	??	37	37	mn1		C Random
12-8-83	00.00-02.00	SM7GEP	HR	26	26	7	10	C? no RRRR 1)
12-8-83	02.00-02.40	G3LTF	AL	27	26	15	46	C
12-8-83	03.00-03.30	DF8IK	EJ	27	28	13	20	C
12-8-83	06.00-07.00	SM7JUQ	GP	36	26	16	18	C
12-8-83	20.00-21.00	G8OPR	ZL	26	37	13	20	C
12-8-83	21.00-22.00	Y25IL	HL	26	37	7	10	C
12-8-83	22.00-24.00	UA6ALT	UF	--	--	--	4	NC 3182 KM!
13-8-83	00.00-00.18	DG5CH	GI	26	27	8	7	C
13-8-83	01.00-02.40	OZ1EYE	FQ	26	26	10	14	C
13-8-83	06.00-06.20	Y22UL	GN	37	37	mn1		C 30 sec.
13-8-83	08.00-10.00	SM5BEI	JU	26	--	1	3	NC 2)
13-8-83	10.00-11.00	EALKV	VC	26	26	10	7	C 4 sec.



13-8-83 20.00-21.00 DK7RW/A FJ 26 27 mni C
 13-8-83 22.00-23.00 YU6AA/A JB 27 27 mni C
 14-8-83 02.00-02.28 HG4XH JH 26 28 13 11 C 10 sec.
 14-8-83 08.00-08.30 DF9PY DK 26 26 8 35 C

N11:SP6FUN,SM4LMV,PAØØOM/SM1,LALJU,SM5MIX,CT1AUW,DL4NAA,G4SGK/P,
 EA7PZ,LA9BM,CT1AUW,SM5BEI,DG4NAE,

- 1) QRM QSO YU/DL
- 2) QRM EA3AQJ (SSB) and QSO G4CDC/YU1AFS.

The shower was not very good, and many days in July or beginning of August the reflections were much better.

Well, this is all. Best 73 and DX!

EA3LL

tux fer info, dr José

[Handwritten signature]

PAØHWM CKIØe wkd:

2.04.83	0600-0745	IA6QBA	GV 26 26 3 2	c 3s
28.05	0400-0455	YU7AU	KE 27 26 27 36	C
29.05	0300-0445	OH3MF	MU 26 27 14 11	C 2s
2.06	0400-0450	SM3AZV	IX 37 27 10 13	C 7s
4.06	0300-0430	IIANP	EE 26 26 5 6	C Is
5.06	0500-0545	OH5LK	NU 26 27 13 6	C 7s
6.06	0300-0500	RB5LGX	RK - -	NIL
6.06	I335-I430	YU7AJH	JF 26 27 13 7	C 2s
7.06	I045-II45	CT4KQ	WA 26 - 2 3	NC
8.06	0900-II00	UB5LNR	RJ - -	NIL
8.06	II00-I200	IW4ARD	GE 27 26 8 10	C 3s SSB
9.06	0600-0700	I2WSG	EF 26 - 2 7	NC
11.06	0400-0445	F9HS	BD 27 27 28 26	C 7s
11.06	0700-0730	SM3LGO	IX 27 27 29 26	C 10s
12.06	0400-0435	YU3FM	HG 26 26 25 10	C 3s
12.06	0500-0525	IW5AVM	FC 27 27 18 10	C 5s SSB
12.06	0545-0700	I4MKN	GE 27 26 11 15	NC 2s SSB
18.06	0700-0800	I4MKN	GE 26 - 13 24	NC SSB



3.07 CTIAUW WA - - NIL
 10.07 0400-0510 YU3TSB HF 26 26 10 8 C 10s
 12.07 2000-2100 F6EYV/EA5 ZY - - NIL QRM
 16.07 0300-0500 YU3EW IG - - NIL
 17.07 1000-1200 PAQOOM/SMI JQ 26 26 20 30 NC ?? 6s
 19.07 2200-2310 PAQOOM/SMI JQ 26 26 32 35 C 3s
 23.07 0400-0600 UB51NR RJ - - NIL
 24.07 0400-0600 YU3ZW IG 27 26 9 12 C 2s
 29.07 0400-0500 SM3JLA JX 26 26 13 8 C 3s
 31.07 0330-0430 YU7AU/2 HD 26 26 13 18 C 2s
 6.08 0600-0630 F6KEF/P ZC 26 26 6 5 C 30s SSB
 7.08 0420-0600 OH51Y/5 NV 26 26 16 10 C 6s
 11.08.83 1000-1200 UB51NR RJ - - NIL
 11.08 1420-1500 F6CWW/P BC 37 - mmi NC 6s no rpt
 11.08 1500-1700 UK2RDX MT 26 28 5 7 NC 2s
 12.08 0600-0700 BE5AZT ZY - - NIL SSB
 12.08 0700-0800 C30AR AC - - NIL SSB
 12.08 0800-0900 EA5DFY AY 26 - NC
 12.08 1240-1400 YU1POA KE 26 27 II II C 12s
 12.08 1400-1430 FIDPU/ISØ EY - - NIL SSB
 12.08 2200-2237 IØUT GB 27 27 5 8 C 15s SSB
 12.08 2238-2248 IWØAKA GB 27 27 5 3 C 10 s SSB
 13.08 0000-0200 IZIIH NC - - NOT QRV QRM
 13.08 0810-0900 BA5DFY AY 27 26 mmi C 15s SSB
 13.08 0930 FIDPU/ISØ EY 37 27 I burstC 25s SSB (I)
 13.08 1000-1100 BA7AJX YX - - NIL SSB
 14.08 0745-0945 I4MKN GE 26 - 5 29 NC
 14.08 1200-1400 YU7KMN JF - - NIL
 (I) RANDOM.

73's de PAØHMM
 Jo Hanssed.

lux for info

029PW EQ27j wkD 144kHz MS: (all 1983)

03101 22.00-22.57 DD5TD EI 26 27 m n i C 5s SSB
 04.31 00.00-01.00 OEfiWG HH 29 27 m n i C SSB
 08.56 04.00-04.48 IW4ARD GE 26 27 4b 28p C 3s SSB
 12.56 06.40-07.40 YU7AU KE 36 27 m n i C 10s random CW
 18.56 06.00-07.45 YU3EW IG 26 27 11b 73p C 2s CW 800lpm
 06.08 05.00-06.00 FLEIT/P BG - - was you asleep Josg
 06.08 07.00-07.24 FLEIT/P BG - - was you asleep Josg
 10.08 15.00-16.00 YU21S KF 59 26 8b 26p C 125s E37 CW 800lpm
 11.08 15.00-16.00 F6ETI VH 37 26 8b 26p C 20s CW 800lpm
 12.08 01.00-02.00 F6EZV ZG - - Sorry not QRV. QRL problems
 12.08 21.00-22.00 F6CWW/P BC 26 - QRM NC new sked?
 13.08 04.00-05.35 SM2TUE IZ 26 26 13b 27p C 3s CW 500lpm
 07.00-07.50 F6HUK GH 27 26 4b 38p C 7s SSB
 13.00-14.00 I3LGP GF 26 26? QRM NC other wkD on QRG
 13.00-16.00 IWØAKA GB - - CG sorry could not be QRV.
 07.00-08.00 F8OP GF 26 26 27 C 5s CW 800lpm
 12.00-13.00 G4MUT ZL sorry Steve QRL problems.
 04.00-05.25 I3LGP GF 26 107p 26 27 C 5s CW 800lpm
 Heard random 12.08: OK1FBL,F1FHI,IW9AJZ,F6CJG,I3JPO, YU3EW,
 YU1AD,OE1EFP.

I have written to abt 60 stations for skeds during the Perseids,
 and recieved only answer from abt 20 stations, to bad. Therefore
 I am looking for sked-managers all over Europe, is there anyone
 who is interested to be my sked-manager?
 I am interested in skeds with stations all over Europe and fore
 the whole year, I can work both SSB and CW(CW RX-max: 800 LPM
 TX-max: 1500 LPM). My rig: RX BP981 TX 200w ant 4x6 elm L.Y. home
 made. I have written to many russian stations, and have not got
 one single answer from them?
 Do you want to be my sked-manager in your country, or do you only
 want a sked please write me on this address: 029PW, Lyngvej 17,
 DK-9631 Gedsted, Denmark. or ring me on: 45-08-64 53 30.

73's de 029PW, Erling.

lux for info

06.08	0400-0445	DL1MF	GH	27	26	P	1.01. 1000-1055 HG2SU	JH 26 26 18b	C 3s S9+10dB
							2.01. 1600-1800 UA9CL	OB -- -- 1p?	NC 2361 km
							3.01. 1800-2000 UA6BAC	SE -- -- nil	NC 2216 km
07.08	0600-0740	SP6TUN	IL	27	26	C	0200-0400 UH10D	HV -- -- nil	NC 1875 km
							0900-1020 UG5AVN	NE 26 -- -- 3p?	NC 2580 km
							17.01. 0300-0500 UK51EC	TI 26 -- -- 1p	NC 1788 km
							11.02. 2100-2300 UA61JV	TH -- -- nil	NC 1909 km
10.08	0400-0500	G3IMV	ZL	27	26	C	0100-0300 UA6BAC	SE -- -- nil	NC 2059 km
							0300-0500 11JTQ	DF 26 26 4b	C 15s 1640 km
							0800-1000 CT1WV	WB -- -- nil	NC 2532 km
							1400-1505 EI2CA	WH 26 26 15b	C 1478 km
10.08	0600-0630	PA3NN	QM	27	26	MN	1900-1928 OB3XUA	HH 27 37 Mni	C 1259 km
							0800-0835 DF4NAA	EJ 28 27 NC	stop tx, wrong call
							0600-0640 F6FHP	CE 37 26 15b	C
							0700-0835 F6DRO	AD 27 26 12b	C
11.08	0600-0700	G8KBEQ	YL	-	-	7	28.07. 0600-0700 G8FTIC	XQ 26 27 8b	NC 1191 km SSB
							0300-0318 DL4NAA	EJ 27 27 9b	C 1086 km
							0400-0500 TO6DMD	DD 27 --	NC called after SM5CHK
							2105-2130 SM4XY/LA	HB 27 28 5b	C random
11.08	0700-0800	G8TGT	ZN	26	26	MN	0400-0500 TO6DMD	DD 27 --	NC call after SM5CNQ
							0700-0800 TO6DMD	DD 27 --	Mni NC
							2030-2105 SM4XY/LA	HC 38 39 Mni	C 4s S9 1003 km
							2200-2400 YU7AHJ/5	LB -- -- 1b?	NC 1991 km
11.08	2200-2400	OK1VMD	IJ	26	-	4	0600-0700 G8OPR	ZL -- -- nil	NC 1370 km SSB
							0900-0958 TO6DMD	DD 27 26 11b	C 2s S9 1794 km
							1000-1054 F1KEBF	ZC 26 26 6b	C 2099 km SSB
							1300-1335 GB2XN	XN 49 48 Mni	C 40s S9+40dB 1356 km
12.08	0600-0725	G4ERK	ZN	26	26	MN	2234-2300 SM4XY/LA	IC 39 47 8b	C 6s S9 random
							0200-0400 UA4CUT	YL -- -- nil	NC 2197 km
							0800-1000 F5DE	AF 26 26 10b	C 1798 km
							1000-1020 G4NFD	XJ 27 26 Mni	C 1648 km
12.08	0800-0950	DL5MCG	FI	27	36	13	1100-1130 G8TIC	YM 27 27 5b	C 1329 km SSB
							1130-1210 G8XVJ	? 27 37 6b	C random SSB
							2000-2200 UA6TBI	UG -- -- nil	NC 2224 km
							2200-2400 UA9GL	CR 26 -- 4p	NC 2361 km
12.08	2000-2130	PA6JMV	CL	27	27	20	0000-0200 UA5BAC	SE -- -- nil	NC 2216 km
							0700-0900 EA3AIR	BB -- -- 2p	NC 2167 km
							0849 F1FLA	? 37 37 1b	C random SSB
							0900-1015 F9FS	BD 27 36 7b	C 1882 km
12.08	0000-0100	DK4TG	DL	37	36	23	1015-1200 EA10D	XD -- -- nil	NC 2238 km SSB
							1200-1400 UA9GL	CR -- -- nil	NC static rain 1 hour
							2030-2110 SM4XY/2	LC 38 36 Mni	C random
							2200-2400 UA4CUT	YL 26 -- 1b?	NC 2197 km
12.08	0400-0450	PA6HP	CL	27	36	MN	2144 HG6KVB	? 27 27 1b	C random SSB
							1800-2000 UK51EC	TI -- -- sorry not qrv	
							1400-1445 F65TI	YH 28 26 8b	C 1749 km
							2100-2255 UA6LJV	TH 38 28 6b	C 19s 2059 km
12.08	0800-0920	G84CM	XP	27	26	MN	Rf: FT-221R BF981 2x 40X250B	4 x 17 el 4.2 lambda	
12.08	1000-1050	DJ4DX	DL	59	37	MN			
12.08	1050-1130	DF7DJ	DL	37	37	MN			

4

83 08 09

2300-2334 SM5CBN 37 26 5b 14p 3sec C

830810

1900-1942 F6ECI 26 26 6b 11p 3sec C

2100-2200 SM5CHK nil

83 08 11

1900-1902 GSAPZ 37 37 1b 10sec C

1903 G3ZXZ 37 37 1b 8sec C ran

2000-2024 CW6APZ/P 27 26 3b 14p 7sec C

2200-2300 F6FDR 27 26 2b 7p 3sec C?

83 08 12

1900-1930 PA0COR nil

2044-2130 GB4ULX 26 26 16b 39p 4sec C

tux fer info

FEYV/EA ZY141 wkd (all RRR) last July:

FGOP CG OK1MAC HJ OM5QW BL
 HG6KNE JI G3BW YO OK1KRH HJ
 F6BSJ CG F6EQQ YI
 G3UNU OM OK1FM GJ
 F6CER EI G4ABB AM
 F6DWG EJ PA3BBV CM
 PA2GFL DM PA3BBI CM
 DI9GS DL G3POI AL
 PA6HIP CL 26s I3TJQ GF
 GM3WGS YQ DL4NAA EJ
 PA3BLY CM G4IJU AM
 DK2PH EL F1FHI ZH
 PA6BLD CM DU4AX DL
 DF7JJ DL F6HWY AH
 PA6GLS CM PA6XMA DM
 GM4CXN XP ON6UG BL
 DF9FY DK DF1OH EM
 DK1FZ EL DL3MBG CI

Note:

Speed and keying were not good.
 Sri, it would be better next time.

merci pour les infos, Guy.
 Peut-être ils etaient un peu plus interessantes avec les numeros des reflections!?

Still MS-Lists available!!!!!!-

83 08 10

1600-1700 G6GGE ZL 26 26 4p 6b 3sec C?

1800-1900 F6ECI AF 26 27 16p 3b 2sec C

2000-2045 CW6APZ/P XM 27 26 14p 10b 2sec C

83 08 11

1800-1850 DK3LL FO 27 27 6p 3b 3sec C

1942 OZ1ELF ran 27 27 1b 5sec C

2000-2050 DL7AN DN 27 26 16p 3b 2sec C

83 08 12

1800-1820 PA0COR CN nil

2000-2038 GB4ULX XJ 26 26 4p 15b 5sec C

2200-2216 G4HUP YM 26 38 4p 8b 50sec C

2218-2258 G8VG/P? ran 27 37 3p 4b 5sec NC

2300-2320 OZ1EYE FQ 28 38 12p 5b 40sec C

83 08 13

2100-2145 F6FDR BJ nil

2300-2332 G6RDX ZL 27 27 3p 6b 2sec C

tux fer info

vy 73 de *valfred*

Y22ME HM53a wkd:

5.05. 0300-0345 UB5LNR RJ 25p 8b 1os
 0400-0530 UR6HAR UD 12 3 2212 km
 7.05. 0800-0950 UA3IDQ QQ 25 14 5
 8.05. 0400-0600 UA6YAF UE 16 3 11
 8.06. 0200-0400 UA6BAC SE 3 1 NC
 2.07. 0700-0800 YU1AWW KE 19 8
 5.07. 0500-0522 SM2LTA JY 20 16 2 SSB
 12.07. 0500-0505 GM8YJU YO 6 4 10 SSB

dk fer info, lbr Jürgen

IV 4 ARD (G63f)

CALL

LOC TX RX

C

3B 3P

4B 6P

3" NC

7P

NC

12.12 1000 1100 FIFHI

ZH 26 26 6B 8P NC

03.01 0400 0500 Y22AG

FR -- --

NIL

" " 0500 0555 G8JLY

YL 26 26 8B 13P C

" " 0600 0700 DF7AF

DL 26 26 1B 4P NC

" " 0700 0800 0250F

EP 26 26 7B 7P NC

" " 0800 0900 P5FHP

AD -- --

NIL

" " 0900 1000 DR4TG

DL 26 27 5B 6P NC

" " 1000 1052 K67AT

FN 26 37 8B 12P C

" " 2000 2100 G6AAB

AL -- --

NIL

07.06 1100 1200 G8NJD

ZN -- --

NIL

" " 1200 1300 G4LXO

YL -- --

NIL

08.06 0400 0441 029FW

EQ 26 26 7B 11P C

" " 0500 0551 PE1BYX

CN 26 26 16B 35P C Random

" " 1100 1156 PA6HWN

OK 27 26 11B 20P C

" " 1157 1216 PA3BEI

CN 27 27 12E 6P C Call me on end Sked

Best 73

4ux 6r info

LA9FY EV75K reports:

We where going to EV 75g on Friday 12th and was putting up everything for our first sked 17.00 utc. We was just finished for the first one and we discovered we had some tape problems. We was hearing alot of burst but could not get it out from the tape again. But we worked SF9AI as the first and then we was only listening and trying to repair the tape recorder. At night 8 OW was working 3 on sss.

All skeds was worked in the morning 13th. And then we got a new taperecorder from LA 4 QI he was helping and are now ready for ES also. He has built his key and can be worked. He is able to work south to north. Other dire ctions at his home qth EV75b is impossible couosed of high mountains.

We will also soon be on with a Commodore 64 doing all the work for us. We plan to go back in Aug. next year and work more days. Maybe also from DU square. Enclosed is our list for what we worked from EV 75 g. It was LA9FY, LA 8 OW and LA 4 QI. All qsl goes to LA 9 FY.

IV 4 ARD (G63f)

CALL

LOC TX RX

C

3B 3P

4B 6P

3" NC

7P

NC

12.12 1000 1100 FIFHI

ZH 26 26 6B 8P NC

03.01 0400 0500 Y22AG

FR -- --

NIL

" " 0500 0555 G8JLY

YL 26 26 8B 13P C

" " 0600 0700 DF7AF

DL 26 26 1B 4P NC

" " 0700 0800 0250F

EP 26 26 7B 7P NC

" " 0800 0900 P5FHP

AD -- --

NIL

" " 0900 1000 DR4TG

DL 26 27 5B 6P NC

" " 1000 1052 K67AT

FN 26 37 8B 12P C

" " 2000 2100 G6AAB

AL -- --

NIL

07.06 1100 1200 G8NJD

ZN -- --

NIL

" " 1200 1300 G4LXO

YL -- --

NIL

08.06 0400 0441 029FW

EQ 26 26 7B 11P C

" " 0500 0551 PE1BYX

CN 26 26 16B 35P C Random

" " 1100 1156 PA6HWN

OK 27 26 11B 20P C

" " 1157 1216 PA3BEI

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LA9FY EV75K reports:

PA3BIY CM72c wkld.

14.11. 0600-0730 OH12AA KV 27 26 18 43 C 6s
 28.11. 0415-0600 EA3IH BB 26 -- 12 30 NC
 28.11. 0415-0600 I1DMP DP 27 26 38 65 C 1,5s
 4.12. 0600-0800 EA3IH BB 26 26 38 65 C 1,5s
 5.12. 0200-0400 HK3AAC SP 26 26 2 3 NC
 12.12. 0200-0252 LA60BA GV 27 27 21 22 C 4,5s
 13.12. 0552-0700 I1YNN JA 27 27 21 22 C
 13.12. 0900-0100 LA60C GE 27 27 21 22 C
 14.12. 0700-0800 U050CX OG 26 26 5 7 NC 10s
 18.12. 0400-0600 SM3GHB HW 37 -- 12 33 NC 6s
 1.05. 0400-0515 SM3JDN HU 26 26 12 33 NC
 7.05. 0600-0700 SM3GHB HU 26 26 12 33 NC 11s
 7.05. 0545-0645 SM245/A 37 37 29 42 C 13s
 12.05. 0300-0500 SM3JZV IX 27 26 29 42 C 17s
 17.05. 0400-0500 SM3JZV IX 27 26 55 103 C wkld with only 10W
 7.06. 0500-0700 LA60C GE 27 27 21 22 C NIL after 15 min
 13.06. 0500-0515 LA60C GE 27 27 21 22 C
 13.06. 0500-0515 LA60C GE 27 27 21 22 C 4,5s
 16.07. 0400-0420 SM3JZV IX 26 26 23 28 C fb 23s
 6.07. 0400-0512 SM3JZV IX 26 26 23 28 C
 13.07. 0400-0600 SM2JUE IZ 26 27 18 23 C 5s
 17.07. 0500-0412 SM2JUE IZ 26 27 18 23 C 5s
 23.07. 0500-0542 F6EIM/PA5 27 27 21 22 C 2s
 26.07. 0500-0542 QH51Y/4 26 26 21 22 C 53s
 31.07. 0200-0300 I2CVG/2 47 27 12 32 C
 11.08. 0525-0455 SM6FSK/3 26 27 21 22 C
 12.08. 0200-0400 YU4MEU IE 27 37 mni NC my call incorrect
 0400-0500 YU4MEU IE 27 37 34 87 C 23s
 0500-0546 F6CWM/PBC 37 36 fb C
 0700-0800 SM3GHB HW 37 -- 2 3 NC 17s
 1000-1100 SM3KJO JW 27 26 12 26 C 16s
 13.08. 0500-0600 F1KEF/P2C 27 -- 5 18 NC NIL after 15 min
 14.08. 0400-0500 EA10D XD -- 5 short NC
 19.08. 0400-0600 YU7PQ/4 26 27 26 27 C
 I got a ts burst only containing reggers and the 27
 report. No call signs/Why? J D
 txn fer info, Peter

PA2CHR C163b wkld.

3.01. 2300-2400 YU4AVW JE 26 -- 1 2 NC
 7.08. 0200-0300 OX2KZL IJ 25 27 14 6 C 4s
 8.08. 1030-1100 LA1K FX 27 26 3 5 NC
 9.08. 0600-0622 LA1K FX 27 26 12 14 C 15s
 0923-0944 F1KEF ZC 27 26 6 4 C 12s
 10.08. 1200-1222 I2PK ZC 26 26 4 3 C 20s
 1240-1340 I6CAN GD 47 -- 8 1 NC
 12.08. 0900-1000 SP6FUN IL 25 27 9 3 C 10s
 13.08. 0500-0555 I1FV HF 25 27 4 7 C 10s
 NIL: 14XCC, UR2EQ, YU4BNN, SP6FUN, OH7PS, I3YXQ
 txn fer info

LA9PY EV75g wkld.

12.08 1700-1800 SP9AI JJ 26 28 20b Mni C 30 sec
 " 1900-2100 YU3TGB HF - - - NIL NC
 " 2100-2200 HG4XT JH - - - " NC
 " 2221 P6CVT 26 37 26 37 C 144.200
 " 2313 O86WTG HG 37 37 26 37 C 144.400
 13.08 0150 YU3C HG 37 37 26 37 C 144.400
 " 0600-0735 YU7AU KE 26 26 18b Mni C 20sec
 " 0800-0840 FA0XMA DM 26 39 20b " C 15 "
 " 0900-0940 ONUG BL 37 26 MNI MNI C 2C "
 " 1000-1045 YU3ES GF 27 26 16b Mni C 4 sec.
 " 1045-1110 F6CJG BF 37 27 12b C 3 sec.
 " 1200-1300 O83PUW II 27 27 Mni NC
 " 1300-1345 DF6NA EJ 27 27 9b Mni C 12 sec.
 " 1400-1430 OK1KKH HJ 37 27 10b C 2 sec.
 " 1400-1525 DL1MVB FI 27 27 22b Mni C 5 sec.
 " 1600-1800 DL4NAA EJ - - - NIL NC
 " 1700-1800 G4KCG ZM 26 - Mni stn on the same burst.
 " 1800-1845 Y22ME HM 26 37 18b Mni C 10 sec.
 " 1850-1955 OK722R 27 27 Mni pings NC QRM
 " 2000-2200 YU7KWN JF 26 - 1b f. peri. NC "
 " 2200-2400 YU7MAU - - - NIL NC
 14.08 0500-0700 UB5LNR RJ - - - NIL NC
 " 0700-0725 F6DNG BJ 26 37 18b Mni C 5 sec.
 " 0800-0845 G3IMV ZL 27 26 15b Mni C 4 sec.
 " 0900-0930 PA0RXY CM 27 26 24b " C 6 sec.
 " 0930-0955 DK6AS FM 27 27 Mni all time C 13 sec.
 " 1000-1030 DK4TG 27 26 Mni C 8 sec.
 " 1030-1100 G3BW YO 27 37 Mni C 4 sec.
 " 1100-1200 DL9GS DL 38 37 Mni c 50 sec.
 " 1200-1230 G4FUF AL 37 26 25 b Mni C 7sec.
 A lot of stns calling at the same time made it difficult
 for us especially on Friday and Saturday morning, because
 of the tape problems but also later. It was a beautiful QTH
 and we will tra again. We found out that to arrange skeds
 for nights in advance and for days on 20m was best. See you
 next time. QSLs go to LA9PY for confirmation directly!
 LA9PY Steinar-LA80W Arvid-LA4QI Øyvind
 txn fer info

Aurora News

by DHØHRR

DL5BBL (EM52f) wkd via Aurora in CW 144MHz :

830204

1841	LA8SJ	FTØ5J	59a 57a	0°	2047	UQ2GMD	LR73C	51a 55a	350°
1844	SM4KVM	HT56D	52a 53a	0°	2050	SM6CMU	FR5ØB	56a 57a	10°
1855	SM4JEV	HT69E	53a 55a	0°	2103	UR2RQT	MS8ØE	52a 55a	0°
1905	SM5CAK	HS36H	58a 59a	0°	2122	GM3ZXE	YQ35G	53a 54a	355°
1920	SM7EBI	HR12F	55a 58a	0°	2145	GM4JEJ	YQ73G	51a 51a	0°
1925	LA3UL	FT78H	53a 54a	0°	2149	GM4IPK	YPØ5H	51a 51a	20°
1929	SMØFMT	IT5ØF	51a 53a	355°	2335	GM4ØBD	YR6ØA	52a 55a	0°
2002	OZ1CGG	FR53J	53a 55a	0°	2348	GM3WTA	YR68B	53a 55a	0°
2032	OZ1FGP	EQ68A	52a 54a	0°					

830205

1245	SM6AEK	GQ56G	57a 53a	35°	1414	SM7EBI	HR12F	52a 54a	15°
1324	OZ1FGP	EQ68A	54a 54a	30°	1429	G4ITR	YN16J	52a 52a	20°
1338	G4KTP	ZD11B	53a 55a	30°	1439	GM4CXP	YP37C	52a 51a	20°
1409	GM3JXN	YR39E	52a 52a	15°	1714	SM5CBN	HS56C	54a 55a	0°
1410	SM7DZD	HR25C	53a 55a	15°	1720	SM5MIX	HS66G	53a 53a	0°

830207

1456	LA9CM	FT72H	51a 52a	15°	1540	OZ1FGP	EQ68A	52a 53a	20°
1516	SM5CFS	JT24G	54a 52a	0°	1544	OZ1CLL	GP23C	53a 55a	20°
1528	LA6VL	CSØ9G	59a 57a	10°					

830302

1457	DL2LAH	EO29A	53a 55a	25°	1524	G4DEE	YN39B	56a 56a	25°
1501	SM7GEP	HR24E	52a 51a	25°	1532	LA6VBA	ES26G	52a 54a	25°
1510	OZ1FGP	EQ68E	53a 54a	25°	1537	G4IJE	AL12G	52a 51a	35°
1519	G6NB	ZLØ6D	57a 55a	35°	1549	GM4DJS	YP11E	41a 41a	25°

830429

1652	SM5CBN	HS56C	56a 53a	0°	1705	SM5EFP	HT5ØE	53a 55a	0°
1658	UQ2GMD	LR73C	52a 53a	0°	1729	SM6CMU	FR5ØB	53a 56a	0°

830511

1718	LA6VBA	ES26G	52a 53a	10°	1759	OZ7RD	FQ41H	51a 55a	20°
1743	GM4ILS	YR24E	54a 55a	15°					

DZYS wkd + hrd Aurora from GM46b

830311	2237	LA9BM	58a hrd	EU32g	20°	2255	SM5BEI	53a hrd	JU72c	20°
"	2252	LA7KK	56a hrd	FU62j	30°	2320	SM4GVM	55a hrd	HT76a	330°
830524	2051	LA8SJ	58a 58a	FT05j	20°	2124	SM5DIC5	53a hrd	IT14c	20°
"	2057	SM4ANQ	54a 42a	HU66d	20°	2128	LA20J	55a hrd	FT43e	20°
"	2111	SMOLRN	53a hrd	JT	20°	2130	LA9BM	51a hrd	EU32g	20°
"	2117	SM7GEP	42a hrd	?	20°	2142	LA20J	52a 52a	FT43e	20°
"	2120	SMØEJY	51a hrd	?	20°	2146	LA7ED	51a hrd	FT15g	20°

1.10.82.					24.11.82.				
2107 LA1GCA	CU38E	53a	55a	10	OK2PEW	IJ32F	57a	59a	60
2111 LA1BR	FU15H	55a	57a	10	1704 SM7EL	GQ55F	55a	55a	60
2117 SM3KIF	IU33A	56a	56a	10	1721 GM4CXM	XP09G	56a	57a	0
2137 GM4IAO	YR47H	53a	55a	5	1727 OK1AOV	HK70G	56a	55a	30
29.10.82.					1733 OK3CFN	II40A	53a	53a	30
1455 LA6OU	CU47J	53a	53a	20	1736 OK3TEG	JI51E	51a	55a	45
1456 LA6QBA	FT05C	55a	54a	20	1739 HG1W	IH63B	56a	59a	45
1.11.82.					1746 G4GPX	ZK19J	53a	53a	0
1454 LA6QBA	FT05C	54a	53a	25	1750 DJ1XP	DL28F	51a	55a	0
1506 LA6OU	CU47J	57a	57a	30	1803 DJ4AM	DL64F	53a	59a	80
2.11.82.					1804 OK3RMW	J162A	52a	57a	80
1558 LA6ZW	FV64J	55a	55a	10	1806 OE1XRA	II62B	57a	57a	80
1730 SM3AKW	JW41H	57a	56a	35	1811 OK3CNW	II58B	54a	59a	80
1733 SK7JD	IR14F	55a	55a	35	1816 DL8DF	DJ65C	52a	53a	80
1800 OH2AI/OH0	KT05G	56a	57a	340	29.11.82.				
1805 OH1AA	LU42F	55a	55a	340	1558 LA6OU	CU47J	53a	53a	25
1808 LA9BM	EU32G	55a	52a	340	1603 LA9BM	EU32G	55a	54a	25
1842 LA6ZW	FV64J	55a	55a	355	1636 UP2BJB	LP06D	55a	55a	30
23.11.82.					7.12.82.				
1610 SM5EFP	HT50E	55a	56a	15	1543 LA6PV	FT05J	59a	55a	45
1616 LA5EBA	FT22B	54a	54a	20	1658 GM3WCS	YQ73C	54a	52a	335
1619 OH1DP	LU42J	56a	55a	20	1827 OH2TI	MU65A	54a	55a	45
1626 LA1TV	ET29G	58a	57a	20	8.12.82.				
1642 LA3UL	FT78H	57a	55a	20	1555 LA7KK	FU62B	55a	55a	10
1654 SM5CFS	JT24J	57a	51a	20	1626 LA6ZW	FV72A	55a	56a	0
1705 PA0OOM	?	59a	59a	20	1648 SM3JGG	HV62H	51a	55a	0
24.11.82.					1650 LA3UU	FT12D	55a	52a	330
1329 SM4DHV	HU27J	52a	52a	05	10.12.82.				
1337 LB8IB	FT05J	55a	57a	05	1622 SM4GVA	HT76A	52a	52a	30
1353 G4IJE	AL12G	53a	51a	0	1637 SM5CAK	HS36H	53a	55a	35
1407 UA2FCH	KO50H	52a	53a	20	1744 LA2DK	EU23D	52a	53a	0
1412 DF7KF	DK04E	53a	53a	20	1753 RQ2GGV	LR74E	55a	55a	0
1413 Y22IC	GN28D	55a	58a	25	1810 GM4IPK	YP05H	55a	55a	0
1415 G3UTS	Z011B	55a	55a	25	1834 LA20J	FT43E	55a	55a	0
1418 F6DWG	BJ31J	58a	57a	25	1842 SM3JGG	HV60H	56a	57a	0
1419 ON4YZ	CK53E	57a	58a	25	16.12.82.				
1421 D3IK	DJ55F	54a	53a	25	1632 SM5CFS	JT24J	53a	53a	30
1423 Y21T?	?	52a	?	25	17.12.82.				
1430 UQ2GFZ	NR57A	55a	57a	35	1411 SMLBSA	JR22E	54a	55a	30
1452 F6CEL	CJ41G	55a	55a	40	1414 SM0EPM	IT50F	53a	55a	35
1501 PA3BLU	CL03E	52a	54a	75	1424 LA5LBA	FT78A	55a	55a	05
1504 DF3XZ	FN21F	53a	53a	75	18.12.82.				
1511 LA6VBA	ES26G	54a	53a	0	1624 RP2GGV	LR74E	55a	56a	30
1517 SM3JGG	HV60H	55a	56a	0	1717 LA4B	FU75E	51a	52a	0
1526 OK1KGS	HK63F	53a	55a	55	1721 LA6MP	FT15H	51a	53a	0
1548 DK2LM	EJ21F	53a	53a	50	1723 OH1DP	LU42J	59a	59a	0
1550 DK5ZO	EK14B	55a	55a	50	1730 LA3F	FT14D	52a	55a	15
1551 DL8DA	DL50C	53a	53a	50	1740 LA2YT	FU62G	53a	54a	0
1600 UR2JL	MT45A	55a	57a	45	1844 SM3AZV	IX79C	56a	55a	0
1611 DL6WU	EJ14H	59a	57a	15	1850 OH2PH	MU61G	52a	53a	0
1613 DF6NA	EJ20D	56a	55a	45	1855 UR2EQ	NT61C	56a	57a	0
1620 OK2JI	IJO5C	53a	55a	20	1858 LA6BD	FV73H	52a	55a	0
1623 UQ2GAK	MQ01G	55a	57a	55	1907 SM3JGG	HV62H	57a	57a	355
1627 OK3KNM	J120E	54a	55a	55	1913 LA2DK	EU23D	55a	55a	355
1629 YU3ZV	HG30D	56a	?	60	1919 LA3EU	DW24A	53a	55a	355
1650 DF1NY	FK64D	55a	55a	60	1928 UR2RDX	MT35G	55a	55a	355
1653 DL1MBV	FI70H	53a	52a	60	1932 OH1BS	LU41E	54a	55a	355

OZ3ZW (FO18E) WKD VIA AURORA ON 144 MHZ IN CW.

20.12.82.

1514	LA6QBA	FT05C	55a	54a	25
1521	SM5EFP	HT50E	52a	55a	30
1526	LA7KK	FU62B	55a	55a	25
1554	SK4NI	GT48D	55a	55a	25
1624	LA2DK	EU23D	53a	52a	10
23.12.82.					
1614	SM3KIF	IU33A	53a	52a	20
1624	OH3RW	MU25B	53a	52a	0
1654	LA6ZW	ET29G	55a	55a	0
1719	GM4IPK	YP05H	55a	54a	355
9.1.83.					
1647	LA6QBA	FT05C	53a	53a	25
1711	LA1TV	ET29G	55a	54a	25
1734	LA6VBA	ES26G	52a	51a	0
1745	SM3KIF	IU33A	53a	55a	5
1748	SM5CRV	IT18G	57a	57a	5
1800	LA0CY	FT78H	52a	53a	5
1805	LA2HC	FT56D	52a	55a	5
1811	GM4ILS	YR24E	52a	52a	0
1835	SM3GHD	GW70E	55a	57a	350
2146	LA9BM	EU32G	56a	55a	0
16.1.83.					
1819	SM0NEZ	JT51A	51a	51a	30
1830	OH3TR	LV50G	56a	56a	350
1837	LA8OW	EU31G	55a	55a	340
4.2.83.					
2322	LA6ZV	ET68B	53a	53a	25
2326	RQ2GAG	MQ01G	55a	55a	345
2349	GM4CXM	XP09G	54a	52a	315
5.2.83.					
1308	DL5YBZ	DL06C	55a	55a	10
1310	G3TLF	AL11D	53a	54a	10
1315	OZ1DOQ	GP	53a	54a	20
1318	DJ4UF	DK21A	53a	53a	20
1325	LA6ZV	ET68B	54a	54a	20
1335	OZ1EYX	GQ73H	52a	54a	10
1339	ON5QW	BL80F	55a	52a	15
1347	SM5CXO	IT53B	52a	55a	45
1351	OZ1EYE	FQ62	57a	57a	45
1355	DL4NAA	EJ06A	54a	54a	35
1358	ON5EX	BK09H	55a	57a	20
1402	DJ9EV	EJ77G	57a	59a	20
1415	DL8DAU	DL59C	55a	55a	20
1417	OK1ATQ	HK50H	55a	55a	20
1419	OK2BDH	JJ?	52a	55a	20
1427	OZ4EM	HP	55a	55a	345
1438	DK1KW	EJ0?F	51a	41a	350
1447	OH5LK	NU37G	52a	53a	350
1455	GM3XOQ	ZT04J	55a	54a	350
1507	SM6EUZ	GS74J	53a	54a	350
1516	LA6P	FT03C	54a	55a	0
1525	LA5BT	FT04G	55a	59a	30
1528	DK5FA	FK01G	56a	57a	30
1534	LA2RZ	CU38F	51a	53a	30
1803	UP2BJB	LP06B	58a	59a	345
1812	GM4JLY	YR80A	55a	55a	340

7.2.83.

1240	SM5CFS	JT24J	56a	54a	25
1259	SM5MGW	HS56B	52a	53a	16
1312	OH2BAZ	MU54H	56a	56a	15
1426	SM3JGG	HV62H	52a	53a	355
1428	SM5CAK	HS36H	54a	52a	355
1431	LA9BM	EU32G	59a	59a	355
1447	OH2BJM	LT08A	55a	55a	10
1510	OH3TR	LV50G	51a	51a	355
1522	LA6HL	CS09G	57a	57a	355
1537	DK4TG	DL63H	53a	54a	320
1558	UQ2GMD	LR73C	53a	54a	10
12.2.83.					
1523	LA2DK	EU23D	52a	53a	5
2.3.83.					
1259	SM0FOB	JT62A	51a	41a	30
1306	OH3RW	MU24C	53a	54a	20
1315	GM3JFG	XR30B	57a	55a	15
1322	SM3JGG	HV60H	57a	57a	5
1333	PA0JMH	CN69C	55a	33a	10
1439	SM4JEW	GT59B	54a	55a	45
1447	GM3WCS	YQ73C	57a	56a	10
1449	DL2LAH	EO29A	55a	56a	10
1502	SM4KL	GT46D	53a	53a	10
1544	UR2RIW	LS02E	56a	56a	10
1558	OH2DG	NU42G	56a	56a	10
1607	OH1DP	LU42J	56a	55a	10
1622	UA3MBJ	SS78E	56a	55a	20
1642	UQ2GMD	LR73C	55a	55a	20
1656	SM4KL	GT46D	52a	53a	20
1715	UK2RDX	MT35G	54a	55a	20
11.3.83.					
2302	OH3AWH	LV50B	52a	53a	0
12.3.83.					
2153	LA2XB	FT15G	55a	54a	15
2202	SM6QP	GR21H	56a	57a	15
2219	SM3KIF	IU33A	57a	56a	25
2359	SM4HFI	HU39H	54a	53a	25
20.3.83.					
1523	GM3XOQ	ZT04J	54a	52a	335
1533	LA5IH	CU47J	55a	52a	335
1558	LA9BM	EU32G	59a	54a	0
25.3.83.					
1240	SM4HFI	HU39H	54a	54a	10
1327	LB8IB	FT05J	55a	55a	0
1335	OH3RW	MU24B	52a	52a	15
1338	SM7DZD	HR25C	55a	55a	15
1343	SM4MBC	HT37H	53a	55a	15
1350	SM5DYC	IT04G	52a	54a	5
1411	LA7SL	FT16B	57a	55a	16
1443	LA6VBA	ES26G	55a	55a	10
1529	UQ2GLO	KQ49G	55a	55a	45
1556	SM5EFP	HU05E	56a	59a	25
1602	UA3MBJ	SS78E	53a	55a	25
1613	UQ2GMD	LR73C	55a	55a	45

tnx for info, dr Torben !

OZ3ZW (F018E) WKD VIA AURORA ON 144 MHZ IN CW.

28.3.83.	1551	LA6QBA/P	GV41E	54a	52a	5	25.4.83.	2249	LA7KK	FU62B	53a	53a	340
1626	LA5MT	FW46F	55a	55a	5	17.5.83.	1538	LA2DH	ET18G	52a	53a	0	
1651	SM3AKW	JW31H	56a	56a	0	1540	LA3TA	FT14H	52a	54a	0		
1707	UP2BJB	LP06D	55a	59a	45	?	LA4IAA	CS09H	52a	52a	350		
1710	SM4IRG	HT63D	55a	57a	45	?	SM5BZQ	IS10D	56a	59a	0		
1718	OH2BYA	MU46F	55a	56a	25	?	SM5MGW	HS56B	57a	59a	0		
1736	RR2TEJ	NT71A	51a	51a	350	?	RQ2GAG	MQ01G	55a	55a	0		
1743	LA2RZ	CU38F	55a	55a	350	?	OH2AUK	? ?	52a	? ?	0		
1747	SM5EFP	HT50E	56a	56a	350	?	LA8ZX.	FT12A	55a	55a	0		
1750	UK2RBM	MT43J	54a	55a	350	?	OH3XAM	MU12G	51a	55a	0		
1754	OH1DP	LU42J	56a	55a	350	?	OH1DP	LU24J	59a	59a	0		
2352	LA6QBA/P	GV41E	53a	51a	10	1745	GM4CXM	XP09G	53a	53a	350		
29.3.83.	1238	LA6QBA/P	GV41E	52a	51a	15	1758	G4KUX	ZO21E	52a	52a	350	
1648	SM3KIF	IU33A	52a	44a	20	1812	GI4TAP	XO31G	53a	54a	285		
23.4.83.	1122	SM4HFI	HU39H	51a	?	25	1816	LA2RZ	CU38F	54a	55a	350	
24.4.83.	1506	SM4HFI	HU39H	55a	55a	20	18.6.83.	1654	SM3KIF	IU33A	52a	52a	45
1517	OH1AJ	LU41C	53a	55a	20	1657	OH5LK	NU37G	53a	53a	45		
1532	SM5KWU	IT34H	55a	57a	10								
1537	LA3UL	FT78H	53a	54a	10								
1606	SM3KIF	IU33A	52a	52a	340								
1611	SM5BEI	JU72?	55a	55a	345								

txr for info !

DB1LH (F042F)	wkd via Aurora:
7.2.	
1503	SM7CAD HR40F 53A 54A
1512	SM5MCZ IS44C 57A 55A
1517	SM6NJC GR03C 55A 52A
1522	G6CGY Z045J 51A 54A
1553	SM4LXZ GT48F 54A 51A
12.2.	
1333	SM0JEM IT60D 57A 53A
1343	SM6JDO GQ02C 54A 43A
1419	SM6NQE GR10J 54A 57A
2.3.	
1416	SM0FOB JT62A 55A 54A
1422	SM6NEY GR04C 56A 56A
1438	SM0IGU JT61A 53A 53A
1444	SM6KKX GR72J 57A 55A
1456	SM6NQE GR10J 57A 57A
1519	SM4LXZ GT48F 58A 59A
1523	G6NWF YN78B 56A 55A
1535	SM6MNS GR11G 56A 53A
1544	LA3FY FT63G 54A 53A
1656	LA7AJ FT71E 53A 52A
1700	LA4LR CT56D 54A 51A
12.3.	
1548	SM4KJN GT48D 57A 57A
1552	SM6BCD FR30J 56A 54A

YU7AZ-AURORA 06.09.1982-JF8pf

Work
13.26 G 4 IJE 57A/52A AL12g ODX 1642 km
PA 0 FTF 55A/41A CK100
59 DL 6 BF 57A/54A DM570
14.01 DK 2 PH 55A/53A EL033
16 G 4 ISM 59A/54A AL56h
17 PA 3 BRS 57A/57A CL70c
27 DF 7 DJ 59A/55A DL39a
29 DL 6 DAR 57A/52A EL22j
32 PA 0 ERV 57A/54A CL48b
35 PA 0 RDY 57A/55A CM45c
41 DL 9 GS 59A/55A DL47g
51 PA 3 AAN 55A/52A CL48b
15.01 PA 3 ATZ 55A/52A CM72g
48 PA 2 VST 57A/52A CM24j

HRD
14.25 DF7DJ-OK2WEE 55A/59A
DL39a JJ51g
DK 0 TU - GM37e
DK 1 PZ - EL59g
DK 2 ZF - DN37g
DJ 4 AX
PA 3 BSK- DL04a
PE 1 AGJ- DK01f
PA 0 COM - DN54g
DK 4 TG - DL63h
15.10 DK 6 AS - FM04d
PA 3 BBV- CM66g
G 4 IYA - AL
G 4 FUF - AI22j
DG 1 BP - SSB -

txr for info, dr Zlatko !

UQ2GEK(MR20d) wkd via Aurora on 144 mhz in CW :

090183

1710	SM3GXM	59a	59a	HX63h
25	LA6QBA	54a	55a	FT05c
35	OH3XI	59a	59a	LU19g
36	OH3RW	59a	59a	MU24b
1942	LA9UX	59a	59a	FU76f
45	LA1K	53a	53a	FX42c
47	OH1LA	59a	59a	KV49f
50	OH7IQ	55a	55a	NX29j
53	OH4EA	55a	55a	NW49j
2022	SM4GVF	56a	56a	HT76a
36	SM3COL	59a	59a	MT06f
41	OH1BJ	57a	59a	KV49g
57	OH6CY	57a	57a	MW70h
2112	SM3KJO	59a	59a	JW02a
19	LA5MK	55a	55a	FX43g
21	SM2CPF	57a	57a	KX11a
30	SM3AKW	59a	59a	JW31h
35	SM4LMV	54a	54a	HT76g
38	OH6PA	56a	55a	KW47a
44	SM3IZB	57a	55a	JX54e
47	SM0DCX	59a	59a	IT70b
49	SM2ILF	55a	55a	KY26e
52	SM3ICU	59a	57a	JX54j
54	OH2BX	55a	55a	MU46h

160183

1305	SK2KW	57a	57a	KY65c
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040283

2020	OZ4EM	57a	59a	HP64e
25	SM1MUT	59a	59a	JR42d
35	OH1BS	57a	57a	LU42e
40	UA3MBJ	59a	59a	SS78e
45	OZ3GW	55a	56a	FQ21a
50	OZ1EYX	59a	59a	GQ73h
2102	SM4NEL	55a	56a	HS94g
15	UA3LBO	55a	55a	QO21
20	SM5CAK	57a	57a	HS36h

050283

0935	SM3AKW	59a	59a	JW31h
40	OH1ZAA	57a	58a	KV39h
42	OH4UC	59a	59a	NV17a

050283

0943	OH7UK	55a	59a	OW39d
45	OH7QA	57a	57a	NW19g
50	SM5CFS	57a	57a	IT24j
1415	PA3BXH	55a	55a	CM19j
21	OK1KKH	57a	57a	HJ66c
50	LA3su	57a	59a	FT12g
55	LA8SJ	57a	57a	FT05j
1505	PA2VST	55a	55a	CM24j
10	SK7JD	55a	59a	IR14f
20	SM5ARQ	57a	59a	HT79f
21	SM6LWS	57a	57a	GR72h
55	RQ2GAG	57a	59a	MQ01g
57	SM0KHE	57a	54a	JT51f
2202	LA1K	55a	55a	FX42c
08	OH6AD	59a	59a	MW69g
30	OH7TN	57a	59a	OV15h
35	SM4MI	59a	59a	GT39e
37	SM5MIX	55a	55a	HS66g
47	SM3JAW	59a	59a	JX56f
50	SM3IZD	55a	57a	JX54e
53	SM2CPF	55a	56a	KX11a
57	SM2BLD	57a	59a	JX09d
2310	LA7KK	53a	53a	FU62j
12	SM3IZD	59a	59a	JX54e

070283

1432	OH1OU	59a	59a	LV54e
41	OH2BGD	59a	59a	MU55f
43	SM5MI	59a	59a	HS76b
47	SM7GWU	55a	55a	HS75c
55	LA8SJ	57a	57a	FT05j
59	OH6KJ	55a	59a	MW59e
1500	OH2BYA	55a	59a	MU46f
03	OZ1EYE	55a	59a	FQ41h
05	UA1AP	55a	55a	PT23h
15	SM3AZV	59a	59a	IX79e
20	OZ4VV	55a	57a	EQ17a
25	SK7JD	57a	59a	IR14f

tnx fer info. dr NICKOLAY

Continued from page 200 :

PA2CHR (CL09b) wkd > 600 km:

8.5.		19.6.		31.7.		SM6GWA	FS	LA6LCA	FT
HB9BA/p	Dh	SM6FYU	GQ	G4DDL/p	YK	SM4FXR	HT	11.8.	
HB9MIN/p	DH	30.7.		7.8.		SM6HCO	GR	G4SWT	ZP
18.6.		OZ1IVw	FQ	GM3YGF/p	YQ	SK6AB	FR	G6UPZ	ZP
SM6CWM	GR	OZ1ABE	GP	10.8.					
SM6CEN	FR	OZ1CFO		ER					

tnx fer info

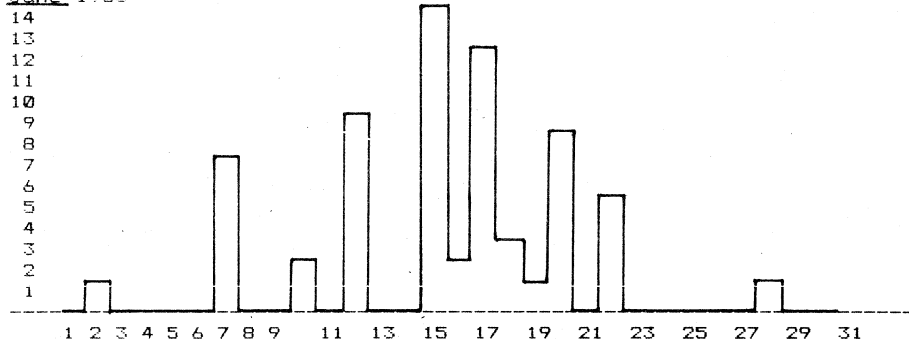
E_s INFORMATION

by DL7QY

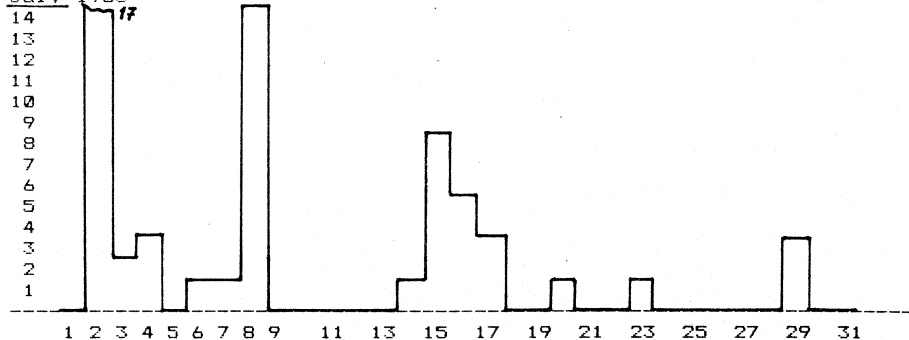
Summary Es Report Season 1983

First of all many thanks to all amateurs who sent their Es activity report from the 1983 season. For every day, when Es appear we will show a map indrawn the contacts with a comment below when something strange happened or when rare stations could be worked. Now, the histogram below this text shows the Es activity in respect of the sent activity reports. Vertically scaled is the number of received reports from different stations. As you can see three significant maxima of Es activity in 1983. The first from June 15th to 20th, the second from July 2nd to the 8th and the third from 14th to 17th.

June 1983



July 1983

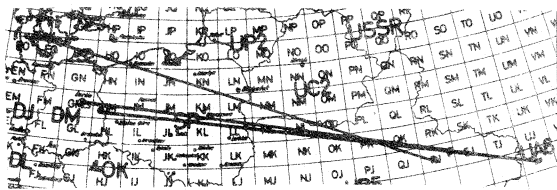


August 1983

4
3
2
1

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 11 13 15 17 19 21 23 25 27 29 31

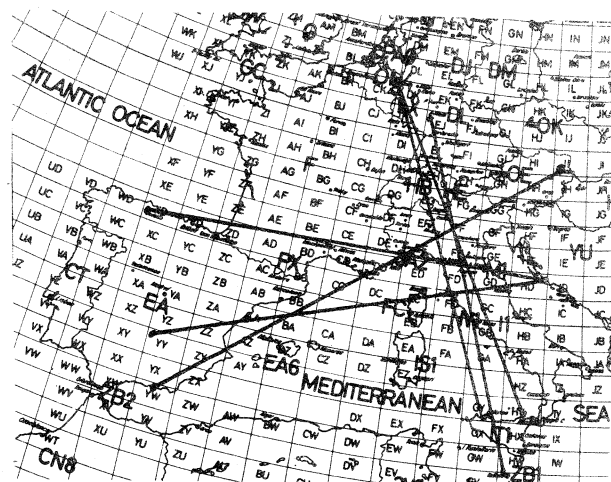
June 2nd



OZ3ZW (F018e) wkd at 1720
UB5HCU in RJ 599 599 and
at 1721 RB51JR 27 599 559.
DL7YS (GM46b) wkdat 1657
RB5LGX RK 559 579 and at
1706 UB5LNR RJ20f 59 59.
Y22ME (HM53b) wkd 1653
RB5LGX RK50g 599 599. 1654
RB5LAA SJ01h 599 599. 1656
UK5IEC TI32f 559 599. 1659

UB5EDS RI56a 549 599. 1701 UB5LNR RJ20j 59 59. 1702 RB5EHB RI56a 57 59.
1704 RA6LRR UI03g 599 599. 1708 RB5LFB SJ12h 559 599 and 1718 UB5IEI SI
569 599. Unfortunately there are no reports from Northern or Southern
Europe, so we can't say where the reflection center was located, but it
seemed to be somewhere above the border between SP and UC2 land.

June 7th



DK2LM (EJ21f) wkd at
1335 IW9ANS 59 59. 1336
9H1BT HV12b 59 59. 1340
IT9VKL GY73d 59 59 and
at 1342 IT9GSF GY77c 59
59.
PA3BIY (CM72c) wkd at
1412 IW9AQS in GX13g 59
59 SSB.
PA0HWM (CK10e) wkd at
1322 9H4P HW72f 59 59.
1324 9H1BT HV16b 59 59.
1330 IW9ANS GX25a 59
59. 1337 IT9VHS GX24j,
1335 9H1CG HV13b 59 59.
1338 IT9VKL GY73d 59
59. 1334 IT9GSF GY77c
59 59. hrd IT9LFR HW13f
and at 1400 hrd IW9AQS
GX13g.
OE1RKU (II63) wkd at
1430 EA6FB AY07j. 1455
EA5CET ZX07f. 1503

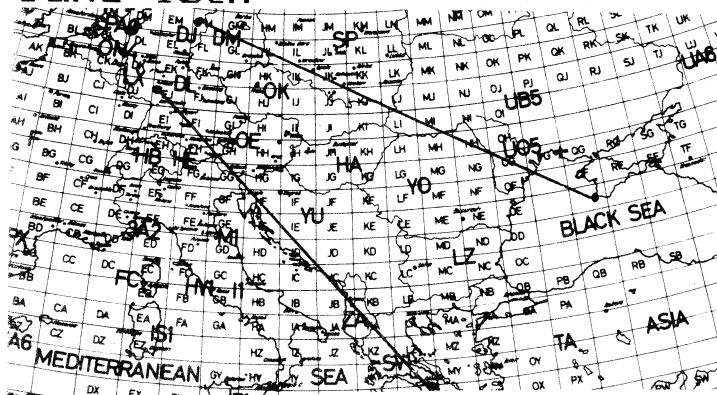
EA5YS ZZ68j, 1513 EA5BPC ZY46c, 1518 EA5EB ZY28b, 1523 EA5YE ZZ79j and
1524 EA5BAX ZZ79j.

OE1APS (II63g) wkd at 1450 EA5CET ZX07f. 1455 EA5DFY AY11j. 1458 EB7NK
YW28a. 1459 EA5YS ZZ68j. 1501 EA6FB AY07j. 1505 EB5BOD ZY57g. 1506
EA5BPC ZY46c. 1508 EA5DGC ZX04h. 1515 EB5AZT ZY10h. 1520 EA5EB ZY28e.
1525 EB5YE ZZ79j. 1525 EB5EX ZZ79j and 1527 EA5YS ZZ68j.

YU2JL (HD30a) wkd at 1345 EB5AKT ZY10h 55 55. 1349 EA6FB AY07j 59 59.

1406 EB7NK YW28g 59 59, 1409 EA6AU BZ55d 599 599, 1414 EA5DGC ZX 59 59,
 1415 EB5YE Z779j 59 59, 1416 EB5BAX Z779j 59 59, 1421 EB3AJG AB34h 59
 59, 1422 EA3DVI ZY10h 59, 1423 EA7AG YW 59, 1429 EA5DFY AY11j 59 59,
 1430 EA5BPC ZY47c 59, 1436 EA5YS ZZ68j 59 59, 1439 EB5BAE ?? 57, 1444
 EA1TH YC48c 59 59, 1451 CT1AOW WA34e 59 59, 1452 EA1OD XD32d 59 59,
 1452 EA1KC XD32d 59 59, 1453 EB1WV XD32d 59 59, 1456 EA1ED VD59h 59 59,
 1503 EA2TL ZC12b 59 59, 1509 EA3AXV BB51a 59 59, 1511 EA3BBU ?? 59,
 1511 EA4APX YZ45j 59, 1513 EA2TL ZC12b 59 59, 1521 EA4APX YZ45j 59 59,
 1522 EA4APW YY01a 59 59, 1526 EA3BTZ BB41e 59 59, 1526 EA3IH AB 59 59
 and 1527 EB5BSY AA71f 59 59.

June 10th



DK2LM (EJ21f)

wkd at 1636
 SV1DH MX01g 59
 59 and 1637
 SV1EX LX09a 59
 56.

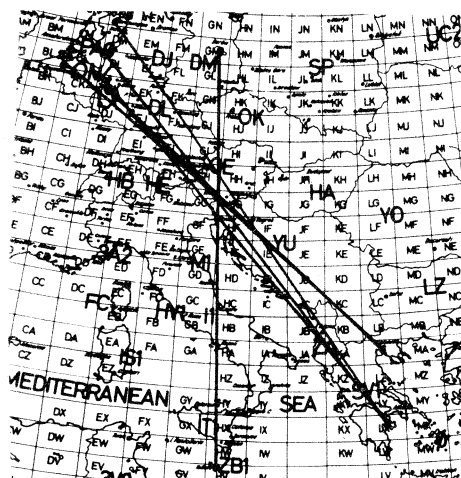
DK6AS (FM44d)

wkd at 1745
 RB5JAX QE38j 59
 59.

Verv few
 contacts took
 place at this
 afternoon,
 limited in a
 time of two
 hours but at
 least two
 different

reflection areas.

June 12th



DF9PY/p (DK65g) wkd at 1234 SV1EX
 LX09a 55 hrd, 1235 SV2LJ LA35c 59 59
 and 1236 SV2JT LA25d 59 59.
 D67FZ (QTH??) wkd at 1247 SV10D
 LX19c.

DK2LM (EJ21f) wkd at 1234 SV2JL
 LA35h 59 59 and 1236 SV2JT LA25d 59
 58.

DL7YS (GM46b) wkd at 1504 9H4P HW72e
 57 55, 1513 9H1CG HV13b 59 59, 1513
 9H1ED HV03b 59 58, 1523 9H1FL HV13a
 59 57, 1224 9H1ES HV13a 59 58, 1533
 9H1CD HV03e 59 59, 1533 9H1GB hrd HV
 599, 1602 SV3QD hrd LY43f 59, 1610
 EA6AU BZ55d 599 599, 1645 EA3LL
 AB65j 599 599, 1648 EA3AIR BB41e 599
 559, 1655 170GB hrd IB65d 59 and
 1642 EA1BCB hrd WD64a 59.

ON5QW (BL80f) wkd at 1240 SV2JL
 LA35c 57 59 and 1247 SV2JT LA25j 58
 58.

FA0KDV (DN71f) wkd at 1343 SV1EX in
 LX.

FA0HWM (CK10e) wkd at 1236 SV1EX LX09a 59 59, 1238 SV2JL LA26c 59 59
 and 1240 SV2JT LA25d 59 59.

PA3BIY (CM72c) wkd at 1310 SV10E LX10a 55 57 with 10W.

PE1BNK (CM76e) wkd at 1235 SV1EX LX09a 59 59 2127 km and at 1317 SV10E LX10a 59 59 2137 km.

On the picture above you will see that the reflection centre on the June 12th was above OE and Northern YU land. QSO's between UC/HA and Spain must have been possible, but no reports came in.

June 15th

DK2LM (EJ21f) wkd at 1331 SV1DH (LX09a) 58 57, 1342 SV1LY (LX09e) 55 55, 1351 SV1JZ LY79a 56 56, 1357 SV9LM MV46d 59 53 Crete! and 1416 SV30D LY 59 59.

DK6AS (FM44d) wkd at 1505 IW9AOR HY58j 59 59, 1524 IT9AJH HY68c 57 58, 1526 IT9MRJ HY68b 59 59, 1554 SV30D LY43f 57 59, 1603 9H4P HW72f 59 59, 1623 SV1EX LX09a 59 59, 1644 hrd YU4BMN 59, 1645 SV4LD LZ11a 55 57, 1653 SV8JE KY53f 59 57, 1656 SV80H KY53e 59 55 and 1708 hrd SV4LD LZ11a 56.

F1DQK (BI23a) wkd at 1249 SV1DH LX09a 59 59, 1520 SV1EX LX09a 59 59, 1546 SV30D LY43f (used vertical polarization) 54 54, 1606 SV1JE KY53e 52 52, 1608 IT9X?? hrd, 1612 IW9AIG GY 59 hrd, 1615 IT9ADN 5i hrd, 1616 9H1BT hrd, 1624 hrd IW8PCW, 1634 hrd Y07DFC and Y07CGI, 1700 LZ2FR LD05a 52 hrd, 1701 LZ2FA ND40g 52 57, 1713 Y04AUL OE 53 hrd, 2005

YU7NTU KF42d 52 55 and 2007 YU1QNS KE13e 55 55.

G3LTF (AL21g) wkd at 1650 IT9VMT/m HX55a 58 59, 1656 IW8PCW HY79a 58 59, 1708 I0XPS GB13a 58 59, 1709 I0UCM GB30 58 59, 1710 IBYVZ HY40a 59 59, 1712 IC8EGO HA32g 58 59, 1725 IBMSY HA22d 599 599 and 1730 U05?? 539 hrd.

PA0HWM (CK10e) wkd at 1600 18TUS IZ52f 59 59, 1610 18JKI IZ52g 59 59, 1630 IS0DKU EZ66a 59 59, 1635 YU1PRV

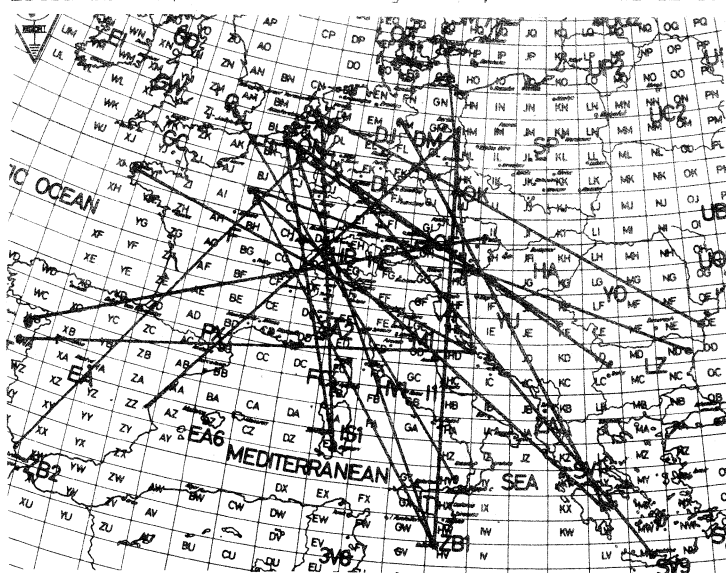
KD16j hrd, 1635 IS0AGY EZ66e hrd, 1635 YU1AOP hrd and 1710 YU1EXY KE13j 55 59.

PA0KDV (DN71f) wkd at 1645 IS0SCB EZ, 1650 YU1IW KE, 1657 SV1EX LX, 1701 SV4LD LZ and 1734 Y06AFP MG.

PA3BIY (CM72c) wkd at 1616 IS0AGY EZ66b 59 59, 1628 IS0DKU EZ66a 59 59, 1652 Y02FP KF27e 59 59, 1648 LZ2XU MD44e 599 559 and 1658 Y07DL LE60g 599 599.

PE1AAP (CM67d) wkd at 1717 YU100 KC10b 59 59 1603 km, 1723 LZ2VR LD05a 59 59 1581 km and 1748 Y04AUL OE54g 55 57 1919 km.

PE1BNK (CM76e) wkd at 1351 EA7DBP WW39e 59 59 1942 km, 1355 EB7AYQ



WW30j 59 59 1918 km. 1628 IS0AGY EZ66a 59 59 1455 km. 1634 IS0RHF EZ67h 59 59 1457 km. 1636 YU100 KC10b 59 59 1611 km. 1638 IS0DKU EZ66a 59 59 1455 km. 1641 YU1PRV KD16d 59 59 1503 km. 1649 YU7KMN JF16e 59 59 1234 km. 1710 YU10HW KD06c 59 59 1585 km. 1716 IW1AKP/IF9 GX02j 59 59 1663 km and 1743 UB5JIN RE01f 59 59 2257 km.

OE1APS (II163q) wkd at 1706 EA4JR YA44h, 1709 EA2AX ZB26e, 1717 EA2EG YC17a hrd and 1719 CT1WW WB63b hrd.

ON4YZ (CK53e) wkd at 1324 SV1EX LX09a 57 59, 1327 SV1DH LX09a 59 52, 1347 EB7AYQ WW30j 59 59, 1348 EA7NT/mm (m/m Marocco coast) 58 59, 1407 SV1SD LY 54 55, 1417 SV1IW LX09b 57 57, 1434 YU1SOM ?? 59 59, 1438 7X2AP 52 hrd, 1550 IS0YH EZ66a 59 hrd, 1622 IT9LOM ?? 59 hrd, 1632 YU7AU KE14h 59 59, 1633 YU10AM KE13j 59 59, 1634 YU1PPF KE42a 59 59, 1636 YU1BKL KE13j 56 59, 1706 9H1CD HV03e 56 59, 1658 YU10HV KD06c 59 59, 1711 LZ2VR LD05d 59 59 and 1712 IW9AIG GX02j 59 59.

ON5QW (BL80f) wkd at 1609 IS0SCB EZ66a 55 59, 1612 IS0RHF EZ67h 59 59, 1641 LZ2AR LD58c 58 59, 1653 IW1AKP/IF9 GX02j 59 59, 1658 9H1GB HV13a 59 59 and 1704 IW9AIG GY67d 59 59.

Y22ME (HMS3a) wkd at 1523 9H4P HW72j 57 58, 1532 9H1FL HV13a 58 59, 1544 IT90AA GY67c 57 59, 1607 IW0AKP/IF9 GX02j 57 55, 1647 EB3AJG AB34h 57 59, 1648 EA5YF ZZ 58 59, 1654 IBTUS IZ52f 59 59, 1657 IK8BG6 IZ51c 59 59 and 1716 EA6AU BZ55d 59 59.

YU2JL (HD30a) wkd at 1511 CT1AUW WA34e 59 55, 1516 CT1WW WB64b 59 59, 1621 G3?EV 59 hrd, 1631 F1GHP ZG65c 59 59, 1635 OZ1D00 GP23h 59 59, 1639 F1FHI ZH63f 59, 1646 F6ETZ ZH63q 59 59, 1653 F6CCH ZG11a 59, 1655 F1EAN AB22f 59, 1657 F1DPU/m ?? 59 59, 1702 F6HPP YI35d 59 59, 1702 F6EQQ YI13d 59 59, 1708 F1FHI ZH63f 59 59, 1710 F1GXB XI48e 59 59, 1711 F6ETI YH34a 59 59 and 1825 GW4LXO YL 59.

June 15th was one of the best Es days in 1983 as you can see in the picture: a lot of contacts across whole Europe took place.

June 16th

Two contacts were reported only between YU2JL (HD30a) who hrd at 1855 F1JG in CD 33 and DK6AS (FM44d) who hrd at 1729 IW9AJD (??) 559. There must have been a small reflection area above the "GD" square in the late afternoon.

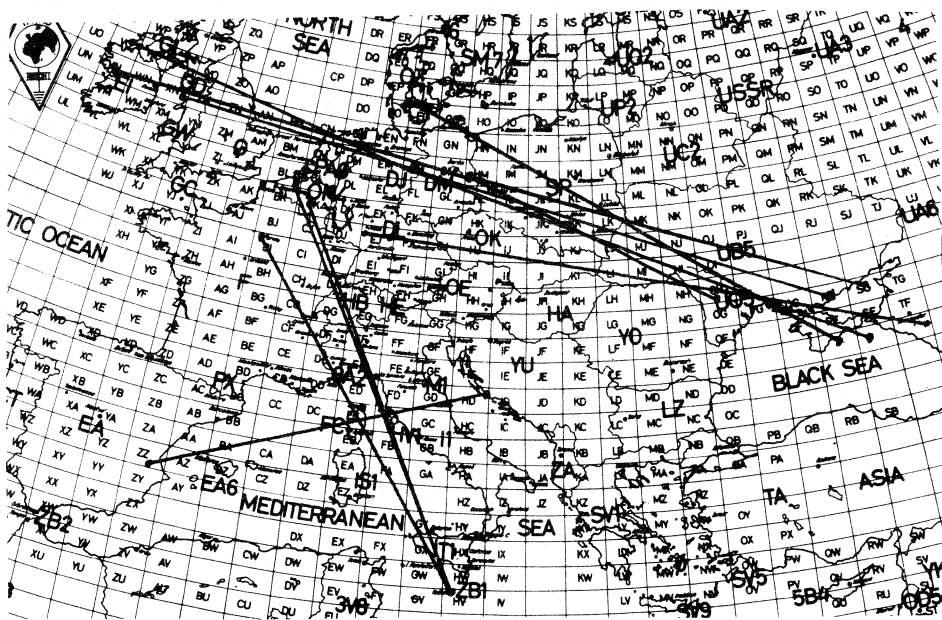
June 17th

DF60B (FM44c) wkd at 1604 UB5GFS RG, 1616 UA6YAF TE, 1625 EI4CL WN, 1627 EJ0WCY VN, 1629 GW8FKB XN, 1630 EI5BLB VN, 1635 EI4CL WN, 1638 EI5DD VN, 1640 called by mni GW stns, 1642 UB5JIN RE, 1643 UY5HF QG, 1643 GW6DDB XN, 1648 UB5JIZ QF, 1650 EI3BNB WN, 1651 UB5GFS RG, 1654 UA6BAC SE, 1658 RB5JAX QE, 1706 UA6ACG TE, 1708 UB5JIMZ RE, 1710 UY5HF QG, 1713 RB5GRP RG and 1738 EI8EF VO.

DG7FZ (QTH??) wkd at 1654 UA6LJV TH69d, 1708 GM6UNJ WR44h and 1717 RB5QGL SG15f.

DK2LM (EJ21f) wkd at 1634 UA6YAF TE30h 559 579, 1636 UB5ICR SH39h 599 599, 1643 UK6LDZ TH65c 599 599, 1644 UB5IOB TH23b 599 599, 1650 UA6LJV TH 59 59, 1652 UA6LGH TH65a 599 589, 1655 UW6MA TH69c 59 59, 1711 UB5EFN RH22j 559 559, 1713 UB5IMM SH37b 599 599 and 1731 UB5EFQ QH08d 599 599.

DK6AS (FM44d) wkd at 1603 UB5GFS RG 53 57, 1616 UA6AEF UE 55 57, 1625 EJ0WCY VN62d 59 59, 1628 UB5JIZ QF18j 59 59, 1629 GW8FKB XN 57 hrd, 1630 UB5JIMZ RE01f 59 59, 1645 UK6YAG TE30h 599 599, 1646 UA6BAC SE29e 559 579, 1650 EI4KUI WN60g 599 599, 1657 UA6BAC SE29e 559 599, 1701 UY5HF QG 599 599, 1708 UA6ACG TE 559 599, 1710 RB5GIY ?? 579 599, 1712 UB5GAN QG 599 599, 1718 UB5GFS RG 59 59 and 1719 RB5GRP RG73f 55 59.

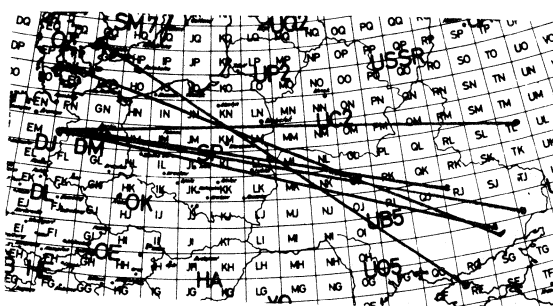


F1DQK (BI23a) wkd at 1542 9H1BT HV 53 53, 1543 9H1FL HV13j 59 53, 1543 9H1ED HV13e 59 59, 1545 9H4HP ?? 53, 1550 IT9JLU HX36e, 1553 IW9AB ?? 53 hrd, 1557 IT9LFR HV53e 53 57 and 1604 IT9YLU HX36e hrd.
 QN4YZ (CK53e) wkd at 1547 9H1BT HV12b 59 59, 1553 9H1GB HV13a 57 59, 1604 IT9 hrd and 1926 PA3BWY/mm in QO 59 59.
 QNSQW (BL80f) wkd at 1548 9H1BT HV12b 59 59, 1551 9H1CD HV 59 59 and 1552 9H1GB HV 59 59.
 QZ3ZW (FO18e) wkd at 1638 UB5JIN RE 59 59 and 1729 UB5FDF OF55d 59 59.
 PAQHWM (CK10e) heard at 1700 RB5LGX.
 YU2JL (HD30a) wkd at 1735 EA5YS ZZ68j 59 59, 1738 EA5WD ZZ 59 hrd, 1750 EB5BAX ZZ79j 59 59, 1750 EB5YE ZZ79j 59 59, 1759 EA5DHF ZZ 59 59, 1802 EA5WD ZZ 59 hrd and 1804 EA5CBN ?? 55 hrd.
 Y22ME (HM53a) wkd at 1630 EJ0WCY VN62d 59 59, 1623 UK6YAG TH30h 579 599, 1625 UB5JIN R001h 59 59, 1628 EI4CL WN60d 559 569, 1636 UB5JMZ RE01f 57 59, 1638 UB5JIZ QF18j 57 59, 1643 UY5HF QG 57 59, 1646 RB5JAX QE38j 59 59, 1653 U050GX OH74d 59 59, 1653 UY5HF QG 59 59, 1700 RB5QGI SG15f 57 59 and 1732 GI4SXV W043d 57 59.

At least three separated reflection areas over Europe on the June 17th. One above the southern part of North Sea, the second over FC land and a third above southeastern Poland. On this day there was a really good chance to work via a double hop from the UA6 area into G or eI land, as you can see on the map several contacts were made from Berlin into southeastern as well as into northwestern direction.

June 18th

DK6AS (FM44d) wkd at 1820 UA3QHS TL27b 559 599, 1830 RB5LGX RK50g 599 599, 1831 RB5IOJ SH10a 599 hrd, 1834 RB5LAK SK 559 559, 1638 UK5IHE TI71d 599 599, 1841 UB5LNR RJ20f 59 59, 1842 UB5AAM RL 599 599 and 1847 UA6LJV TH 59 59.

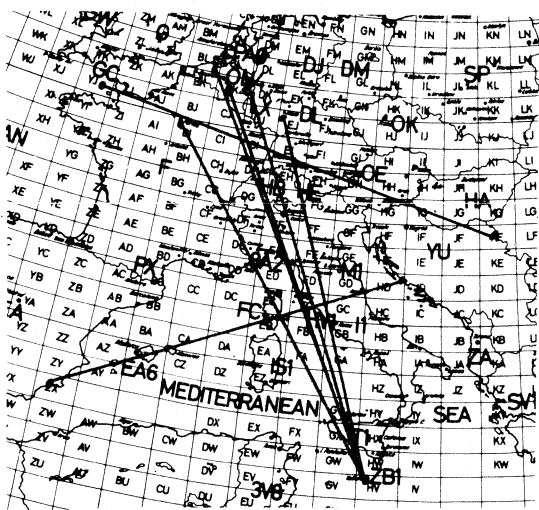


599, 1834 UB5QDM RH44h 599 599, 1842 UB5QCD RH07c 599 579 and 1845 UB5VEP QI26b 57 57.

June 19th

One single report arrived for the June 19th when DF60B in FM44c heard at 0935z F1JG in CD square.

June 20th



QZ1EYX (GQ73h) wkd at 1828
RB5JAX QE38j 59 55, 1829
UB5JIN RE01f 59 59, 1832
UB5GFS R651c 59 59, 1840
RB5JAX QE38j 59 59, 1841
UY5HF QG24f 59 55, 1842
UB5JMX RE01f 55 55, 1843
UB5GFS R651c 59 59, 1844
UB5GCF QG 59 59 and 1845
UB5JIZ QF18j 55 59.

QZ3ZW (F018e) wkd at 1816
RB5IOJ SH10a 599 599, 1817
UB5HCU RJ 559 ?, 1825 UB5GCF
QG 59 59, 1830 UA6LOV TH5??
599 599, 1833 UK5?NN ?? 599

YU70QC KF42d 59 59 and 1715 YU7QDM KF42d 59 59.

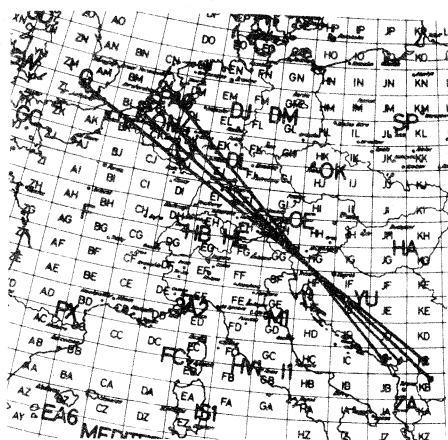
QN4YZ (CK53e) wkd at 1733 IWIAPK/p/IF9 GX02j 59 59, 1734 9H1BT HV12b 59 59, 1736 9H1CD HV03e 59 59, 1744 9H1ED ?? 59 57, 1751 I02CJ GX02j 59 57 and 1838 9H1CD HV03e 59 59.

QNSQW (BL80f) wkd at 1742 9H16K HV 59 59.

PA0HWM (CK10e) hrd at 1825 9H1CD, wkd at 1828 9H16B HV13a 59 59 and hrd at 1838 9H1BT HV16b.

YU2JL (HD30a) wkd at 1942 EA6FS BZ35g 59 and 1952 EA5D6C ZX 59.

June 22nd



F1DQK (BI23a) wkd at 1648 Y02FF KF27h 59, 1649 HG3NX JG44d 59, 1651 Y07CJI LF77f 58, 1653 YU7EW KF24f 59, 1655 Y02BB KF27h 59, 1700 Y07QEC KF76f 59, 1702 Y02IS KF17e 59, 1704 HG8CJ K663a 55, 1706 YU7JUV JF80f 55, 1711 YU7QDS JF28f 52, 1714 YU7KMN JF16e 53 and 1737 YK8VS 2251.

G3LTF (AL21g) wkd at 1711 YU5CXY KC79a 59 59 and 1732 YU6ZAH JC47h 59 59.

ON5QW (BL80f) wkd at 1640 YU1PRV KD13d 55 59, 1642 YU2CB JF53g 59 59, 1657 YU4WFM JE35 57 59, 1704 YU5YR KB08a 57 59 and 1708 YU100 KC10b 59 59.

PA0HWM (CK10e) wkd at 1637 YU1NDL JF hrd and 1705 YU6ZAH JC47h 59 59.

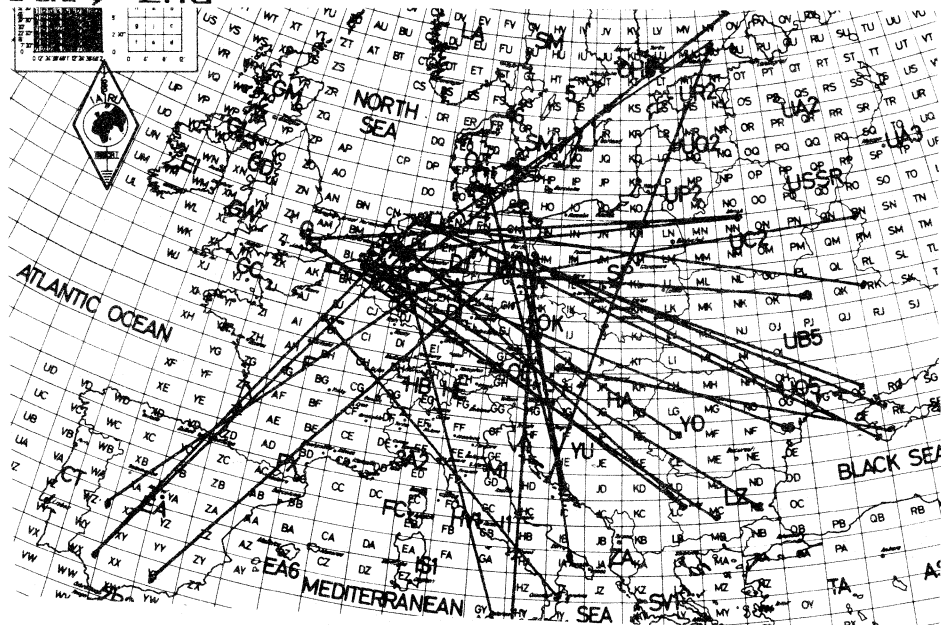
PE1BNK (CM76e) wkd at 1656 YU6ZAH JC47h 59 59 1499 km.

was a very sharp point as the map beside shows. above the southwestern part from the "HG" qth square in YU land.

June 28th

The only station who reported Es activity on the June 28th was PA0HWM in CK10e. He heard at 1510 LZ2KBI in LD Square.

July 2nd



DF9PY/p (DK64b) wkd at 1721 RA3YCR RN52f 599 599 and 1753 LZ1? ?? 599 599 QRM.

DG7FZ wkd at 1052 9H1ED HV03e, 1145 ED7YDG YX74g and 1227 EA4AAW WZ49g.

DL7YS (GM46b) wkd at 1234 ED7YDG YX74g 57 hrd, 1941 RB5JAX QE38j 59 59, 1942 UB5JLG QE38j 59 59, 1944 UB5JMZ RE01f 59 58, 1948 U05APD OG05h 599 599, 1949 UB5JIN RE01f 59 59, 1951 U05TA OH75f 59 59 and 2117 YU2CBM ID33f 55 59.

DK6AS (FM44d) wkd at 1241 EA4AAW WZ49g 59 59, 1310 CT1BZT VY 57 56, 1311 CT1AUW WZ4e 59 59, 1312 CT4PI VZ38j 59 59, 1616 LZ2AR/p LD44a 599 599, 1714 UC2AAB NN 599 599 and 1818 UB5GBY ?? 59 59.

F1DQK (BI23a) wkd at 0956 I8TUS IZ52f 59.

G3LTF (AL21g) wkd at 1658 UC2ABN NN18e 599 599, 1659 UC2ABH NN?? 599 599, 1738 LZ1AG MC64e 599 599, 1740 UC2AAB NN18e 559 ???, 1711 - 1729 hrd UC2AA, 1746 LZ2VAB/p LD 59 599, 1747 LZ1AG MC64e 59 59 and 1750 LZ1UB MC49g 559 599.

OE1RKU (II63f) wkd at 1843 UB5JIN RE01f, 1847 UB5JD RE01f, 1850 RB5JAX QE38j, 1855 UB5JMZ RE01f and 1905 UB5JLG QE38j.

ON5QW (BL80f) wkd at 1053 SV8JE KY53e 52 52, 1131 9H1BT HV12b 59 59, 1300 EB7KU WX 59 57, 1740 UT5BN PK43e 599 599, 1741 LZ1LW/p LC47h 559 589, 1742 LZ1TJ/p LC37j 559 599, 1804 LZ2KDZ LC 559 599, 1812 LZ1XS NC48a 559 599 and 2125 Y09AFE/p MF36j 559 599.

OZ1EYX (GQ73h) wkd at 2120 I7TBF in IA64a 59 59 and at 2122 YU2CBM ID33f 57 59.

OZ3ZW (FD18e) wkd at 2036 YU7KWX JF80f 559 599 and 2104 YU4EBL/4 ID38b 599 599.

PA0HWM (CK10e) wkd at 1048 IT9SAS HY68d 59 59, 1105 9H1CG HV13h 55 55, 1810 OH3MF MU23j 559 579, 1815 OH4YA OW43e 599 599 and 1950 UB5GBY OG24b hrd.

PA0KDV (DN71f) wkd at 1300 EA7PZ WX, 1302 EB7KU WX, 1608 LZ1DX MC, 1700 RB5LIO ??, 1724 RA3YCR RN, 1725 UC2ABT NN, 1726 UC2AAB NN, 1729 RB5LGX RK, 1734 UK5ABN RK, 1748 RB5JAX QE, 1805 UB5GBY OG, 1921 UB5LNR RJ, 2055 LZ2FA ND, 2104 LZ1AG MC, 2105 LZ2AR/p LD, 2108 LZ2FR/p LD, 2112 Y07DLB LE, 2114 LZ2QS/p LD, 2117 YU1IW KE, 2120 LZ2KBI/p LE, 2121 YU20B JF and 2133 YU10HK.

PA2REH (CM54h) wkd at 1748 LZ1LW LC27h CW and 1753 LZ1KSC LC67b CW.

PA3BIY (CM72c) wkd with 2W! at 1650 UC2AAB NN18e 599 599 and then with 10W at 1733 RB5LGX RK50g 599 599, 1735 YU5QG/5 LB13j 599 599, 2120 Y07KAJ LF35a 599 599 and 2123 Y03JJ NE41c 599 599.

PE1AAP (CM67d) wkd at 1026 9H1BT HV12b 59 59 1649 km.

PE1BNK (CM76e) wkd at 0959 9H1CG HV13b 59 59, 1301 EA7PZ WX50e 59 59 1846 km, 1707 UC2ABT NN 59 59, 1710 UC2AAB NN18c 59 59 1513 km, 1742 OH5TS NU47b 59 59 1653 km, 1754 OH5IY NU03d 59 59 1634 km, 2104 Y02FP KF27h 59 59 1367 km, 2114 Y02BUG KG66f 59 59 1327 km and 2121 Y02AMU LF47c 59 59 1521 km.

YU2JL (HD30a) wkd at 1732 OH5IY NU03a 599 599 and 2122 SM7DKF GP 59 59.

Y22ME (HM53a) wkd at 1143 EB4AEM YZ 57 59, 1227 EA5SE ZY45e 57 59, 1233 ED7YDG YX74d 55 59 2197 km, 1252 CT1AUW VA50c 57 59 ?, 1952 RB5JAX QE38j 57 59, 1953 UB5JIN RE01h 59 59 and 1956 UB5JLG QE38j 59 59.

As the map shows, a lot of Es activity took place on the July 2nd. The whole E layer was strong ionized over a wide range. Remarkable was that QSO's were made until the late evening up to 2133 GMT! Such rare constellation took place only on this July 2nd in 1983.

July 3rd

Two reports were received only for the July 3rd from ON5QW (BL80f) when he wkd at 0949 LZ1AG MC64e 59 59 and from G3LTF when he wkd at 1044 LZ2NV/p in MC08d 559 599, 1048 LZ2FR LD14a 559 559 and at 1140 YU7BCD/p

KD35g 559 ?.

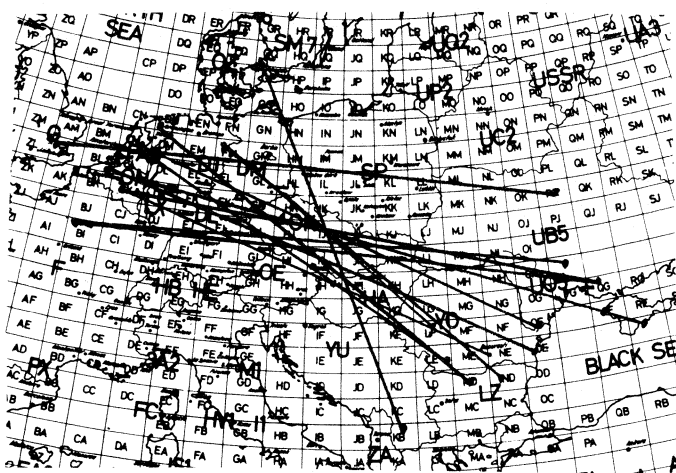
July 6th

One station reports Es activity only for the July 6th. YU2JL (HD30a) managed to work F1JG in CD 53 51.

July 7th

Also one station only reports Es activity for the July 7th. DL7YS in Berlin wkd at 1850 EA1TA VD58b 59 59.

July 8th



DF60B (FM44c) hrd at 1536 Y02BUG and 1542 LZ2FA ND. DG7FZ wkd at 1456 LZ2FA ND40g, 1520 UB5JIN RE01f, 1529 UB5EFS RI59 and 1544 UB5ZBQ PH27d. DK6AS (FM44d) wkd at 1507 LZ2AX LD68a 599 599, 1508 LZ2AR LD68c 599 599, 1510 LZ1AG MC64e 599 599, 1547 LZ2FA ND 599 599, 1550 Y05BPE/p LF25f 599 599 and 1608 Y04?? ?75b 55 59. F1DQK (BI23a) wkd at 1515 UB5GCF QG 52, 1536 UB5GBY QG 52, 1538 UB5ZBQ PH27d 58.

G3LTF (AL21g) wkd at 1613 UT5BN PK43e 559 559 and 1631 UB5PAZ ML 559 599.

PA0HWM (CK10e) wkd at 1457 LZ2FA ND40g 59 59, 1537 UB5FDF OF55d 59 59, 1545 UB5JIN RE01f 59 59, 1545 Y04AOL OE64g hrd. 1545 UB5GBY QG24d hrd. PA0KDV (DN71f) wkd at 1534 LZ1ZH MD, 1538 LZ2FA ND and 1542 Y04AUL OE.

PA2REH (CM54h) wkd at 1548 UB5FDF OF55d SSB.

PA3BIY (CM72c) wkd at 1520 Y06CBN/6 MG64a 59 59 (not complete, lost in qsb) and 1634 UT5BN PK43e 599 599.

PE1AAP wkd at 1545 UB5FDF in OF55d 59 59 1882 km.

PE1BNK (CM76e) wkd at 1459 Y07DL in LE60g 59 59 1625 km.

DN4YZ (CK53e) wkd at 1500 LZ2FA ND30g 559 579, 1506 Y03JJ NE41c 599 599, 1519 UB5JIW RF71g 599 599, 1543 UB5JIN RE01f 54 56, 1545 UB5GBY QG?? 52 59, 1546 UY5HF QG24f 57 56 and 1547 UB5GCF QG?? 59 59. Hrd CT stations and CN8 in WT square.

Q11EYX (GQ73h) wkd at 1508 YU5NR KB08a 59 59, 1509 YU5XPJ KB08g 55 59, 1604 YU10YA ?? 59 59 and 1608 Y02IS KF17e 59 59.

July 14th

Only one report arrived for the July 14th from DE1APS (II63g). Alfred wkd at 1545 IW9AJZ/IH9 GW11g, 1558 9H1BT HV12b, 1605 IT9MRJ HY68b hrd, 1609 IT9DTU/9 HY68h, 1612 9H5I HV13a hrd, 1615 IT9UBA GX59a, 1618

July 15th

DG7FZ wkt at 1543 IT9ICS HX36g.

DK6AS (FM44d)	wkd	at
1708 IBNKA	IY11a	55
57, 1720	IT9JLU/9	
HY66e 59	59,	1721
IBTUS IZ 59	hrd	and
1722 IBQAF ??	56	hrd.

The map shows a grid of letters and numbers across Europe. A network of lines connects various points, with a prominent line from 'EA' in the northwest to 'ZB' in the southeast. Other labels include 'CEAN', 'MEDITERRANEAN', and 'SEA'.

DE1RKU (I163f) wkcd at 1625 I7PMRJ HV68b, 1627 9H1BT HV12b, 1631 9H1GB
HV13a, 1633 I7UBA 6X59a, 1634 I7XIX HX36j, 1636 9H1GK HV13h, 1637
9H1FN HV03e, 1638 9H1GP HV03f, 1643 I7JLG 6Y73e, 1645 9H1I HV03e, 1647
I9W9JZ/IH9 GW11g, 1649 9H1FL HV13g and 1653 I9W9NS 6X25a.
PA0HWM (CK10e) wkcd at 1617 I2KSW/p HY40h 59 59, 1627 9H1I HV03e 59 59,
hrd: I7IWN JA62a, I9W9JZ/IH9 GW11g, 9H1GB HV13a, I8QAF IY11c, I8AZQ
IY03c, I7KQE JA4, I8TUS I252f, 9H1BT HV16b and at 1705 SV8QH KY53e.

YU2JL (HD330a) wkdt at: 1544 EA4BVE YA42c 59, 1545 EA4QV YA42f 59 59,
1546 EA4BEA YA42c 59 59, 1548 EA4QR YA44h 59 59, 1551 EB4AUA YA51c 59
59, 1555 EB4AUM ??Z73g 59 59, 1557 EA4QV YA42f 59 59, 1609 EA3AIR BB41c
599 599, 1612 EB3AJG AB34h 59 59, 1613 EA1MD XB27e 59 59, 1614 EA3DLV
BB 59 59, 1615 F6GEX/m BC14f 59 59, 1617 EA3CBA AB30h 59 59, 1618
EA2AN? ?? 59 59, 1620 EA4QR YA44h 59 59, 1820 EA5CWN ?? 59 59, 1825
EA5DFY AY11j 59 59, 1849 EA7AJX YX12f 59 59 and 1849 EB5BOD ZY 59 59.

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1624 IT9UBA GX59a, 59 59, 1625 IT9WPD HX36e 57 59, 1629 9H5I HV13a 59 59, 1633 IT9MRJ HY 57 59, 1644 IT9WPD HX36e 59 59, 1645 IT9DTU/9 HY68h 47 52, 1654 I0SXP/8 HY50j 46 59, 1657 IW9ACT GY57g 53 59, 1705 IT9SAS/9 HY68h 59 59, 1707 I2XPS/8 HY50j 58 59 and 1718 IW9AJZ/IH9 GW11g 56 59.

July 16th

DF60B (FM44c) hrd at 1654 EA stns and 1700 EB4IM in YA.
G3LTF (AL21g) wkd at 0705 9H1B HV03e 57 57 and hrd the beacon IT9GIT in GY67 at 0650 until 0656.
PA0HWM (CK10e) hrd at 1700 EA5HM.
YU2JL (HD30a) wkd at 1635 EA1BLA VD39e 59 59, 1713 EA1KC XD32d 59 59, 1714 EA1OD XD32d 59 59 and 1718 EA1TA 59 59.

July 17th

DF60B (FM44c) hrd at 1639 UB5LHJ in SJ.
DK6AS (FM44d) wkd at 1634 UB5LHJ SJ 599 589, 1635 RA6LRR UI03h 579 579 and 1655 LZ2GAR ?? 559 599.
OZ1EYX (GQ73h) wkd at 1551 RB5EHT? RI33j 29 59.

July 20th

On July 20th just one report from PA0HWM (CK10e) came in when he heard at 1835 9H1GB in HV13a and wkd at 1845 9H1CG HV13h 55 55.

July 23rd

Also only one report arrived from F1DQK (BI23a): wkd at 1257 9H1GB HV 59 59.

July 29th

DF9PY/p (DK64b) hrd at 1142 LZ2FA ND40g 55, 1212 Y04AUL OE64g 529 and 1215 Y04AUL OE64g 52.
PA3BIY (CM72c) wkd at 1603 9H1BT HV12b 59 59. (4 minutes opening!)
OZ1EYX (GQ73h) wkd at 1914 UA6YAF TE30h 559 569 and at 1943 UK6YAG TE30h 559 599.

August 4th

DF9PY/p (DK64b) hrd at 1730 EA1HVA 58.
PA0HWM (CK10e) hrd at 1645 EA1BLA VD39e, 1725 EA1ED VD59h and wkd at 1747 EA1BLA VD39e 59 59.
PA0KDV (DN71f) wkd at 1746 EA1ACD VD and 1750 EA1AST VC.
PA3BIY (CM72c) wkd with 10W at 1547 EA1KV in VC 59+ 59+ and at 1638 EA1BLA VD39e 59+ 59+.

August 11th

On August 11th there was the last possibility to work on the 2m band via sporadic E this year. The latest report came from F1DQK (BI23a): He worked at 1728 YT5IL in LB13j 59 59.

For the 1984 Es season, please send YOUR Es report in time. The dead-line for the summary Es report in DUBUS will be the 1st September 1984!

Moon **B**ounce

conducted by D F 7 V X

This will be a short Column for the Month from May to September because of low activity, poor conditions and only some Reports received by the Editor.
For the future, please keep your "Reports" and "Fotos" coming.

Stations activities:

144 -MHz-

DL2OM : A new member within the Group of those Amateurs wich achieved in establishing 2-way EME-contacts !
Roland reports us: The Ant. consists of 4-times 16 El.Longyagis. They are on top of a 18m-Westtower. His Rig: 750 w output, Preamp (0,6db, 3SK97) mounted at the Antennas, 100Hz Filter.
22.May83 Roland hrd.: VE7BQH 4,2,9 wkd: W5UN 539/329
His comment: This is the result of the very first trial on this special field of Propagation.

OE3XUA: (OE1WWA, OE3LI) Chris sends a short Letter. He wkds:
15.May 83 18.24-18.38 W5UN o/o; 20.46-20.54 WA1JXN o/o
" 08.00-08.34 hrd KG6DX o/ (sked qso) but no reports! Also Sked with YV5ZZ NIL.
At the weekend (14. to 16.May) they heard: VE7BQH, SM5FRH, es OH7PI
On 144MHz the Group is using 4-times 16-El.yagis and a Masthead Preamp. thanks for INFO Chris.

DJ6CA : is also a new callsign on the german VHF-EME-Scene.
In the meantime JÖRG worked a lot of stations and will bring up more Antennas in the future.

432 -MHz-

OE3XUA: He reports a contact with K8HUH 339/449 at the 15.May83 time was 14.50 . Ant.: 4 times 21-El. yagi .

OE3OBC: He also get a SSB-contact with K8HUH .Signal report was 55/55!!! His Ant.: 16 times 21-El. yagi az./el. mount.

OE9XXI: Now there is a very long List from PETER.
14.May 83: K8HUH 569/449 initial54; DL9KR 559/559;
I5MSH 559/449; K8HUH 55/54 SSB!!!; KD6R 559/449;

YU1AW 559/449; K9HMB 449/449; W7FU 559/ ? Nc;

Hrd: WA7RXG , K5JL

15.May : DK1PZ 439/439; F9FT 449/M; KL7WE 339/M; F2TU 559/519;

W7FU 549/339; K5FF 549/O initial 55;

Hrd: K8HUH, G3SEK? , W5FF, G4EZN, K5JL;

20.May : DL7QY 449/339; DJ6MB 449/349; DK5AI 449/549; SMØDJW 449/O; Z25JJ 449/M ; K5JL 559/549; SM6CKU 549/339 ;

Missed our skeds with DL2CJ, G3SEK, and DF9CY (20.00-21.30) because of PA DEFECT !

Hrd: HB9G, DJ9DL, DK1PZ, DF3RU, K3NSS, K5AZU, W5FF, OH6NU,

OK1KIR, W1JR, W6ABN, and DF7VX

16.April: PETER and his group Wkd: W1JR 339/349; W6ABN 449/339

WA4ZTK M/M init.48; 17.April: KL7WE O/M FIRST KL7-OE !!!

K9HMB O/O init.50; 22.April: I5MSH 559/449; G3LTF O/O;

ON4DY T/O sked Nc; DL6WU O/M init.51; YU1AW 559/449; HB9SV 449/439; HB9G O/O init.52; K4PKV M/- Nc; DL7ZL O/M init.53; SM6CKU

OE9XXI ,Peter and the other Boys hrd: 16.April to 23.April
DJ9DL, VE4MA, K5JL, OKØWCY, WØRAP, WB3ESS, N9AB, VE7BBG,
K8WW, SMØDJW, YU2RGC;

OK1KIR: Tonda had the following contacts: 14.May wkcd:K8HUH 569/
559; init.Nr.73 and a NEW State!!(WV)

OKØWCY: First "SSB" QSO with K8HUH 569/559 then 33/34 on SSB
wkcd. also on 14.May : I5MSH 449/439; Hrd.: DL9KR, OH6NM,
F9FT;

On the " MAY " EME sked weekend he wkcd.: Z25JJ 449/M , DF7VX M/O
K2UYH 449/449, VE4MA O/- lost because of Moonset,
OH6NU O/M, K3NSS 459/339, N9AB 449/449, NIL in the skeds
with YV5ZZ and VK6ZT .

OK1KIR: Tonda was successful also on the May-sked-weekend!
Wkd.: G3SEK M/M,init.74; DF3RU M/O,init.75; K4PKV M/O,
init.76; JA7BMB,init.77; W7JF M/M,init.78; and MT+DN
field; W7FU O/O,init.79 and WA;
NIL in the skeds with W1UHE,JA8QQ,N2CB,WØHHE, K9KFR;
Hrd: DJ9DL, DK1PZ, HB9G, I5MSH;

In September 1983 OK1KIR Wkd: N2CB O/O,init.81; and NY!
NIL was hrd in the skeds with LA1K, DF9CY, DJ8QL, W5FF,
K9KFR,W4WD;

OKØWCY got some more: OE9XXI O/O, VK5MC O/O, OH6NM O/O, K5AZU O/O
Hrd were from both calls: HB9G, UA3LBO, DF3RU, DK1PZ,
OH6NU, I5MSH, WA4ZTK,W1JR,W8WA, W7GBI, WØRAP, N9AB;
Negativ skeds: VK6ZT, DK5AI, YV5ZZ;

Our EME score : 432MHz - 81 Qso, 23DXCC , 23! U.S. states

YU1AW : Drago Wkd on 432 MHz: 14.05.83 F6HLD M/O, K8HUH 57/57
SSB, G4EZN 54/53 SSB, DL9KR 53/55 SSB, W3IWI 57/57 SSB,
OH6NU 449/449, I5MSH 55/55 SSB, LA1K O/O, K8HUH 57/57 SSB
OE9XXI 449/559, DF7VX 449/529, W7FU 559/559, K5JL 559/559
Next Day,15.05. : JA4BLC 449/559, JA4BLC 33/44 SSB,
JA9BOH 449/459, DF9CY O/O, DL9KR 559/559;
20.May : OH6NU 44/44 SSB, DJ9DL 439/Ø , DL6NAA M/M,
SM3AKW 449/549, DJ6MB 559/459, K4QIF 449/559, SM6CKU 44/
44 on SSB!

Drago hrd on 432: N4GJV, SMØDJW ;

YU2RGC: This is Dragans report. 14.of May he wkcd. K8HUH 559/559
and K2UYH 559/449; 15.05.83 : K2UYH 559/559, W3IWI 559/
559 and on SSB K8HUH 55/55 !!

1296 -MHz-

OE9XXI: 23.April we got contacts with: GW3XYW O/O init.17 IS
THAT THE FIRST "GW" to "OE" ??? G3LTF 559/449,
OKØWCY 449/439, VE7BBG 44/549 COR was on SSB !!! OK1KIR
439/339; Hrd : W7GBI

On 21.May we found poor condx --- but some activity.
Wkd. SP5cic/SMØ M/O init.18; OK1KIR 439/449, GW3XYW 439/
339, DL1WCY O/? (DJ8QL called also at this time) but
later DL1WCY O/O init.19 ; Hrd : WB5LUA , DJ8QL, K4QIF,
YU1AW;

OK1KIR: In May Tonda made some initial contacts on 1296 MHz.
 YU1AW M/M init.23; DXCC19+KN field; SP5CIC/SMØ M/O,
 init.24; OE9XXI 449/439; NIL in the skeds with I2COR
 and YU2RGC .
 In September 83 we wkd RANDOM: WA8NLC M/M init.25, State MI and
 new field (DN); K2UYH 549/349; K5JL O/449 init.26 and
 agn new state; VE7BBG 549/539; NIL with I2COR and
 Yu2RGC. HRD: LX1DB and Z25JJ . Condx on 1296 = very good.
Our EME score : 1296MHz -25 Qso, 12DXCC , 7! U.S. states

OKØWCY: 1296MHz only in August 83. We wkd: K2UYH 439/339; Hrd:
 DJ8QL and OE9XXI. NIL in the skeds with ZL3AAD and HB9VI.
 many thanks to OE9PMJ for the skeds!

YU1AW: Drago wkd on 21.May OK1KIR M/M; DL1WGY ,but NC;
 Hrd : OE9XXI, WB5LUA, SP5CIC/SMØ and G3LTF;

Some short Netnews: DF9CY and DK5AI making some improvment on the
 antenna systems to get better results. DK1PZ wkd among others
 KL7WE ! 4 yagis to 6yagis! For a short time G3YGF put "GM" back
 on EME.They worked DL9KR and Z25JJ. Z25JJ will be dismanteling
 his DISH in September. Peter plans to remain active on OSCAR 10
 until he is operational again on EME from S.A.
 CONTEST: EME-Contest on OCT 29/30 and NOV 26/27 ! Apparently the
 rules will be pretty much the same as last year.

73, Hellmuth DF7VX

EME LIST														
Call	144 MHz				432 MHz				1296 MHz				ACT	ANT
	QSO	STN	DXC	CON	QSO	STN	DXC	CON	QSO	STN	DXC	CON		
YU1AW	156	79	20	3	458	121	26	WAG	14	9	8	3	++	12mDISH
YU1EU	2	2	2	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	--	4xTUØB
YU1EV	1	1	1	1	26	11	6	3	-	-	-	-	-	16xPE2Ø
YU1OFQ	-	-	-	-	1	1	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	swl 12Ø el.
YU1OYK	2	2	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	++	8xTUØB
YU1PKV	-	-	-	-	7	7	7	4	-	-	-	-	-	YU1AW
YU2CHZ	2	2	2	2	7	7	6	4	-	-	-	-	--	4x16/16x23
YU2RGC	-	-	-	-	273	94	23	WAG	5	4	4	2	++	32xPE2Ø
YU3A	11	3	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	4x16Tonna
YU3BA	2	2	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	16x4 Loop
YU3CA	11	3	2	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	++	4x4 Loop
YU3CAB	5	5	3	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	+	4xPHL2
YU3UAB	1	1	1	1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	4x16Tonna
YU3ULM	33	23	7	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	++	4x2Ø el.
YU3UBB	289	128	25	WAG	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	++	24x2Øslot
YU3ZY	45	32	13	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	++	8xTUØB
YU7AR	52	25	8	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	++	4xTUØB

Microstrip Impedance Calculation for HP41

The program calculates the impedance Z from stripwidth w, thickness of dielectric material h, copper layer thickness t and rel. dielectric constant Er.

$$Z = 1.0237 \frac{120 \pi h}{\sqrt{\epsilon_r \left[\frac{w}{h} + \frac{t}{\pi h} \left(1 + \log \frac{2h}{t} \right) \right]} 1 + 1.735 \epsilon_r^{-0.0724} \left(\frac{\left[\frac{w}{h} + \frac{t}{\pi h} \left(1 + \log \frac{2h}{t} \right) \right]}{h} \right)^{-0.836}}$$

01•LBL "ZLINEZ"	25 RCL 01	49 RCL 01	73 *
02 FIX 2	26 *	50 /	74 "Z="
03 "H?"	27 STO 06	51 -.836	75 ARCL X
04 PROMPT	28 RCL 04	52 Y↑X	76 RVIEW
05 STO 01	29 RCL 06	53 RCL 06	77 END
06 "W?"	30 /	54 *	
07 PROMPT	31 RCL 05	55 1	
08 STO 02	32 *	56 +	
09 "ER?"	33 STO 05	57 RCL 05	
10 PROMPT	34 RCL 02	58 *	
11 STO 03	35 RCL 01	59 STO 05	
12 "T?"	36 /	60 RCL 03	
13 PROMPT	37 RCL 05	61 SQRT	
14 STO 04	38 +	62 RCL 05	
15 2	39 RCL 01	63 *	
16 RCL 01	40 *	64 STO 05	
17 *	41 STO 05	65 120	
18 RCL 04	42 RCL 03	66 PI	
19 /	43 -.0724	67 *	
20 LN	44 Y↑X	68 RCL 01	
21 1	45 1.735	69 *	
22 +	46 *	70 RCL 05	
23 STO 05	47 STO 06	71 /	
24 PI	48 RCL 05	72 1.0237	

H? (mm)	ER?	T? (mm)	Z=50.00 Ohm
	.79		
	2.40		
	2.35		
	.016		

Das Programm berechnet die Impedanz Z einer Microstripleitung aus: Der Breite der Leiterbahn w, der Staerke vom Basismaterial h, der Kupferschichtstaerke t und der rel. Dielektrizitaetskonstante Er.

For coming issues of DUBUS following programs are announced to be published for HP41: Constant gain and noise circles-stability factor K calculation for microwave transistors. Attenuator calculation for PI and T networks. Calculation from impedance to normalized reflection coefficient, side lobe rejection over "cold sky" for antenna systems. Parabolantennas gain in respect of their diameter and operating frequency and beamwidth. Coaxial line calculation. QTH locator calculation (distance and beamheading). Microstripline inductance calculation. Free space attenuation. Moon tracking program and many others. If you have an interesting program for VHF UHF use, please send a listing and a short discription for publication in DUBUS to DL7QY. For the future "we will NOT be a Microcomputermagazine", but if microcomputers can give any help to realize our VHF UHF work, then we will use it anyway!

+VHF + NEWS + SKEDS + COMMENTS + SUPPLEMENTS +

by DL7QY

BELGIUM QRT on 70 cm up to 100Hz in the future ????

Considerable changes in the existing radio amateur regulations have been announced here in ON. Amongst them:

ABOLITION ON 430 TO 434 MHz FOR AMATEUR RADIO USE ! ABOLITION OF ALL AMATEUR ALLOCATIONS BETWEEN 440 MHz AND 10 GHz !

We are of course opposed to these significant reductions and feel that amateur radio and experimenting on UHF/SHF should be stimulated instead of restrained!

Obviously, a lot of help will be needed to save our bands. You can assist:

(1) by raising your protest on a QSL, returned to: ON6AT-RTT, P.O.Box 71, B-9218 GENT.

An appropriate clause could read like this:

" Sir,

We would like to state hereby our disagreement with any intention by your services to reduce ANY RADIO AMATEUR FREQUENCY ALLOCATIONS in Belgium.

This would not only isolate our Belgian fellow-amateurs from the international radio amateur community, but also seriously strike at the roots of experimenting and achieving technical skills.

Yours faithfully, "

(2) by giving this matter as much publicity as possible and asking your fellow-OM to return their "action QSL".

With best 73 and many thanks, ON6AT, ON4ASL, ON5EX and many others.....

Top List

EA3ADW mentioned: Strong controversies appear in EA land regarding the situation of the rules of European TOP LIST of worked QTH locators. Many hams realized that: 1) They can work from a various portable qth's if all them are located in the same square (ex. BB). 2) Stations with more than one operator are allowed, too. 3). Maritime Mobile stations from rare squares like CX, DX etc are also valid for credit squares.

Now, to point 1). Under portable conditions a single /p location counts only. To 2) More than one Operator is allowed (club stations etc), but the location must be fixed. To 3) MM stations are valid.

For the future we will spend one more page also for the microwave Top List as we have done for 2m now. Please send your score even if you are not inclosed in the list now. 73 de DL7QY.

DUBUS affairs

PA0RLS writes:

1) I agree with your conclusion drawn from the comments on p. 79 DUBUS 1-83 and my opinion equals that of DL7YS.

With respect to ON5GF's remark I suggest the following for the technical part: Publish this part in the english language only; that will double the available space. May be there are some "national feelings" involved with the German text, but I think that for an interested ham it does not matter if publication is in English only.

2)"Fair-play" is an important thing to me and I have been very much annoyed last year that a station (p/ on TF) worked according to the shortened procedure (MS).

If we carry on doing so, we only need to receive one letter of either call and report to "complete" a QSO.

Even missing one letter makes a QSO invalid and roggers are often sooner given than allowed according to the rules. The fact that many OP's send 5 or more times the report between the call-signs makes me strong to believe that the report is by most OP's considered as the most important: No gentlemen, both calls and the reports on both sides have to be complete!

I recently had the experience of being asked on 20m by a station I had MS sked with, whether I had received his roggers. If I tell you that I did send only both call-signs (I did not receive any ping) you may imagine how "reliable" some OP's are!

3)The idea for an alternative VHF net on 80 m during night-hours is excellent, but I think NOT ONLY during good showers.

4)The proposal of DK2ZF (p.87) for a second CW section will mean "war" in certain parts of Europe; in PA0 it is even difficult to keep 144.400 - 144.500 free from FM-mode stations who state when you ask them why they do not adhere to the bandplane: We have a license for the whole 2m band. We as DX-ers must realize that (too) many stations are not interested in DX and I think the part 400-500 and the beacon part should not become spoiled by this kind of "hams". Vy 73 de Rudi PA0RLS

PE1AAP schreibt: Zu den DUBUS info kann ich noch sagen, dass sie mir sehr gut gefallen. Vielleicht sollten einige QSO Listen etwas gekuerzt werden, im Grossen Ganzen soll DUBUS info aber bleiben wie es ist. Fuer Tropo news sende ich selber nur noch Berichte ueber >700km entfernt gearbeitete Stationen ein. Es freut mich immer besonders, wenn mal wieder ein neues DUBUS info gekommen ist, denn ich lese diese Zeitschrift sehr gern!

PE1BNK writes: I fully agree with the comments from G3PBV (p.157) about the unbalanced Top List (144 MHz 179 entries only). For a C-licend amateur (not to much power and for some countries no CW) it is difficult to stay in the list (see myself: no CW, no MS). About the QSO reports in DUBUS my opinion: I enjoy reading what others worked during a certain opening and I get a lot of information from these lists. I always write down the calls from stations who are in a attractive square (for me hi), so CONTINUE PSE!

F6DRO's opinion: I think that the whole magazine its actual size and presentation is perfect. About the QTH map shown in DUBUS 1/83, I think its too little, why not put EA8-CT2-CT3 which are making a lot of effect to be active on tropo and Es. One thing is not very fine in the competition of Top List....Some competitors do not want to take skeds with squares worked before; destroy my completely ham spirit I propose to substract one place at every refused sked...I think that some stations could be out of Top List very quickly. About Maidenhead Locator, I think we'd better still use the actual system for tropo and Es; one more character to transmit in noise or qrm is not necessary. Let's use Maidenhead system on EME and satellite.

Neue Spalte "Microcomputer" in DUBUS

Von Zeit zu Zeit werden wir in DUBUS eine Seite fuer interessante "Klein"- Programme, welche die Belange des Amateurfunks betreffen, veroeffentlichen. Die Leser werden aufgerufen, falls derartige Programme vorhanden, diese mit einer kleinen Beschreibung an DL7QY zu senden. Es ist dabei an Systeme wie HP41, TI59 oder

kleine Basic oder Assembler Programme gedacht, welche in Bezug auf technische oder betriebliche Amateurfunk- Anwendungen speziell im VHF- und UHF Bereich Verwendung finden koennen.

New Column "Microcomputer" in DUBUS

From time to time we will publish a new column for interesting, small programmes, concerning amateur radio. The readers are asked to send such programmes, if available, to DL7QY. Recommended systems are HP41, TI59 or small programmes written in common BASIC or ASSEMBLER, in respect of their technical or operational use especially in the VHF and UHF range.

Contest results

Result from MARCONI MEMORIAL CONTEST REG 1. RADIOTELEGRAPHY November 1982 144 MHz Single Op.

1. SM7FJE	GQ56b	177	84.845	points	2. YU3ES/3	GF40d	240	73.935	points
3. DK3UZ	EN20c	193	69.371	points	4. DK1BM	DM67a	235	67.104	points
5. 14AUM/4	FE55c	165	64.385	points	6. PA000S/A	DN63c	197	62.811	points
7. OK1AR/p	GJ04b	225	60.838	points	8. OE5KE	HI42j	216	60.484	points
9. F6DWG	BJ41j	170	60.312	points	10. OK2BDS	HJ67b	232	59.084	points

AGCW-DL UHF CONTEST 830319

Class A

1. DL5ADV	DL57e	19	8	2	2466	2. DL6FAW/p	EK63h	18	10	2	2240
3. DF3TT/p	EI38j	12	10	2	2240	4. DJ60P/p	EI26c	6	2	1	322

Class B

1. DL8QS	EN55j	25	13	2	2415	2. DF5DD	EL43d	22	11	2	1806
3. PA3CII	CL29f	15	10	2	1260	4. DJ7ST/p	FL13e	14	9	3	1248

Class C

1. DL20M	DK49j	18	11	2	1113	2. DL00I/p	DJ46j	18	11	1	944
3. PA0WWM	CM63g	11	8	2	630	4. PA0XMA	DM44h	11	8	2	612

Columns from left to right: call, qth1, qsos, squares, WAE countries, points

AGCW-DL VHF CONTEST 830625

Class A

1. DJ9IE/p	EL13e	43	20	5	13005	2. DF5ZP/p	EK61g	41	19	5	12540
3. DF6DU/p	EL54h	38	19	6	1244	4. DL6NAK/p	FK80h	39	20	4	10600

Class B

1. DL9GS	DL47g	78	28	7	10280	2. DF8IK	EJ23f	46	21	5	9522
3. DK8XC	FN31j	40	18	8	8990	4. DJ1WG	EM04b	41	19	7	8802

AGCW HNYC 1983

Class A

1. DF7ST/p	FL13e	43	17	7	2664	2. DF6LN	F051j	40	14	5	1919
3. DF7DC/p	DL59g	59	12	3	1575	4. DH2FAW	EK39h	36	16	3	1501

Class B

1. J9MH/p	DK43a	79	25	6	5797	2. OK1KPL	GJ28h	56	21	5	4160
3. DL9GS	DL47g	76	18	5	4025	4. Y24XN	OK33f	42	23	5	3696

Class C

1. DK5AI	FL33b	110	35	8	14221	2. DL1BU	EJ45a	106	32	7	11505
3. DL20M	DK49j	90	30	8	8854	4. PA0NIE/A	CM64d	70	22	7	6467

OSCAR TEN

from Norman Fitch G3FPK

At the end of July marathon edition, it was stated by AMSAT's Oscar 10 satellite had been placed into a new orbit, a second firing of the on-board rocket motor being planned for later. The attempt was made at 0031 on July 26 but turned out to be the "damp squib" phenomenon as there was no ignition at all. It seems that there was no fuel left, it either having all been spent during the first, longer-than-planned firing, or, if there was any left, it must have leaked away due to possible damage. This damage occurred when A-0-10 was ejected from the third stage of the ARIANE launch vehicle and was entirely the fault of the European Space Agency, which has apologised to AMSAT for this mishap.

The net result is that the orbit is inclined at only 26.12' to the equator which is less than half that planned. The period is just under 11h. 40m. and the satellite will be in range from the U.K. for up to ten hours for orbits at the maximum elevation of about 55'. The perigee of nearly 4000 kms is more than twice the desired distance and means that the satellite will spend much more time in the intense Van Allen radiation belt. The long term effects of this could affect the working life of the electronics, but only time will tell.

The U-transponder was switched on at 1430 on Aug. 6th to start a new era of amateur satellite communication. The maximum theoretical range is somewhat over 18000kms which means that at some times, it will be possible to contact Australian stations from the U.K. and probably many exotic, Pacific areas. During the 2m AMSAT net run by Ron Isaacs, G8CSI, in the London area on Aug. 7th, it was stated that, since the satellite was not in the correct attitude, the lower gain, omni-directional antennas were in use. Even so, Trevor Stockill, G4GPQ, using about 800 W E.R.P., heard his signal at S2 and worked JY9CF, DJ9PC, OE3EFS and F1ANY. No doubt, by the time this is read, many real DX contacts will have been made.

The current satellite calendar was received at the beginning of Aug. and includes A-0-10 predictions in the form of AOS and LOS times with respective azimuths, and the time, azimuth and maximum elevation figures for each available orbit. It also contains the band plan which suggests communication uplink from 435.035 to 435.155 MHz, the inverted downlink QRG's being from 145.965 to 145.845 MHz. AMSAT- UKCW and RTTY bulletins are on 145.975 and 145.970 MHz. The General beacon is on 145.810 MHz and the Engineering one on 145.987 MHz. The current issue of OSCAR NEWS contains a comprehensive supplement on the new "bird".

A long while ago in this feature, your scribe mentioned the possible problem in monitoring one's own signal from a very distant satellite. G4GPQ found this to be a very real problem, so much so that Trevor's solution was turn down the receiver AF gain control while talking. With a delay of up to 300 ms, the effect is quite disorientating and it is just as bad when sending CW and hearing it coming back slightly delayed, particularly if you have sidetone!

Readers are urged to send in reports of O-10 activities- and s.w.l. reports are just as interesting as those from licensed amateurs- so that a detailed assessment can be made of the problems and advantages of this new type of satellite orbit. A description of the TX and RX, plus antennas used for the experiments, will be of much help.

Studies of an extensive anticyclonic propagation event and of some short-term enhancements observed at VHF and UHF

R.G.Flavell

Radio Society of Great Britain

Presented at the Third International conference on Antennas and Propagation, University of East Anglia, Norwich, UK, 12-15 april 1983.
IEE Conference Publication 219, Part 2, 14-18

Studie an ausgedehnten Hochdruckgebieten und damit verbundenen kurzzeitigen Ausbreitungsverbesserungen im VHF und UHF Bereich

Introduction

The paper begins by presenting a geographical analysis of 102 long-range 144 MHz amateur contacts, all verified, along distances of between 1100 km and 2944 km, made during a 24 hour period, 5/6 September 1981. Then follow examples of techniques which may be used to provide refractive index analyses of short-term enhancements of signal associated with weather fronts, structures of narrow horizontal extent which cannot be studied in detail using conventional cross sectional methods. The examples described reveal interesting details of the form of the features concerned.

Einfuehrung

Der Artikel beginnt mit der Vorstellung einer geographischen Analyse von 102 Amateurweitverbindungen im 144 MHz-Band, die, alle bestaetigt, Entfernungen von 1100 km bis 2944 km erreichten, hergestellt waehrend einer 24-stuendigen Periode, am 5./6. September 1981. Dann folgen Beispiele von Techniken, die gebraucht werden koennen, um Brechungsindexanalysen von kurzzeitigen Erhoehtungen von Signalen, bedingt durch Wetterfronten, Strukturen von schmalen horizontalen Ausdehnungen, herzustellen, die in Einzelheiten mit konventionellen Mittelwertermittlungen nicht exakt gemacht werden koennen. Die beschriebenen Beispiele enthueellen interessante Einzelheiten von der Form der betreffenden Merkmale.

The active region within an anticyclone

In a previous contribution (Flavell (1)) it was shown how random networks of amateur stations could be used to disclose the active region within an anticyclone, meaning, in this context, the region within which abnormally-long signal paths were possible at VHF and UHF. A series of maps outlined the day-to-day changes over an eight-day period in relation to movements of the centre of the high pressure system and it was shown that the size of the active areas at both 144 MHz and 432 MHz were very similar, but that the length of individual signal paths within those areas tended to about half as far again at 144 MHz as compared to paths at 432 MHz.

At that time only the long-range signal reports had been studied and it might be argued that there was no evidence to show that the edge of the active area had been reached. To counter this criticism a more extensive study has been carried out, using information gained as a result of an analysis of some 1300 signal logs returned to the Deutscher Amateur-Radio-Club in connection with the International Amateur Radio Union Region I VHF Contest, held between 1200 UT on 5 September and 1200 UT 6 September, 1980.

During this 144 MHz event 102 contacts in excess of 1100 km occurred, and their geographical distribution was as shown in Fig 1. For the purpose of this analysis the participating stations have been grouped within "squares" of dimensions 1 degree Latitude by 2 degree of Longitude, the centres of which are marked by circles when they contain terminals of any of the qualifying long-range paths.

It will be seen that paths tend to separate into two clusters, each associated with a centre of high pressure, marked "H" on the map. The alignment of the two long-paths axes with respect to their associated system centres bears out the findings of the earlier paper, namely that they stretch chordally across the encircling isobars (not shown on the map in the interests of clarity) to one side only of the anticyclone.

If this pattern of paths is compared with a similar map showing the positions of all the stations participating in the contest (Fig 2) it will be seen that in all directions relative to the active area over Europe there were stations that had been unable to achieve ranges of greater than 1100 km although, by the nature of the aims of the contest, their operators will have been trying very hard to do so. It is also of interest to note that Fig 1 shows that several squares in NW Germany failed to break the 1100 km barrier, although, as Fig 2 shows, they contained some high numbers of participating amateurs. The lack of activity from Scotland is puzzling at first, but it was found that a cold front lay across Great Britain along the border country for the whole duration of the contest and this would have effectively isolated Scotland from the rest of Europe.

Two further points are worthy of mention; first, the extremely long path, entirely over sea, linking Anglesey and Canary Islands, 2944 km, which has clearly received benefit from both anticyclones, and, second, the long overland path from Brittany to Yugoslavia, 1530 km, passing over what must surely have been very difficult terrain.

Fig1:Signal paths exceeding 1100 km worked by amateurs during 24 hours, 5/6 Sep 1981. H,H indicate centres of anticyclones

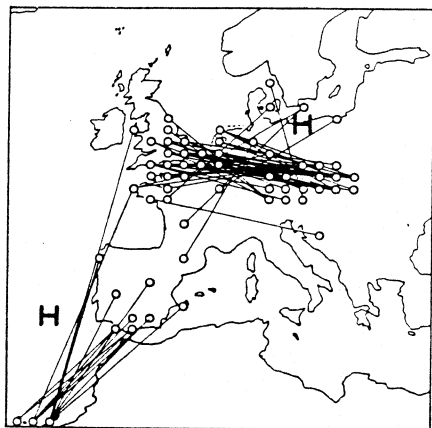
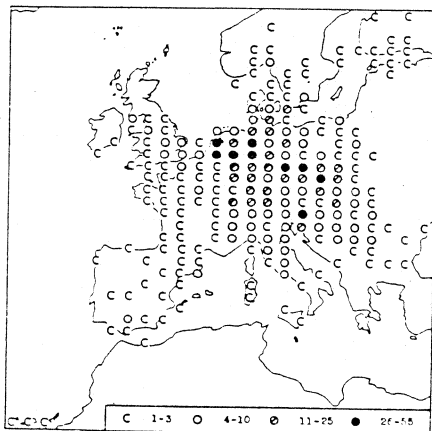


Fig2:Distribution of participating amateurs per "square" of 1 degree Lat by 2 degree Long. About 1300 stations submitted logs



An enormous benefit to this study has been the knowledge that all the log sheets have been very carefully scrutinised by the contest organisers, who have verified in each case that stations in contact have correctly recorded an exchange of sequence numbers, which must fall correctly into place at the time recorded in the two logs concerned.

Die aktive Region inmitten eines Hochdruckgebietes

In einem vorhergehenden Beitrag (Flavell(1)) wurde gezeigt, wie ein zufaelliges Netz von Amateurfunkstationen dazu benutzt werden kann, die aktive Region in einem Hochdruckgebiet zu erschliessen; gemeint ist in diesem Zusammenhang die aktive Region in derem Inneren abnorm lange Signalwege im VHF- und UHF-Bereich moeglich sind.

Eine Kartenserie umreisst die taeglichen Wechsel waehrend einer Dauer von 8 Tagen im Verhaeltnis zu den Bewegungen im Zentrum eines Hochdruckgebietes, und man kann erkennen, dass die Groesse der aktiven Gebiete auf den beiden Frequenzbereichen, 144 MHz und 432 MHz, fast gleich ist, dass aber die Laenge der verschiedenen Signalwege innerhalb dieser Gebiete dazu tendierte, auf dem 2m-Band nur halb so lang zu sein wie auf dem 70cm-Band.

Zu dieser Zeit sind nur Berichte von den weitreichenden Signalen naeher betrachtet worden, und man koennte einwenden, dass es keinen Beweis dafuer gibt, dass der Rand des aktiven Gebietes erreicht worden war. Um diesem Kriterium zu begegnen, wurden ausfuehrlich Beobachtungen durchgefuehrt, bei denen Informationsmaterial verwendet wurde, welches das Ergebnis einer Analyse von nahezu 1300 Logauszuegen war, die nach einem Contest ueber den DARC an die IARU eingesandt wurden (5./6. September 1980 1200-1200 GMT).

Waehrend diesem Ereignis im 144 MHz-Band kamen 102 Verbindungen mit Reichweiten bis zu 1100 km zustande, und die geographische Verteilung der Ausbreitung wird in Abb.1 dargestellt. Fuer den Zweck dieser Analyse wurden die teilnehmenden Stationen innerhalb von Quadraten mit den Abmessungen von einem Grad geographischer Breite und zwei Grad geographischer Laenge in Gruppen aufgeteilt, deren Zentren durch Kreise gekennzeichnet sind, wenn die Standorte in genuegend weiter Entfernung voneinander lagen.

Es wird sichtbar, dass die Verbindungswege dazu neigen, sich in zwei Gruppen aufzuteilen, jede verbunden mit einem Hochdruckzentrum, auf der Karte mit H gekennzeichnet.

Die Ausrichtung der beiden Weitverbindungsachsen unter Beachtung ihrer Verbindung mit den Systemzentren bestaetigt den Befund des frueheren Artikels, dass sie sich naemlich schlauchartig ueber die einkreisenden Isobaren nur zu einer Seite des Hochdruckgebietes hinwegstrecken (der Uebersichtlichkeit wegen nicht auf der Karte gezeigt).

Vergleicht man dieses Muster von Verbindungswegen mit einer aehnlichen Karte, welche die Standorte der am Contest teilgenommenen Stationen zeigt (Abb.2), sieht man, dass es, relativ zum aktiven Gebiet ueber Europa, in allen Richtungen Stationen gab, denen es nicht moeglich war, groessere Entfernungen als 1100 km zu ueberbruecken, obwohl, contestbedingt, die Teilnehmer es versuchten. Es ist ebenfalls von Interesse zu erwaehnen, dass Abb.1 mehrere Quadrate in NW-Deutschland zeigt, welche die 1100 km-Grenze nicht erreichten, obwohl, wie Abb.2 zeigt, sie eine grosse Anzahl teilnehmender Amateure aufzeigen. Der Mangel an Aktivitaet aus Schottland waehrend der ganzen Zeit des Contests schafft zuerst Verwirrung, aber dann fand man heraus, dass eine Kaltfront ueber Grossbritannien entlang der Nordgrenze zwischen England und Schottland lag, die Schottland waehrend der ganzen Contestzeit vom restlichen Europa isolierte.

Zwei weitere Punkte sind erwaehnungswert: erstens die aussergewoehnlich

weite Verbindung, die, ausschliesslich ueber dem Meer, Anglesey mit den Kanarischen Inseln verband (2944 km), die sicherlich von den beiden Hochdruckgebieten profitierte, und, zweitens, die weite Ueberlandverbindung, schlechte Ausbreitung durch bergiges Gelaende, von England nach Jugoslawien (1530 km). Von enormen Vorteil war es zu wissen, dass alle Log-Blaetter sehr genau von den Contest-Organisatoren geprueft wurden; durch Logauszugvergleich wurden die Verbindungen der Stationen bestaetigt.

Ridge enhancements

Studies of anomalous propagation associated with persistent anticyclones, such as the one just described, generally reveal that the longest signal paths lie to one side of the centre of the high pressure system, such that there is a more or less symmetrical rise and fall of pressure along the line of the transmission path, as in Fig 3(a). Short-term enhancements often follow a similiar pattern brought about by the passage of ridges of high pressure seperating successive depressions.

If a pen recording is made of signals received from an over-the-horizon transmitter as a ridge approaches the line of the path, signal strength will be found to rise and fading rate decrease until a position of symmetry with respect to the isobars is reached, Fig 3(b), after which the normal signal characteristics gradually return. Similar effects may be seen on fixed SHF paths as well as at UHF and VHF.

Flache Erhoehtungen

Beobachtungen von ungewoehnlichen Ausbreitungen, die mit standfesten Hochdruckgebieten verbunden sind, wie das oben gerade beschriebene, geben meist Aufschluss darueber, dass der laengste Signalweg auf einer Seite des Zentrums des Hochdruckgebietes liegt, so dass es ein mehr oder weniger symmetrisches Auf und Ab des Drucks laengs der Linie des Ausbreitungsweges gibt, siehe Abb.3(a).

Kurzzeiterhoehtungen folgen oft aehnlichen Strukturen, die durch das Wandern des Kerns des Hochdruckgebietes bewirkt werden, und das eine erfolgreiche Trennung zu Tiefdruckgebieten erzeugt.

Wenn eine Aufzeichnung mit dem Schreiber von den Signalen gemacht wird, die man von einem Sender, der hinter dem Horizont liegt, erhalten hat, als ein zentrales Hochdruckgebiet sich der Linie des Verbreitungsweges naeherte, sieht man, dass die Signalstaerke ansteigt und die Anzahl der Schwankungen abnimmt, bis eine symmetrische Position, in Abhaengigkeit von den Isobaren, erreicht wird, nachdem die normale Signalcharakteristik zurueckkehrt. Vergleichbare Effekte wurden bei festen SHF-Funkstrecken, wie auch im VHF- und UHF-Bereich beobachtet

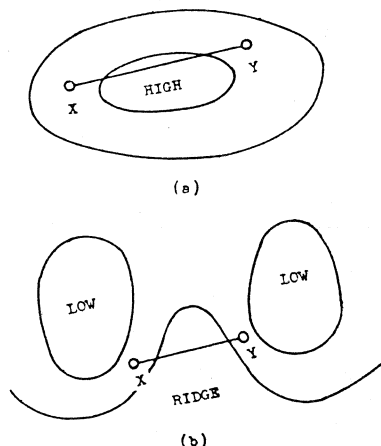


Fig3: The longest ranges tend to lie symmetrically across one side of a high.

Ridges are most effective at the path centre.

Frontal enhancements

A number of amateurs have reported the existence of short-lived long-range signal paths connected in some way with approaching weather fronts. One operator in the Isle of Man has come to recognise certain warm fronts which enable him to work consistently into Northern France for a very limited time.

It is very difficult to study such frontal enhancements in terms of refractive index because the fronts themselves are of such limited horizontal extent that they often fail to appear at all on conventional cross sections, on account of not being sufficiently close to a radiosonde station at ascent time. When a front is suitably placed, however, it is possible to overcome the difficulties produced by the wide spacing of the upper-air stations - to a certain extent, at least - by adopting one or other of the two techniques to be described.

Frontale Erhoeungen

Eine Anzahl von Amateuren hat von der Existenz kurzlebiger Weitverbindungswege berichtet, die in irgendeiner Weise mit sich naehenden Wetterfronten zusammenhingen. Ein Funkamateur in GD kam zu der Erkenntnis, dass die staendige Verbindungsmoeglichkeit mit Nordfrankreich, durch das Auftreten von bestimmten Warmfronten, auf kurze Zeit begrenzt wurde.

Es ist sehr schwer den Brechungsindex solcher frontalen Erhoeungen in Messwerten festzuhalten, weil die Fronten selbst von solch begrenzter horizontaler Ausbreitung sind, erscheinen sie oft gar nicht bei konventionellen Messmethoden, da sie nicht nahe genug an einer Radiosonde waehrend der Aufsteigungszeit sind. Wenn so eine Front am geeigneten Ort ist, ist es irgendwie moeglich die Schwierigkeiten, die durch den weiten Abstand der sendenden Stationen hervorgerufen werden, -in gewissen Umfang wenigstens- zu ueberwinden, wenn man sich die eine oder andere der zwei Techniken, die noch beschrieben werden, aneignet.

The cold front of 31 Jan./1 Febr. 1960

A 144 MHz CW contest was held on 31 Jan 1960, when several long-distance paths opened for short periods, among them Moretonhampstead, Devon, to the Channel Islands and, late evening after a poor afternoon, Hythe, Kent, to well into France.

The value of sectional studies in terms of potential refractive index, K , in radio-meteorological analyses has been described elsewhere (Flavell (2)). In the present instance a series of sections (Fig 4) has revealed, by the downward "flow" of the isopleths (potential refractive index values remain constant during adiabatic changes in the atmosphere), that a volume of descending air had preceded the front in its passage across Southern England, widening as it progressed slowly eastward. This was borne out in three of the maps, which have been drawn to the same horizontal scale as the sections immediately above, and show the amounts of low cloud in various parts of the country. Subsiding air warms and dries and these qualities have led to the disappearance of low cloud over an area which clearly expands in concert with the broadening mass of descending air. The low cloud amounts have been plotted from tabulated observations in the Daily Weather Report (3) and potential refractive index values have been calculated from upper-air data published in the Daily Aerological Record (4).

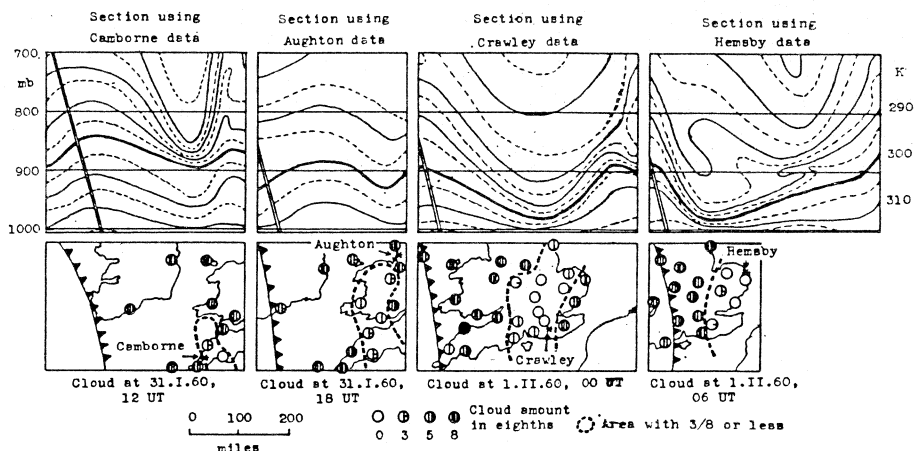
The map for 31 Jan at 18 UT shows that the cloud clearance did not reach Aughton, supported by the section immediately above, which shows no more than a hint of the growing feature capable of dissolving

clouds, which is crossing the country further south.

The comparison of the Crawley refractive index profile with the 7-year mean curve for the corresponding time of year (obtained from tables in Flavell (2)) confirms that large downward displacements of air have taken place (Fig 5).

The potential refractive index, K, plots are not true cross sections but simulated ones, based on successive ascents made at times t_1 to t_4 from a single radisonde station, C, (Fig 6a), while the front is distant d_1 to d_4 . The respective vertical distribution of K are plotted on the section at correspondingly scaled distances from the base of a sloping line representing the position of the front, as in Fig 6b.

Fig4: Potential refractive index sections and corresponding low cloud amounts related to a cold frontal enhancement.



Die Kaltfront vom 31. Jan./1. Feb. 1960

Am 31. Januar 1960 wurde ein 144 MHz cW Kontest abgehalten, als sich einige weite Verbindungswege von kurzer Dauer oeffneten, unter ihnen Moretonhampstead, Devon, zu den Channel Islands und, spaetabends, nach einem ereignisarmen Nachmittag, Hythe, Kent, gut nach Frankreich hinein.

Der Wert von einzelnen Studien in Punkten potentielltem Brechungsindex, K, in radiometeorologischen Analysen ist woanders beschrieben worden (Flavell(2)). Im vorliegenden Beispiel hat eine Reihe von Abschnitten enthuehlt, dass, bei einem abwaerts gerichteten "Fluss" der Isoplethen (der Wert des potentiellen Brechungsindex bleibt konstant, waehrend adiabatischer Wechsel in der Atmosphaere), eine Masse absteigender Luft der Front in ihrer Ueberquerung Suedenglands vorangegangen war, die sich, waehrend sie langsam ostwaerts fortschritt, erweiterte. Dies wurde in drei der Karten bestaetigt, die nach dem gleichen Masstab, wie die Sektionen direkt darueber, gezeichnet wurden und die Bedeutung von niedriger Bewoelkung in verschiedenen Teilen ueber dem Land zeigen. Sinkende Luft waermt und trocknet, und diese Eigenschaften haben zum Auflösen der niedrigen Bewoelkung gefuehrt, welches sich im Einklang mit der ausbreitenden Masse von herabsinkender Luft ausdehnt. Die Bedeutung der

niedrigen Bewölkung wurde anhand tabulierter Beobachtungen im täglichen Wetterbericht gemacht (3) und potentielle Brechungsindexwerte wurden errechnet aus Sendedaten, veröffentlicht im Daily Aerological Record (4). Die Karte vom 31. Januar um 1800 GMT zeigt, dass die Wolkenaufläuterung, unterstützt von der direkt darüberliegenden Schicht, Aughton nicht erreicht hat. Diese Schicht gibt nur einen Hinweis auf ein immer gewichtiger werdendes Merkmal, das fähig ist Bewölkung aufzulösen. Die Wolkenauflösung überquerte das Land in südlicher Richtung.

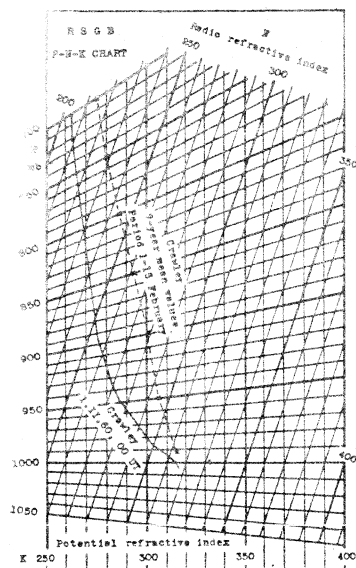
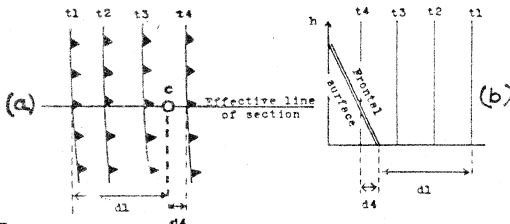


Fig6: Showing, at (a), how the movement of the cold front past the station, C, is related to one of the vertical sections, (b).

Der Vergleich des Crawly-Brechungsindexprofil mit dem 7-jährigen Maximum fuer die entsprechende Zeit des Jahres (erhalten aus Tabellen in Flavell(2)) bestaetigt, dass grosse abwaertsgeschichtete Verschiebungen von Luft stattgefunden haben (Abb.5). Die Aufzeichnungen vom potentiellen Brechungsindex sind keine echten Wirkungsquerschnitte, sondern simulierte, die auf aufeinanderfolgenden Steigungen basieren, die von einer einzelnen Radiosonde in den Zeiten t1 bis t4 gemacht wurden (Abb.6a), waehrend die Entfernung der Front in d1 bis d4 dargestellt wird. Die jeweiligen vertikalen Ausbreitungen von K sind in dem Teil der Abbildung in entsprechender masstabsgetruener Entfernung aus der Grundlage einer schraeg verlaufenden Linie aufgezeichnet, die den Standort der Front darstellt (Abb.6b).

Fig5: Comparison between the refractive index profile for Crawly, 1 February 1960, 00 UT, and the mean vertical distribution, 1-15 February.



The warm front of 4 October 1980

This was an occasion on which some very long paths from southern England to Scandinavia had opened up during the final hours of a ridge of high pressure, which, earlier, had produced some interesting contacts with the near Continent across the North Sea. The technique adopted in this potential refractive index study was to select a series of upper-air stations (W, X, Y, Z, in Fig 7a) such that they lay along a line which began very close to the front in the south and then diverged until it was about 500 km distant in the north. If it could be assumed that the refractive index structure across the front remained fairly constant along the length of the section - and the results suggest that that was a reasonable assumption on this occasion - then the effect is as though the wide spacing of the stations had

been reduced to their projected equivalents along a line normal to the advancing front (w, x, y, z, in Fig 7a and 7b). The outcome is particularly rewarding (Fig 8). Ascending air, to the left of the section between 900 and 800 mb is clearly revealed as it rises over the boundary separating it from the large volume of warm, dry air of low refractive index, which has been brought down from aloft by the processes which act within a ridge of high pressure. The layering in the lower part of the section is the feature which has been responsible for the anomalous propagation conditions which had been the subject of the investigation.

These potential refractive index values were calculated from temperature and dewpoint values read from graphical data which appeared in the appropriate issue of the European Meteorological Bulletin, published daily by the Deutscher Wetterdienst, Offenbach am Main, Germany. The methods by which the basic data are turned into potential refractive index values and then into sections such as this one are described in detail in Flavell (2). Because the basic met data are readily available the validity of Fig 5 is easy to check, so it may be confirmed that all the detail has been obtained by a process of strict linear interpolation between the calculated values.

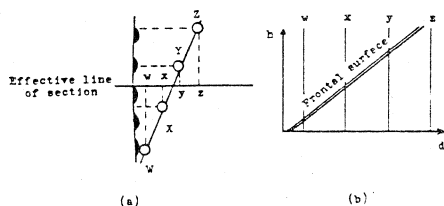
Finally, in Fig 9, the comparison has been made between the Crawly refractive index profile used in the section and the 7-year mean curve for the corresponding time of the year. It should be noted that the use of this form of diagram allows the profile, once plotted, to be read off in terms of either potential refractive index, K, or conventional radio refractive index, N, a remark which applies equally well to Fig 5.

This comparison supports the contention that the relative vertical motions within the section is as suggested by the direction of "flow" of the isopleths, namely, ascending air at 700-760 mb and 795-835 mb, descending air at 760-795 mb and 835-960 mb.

The consistency of potential refractive index values within the lower steep-lapse layer through four radiosonde stations, two of them Norwegian and two British, seems to suggest that present-day radiosondes are adequate for radiometeorological studies such as these, despite the fact that many workers regard the humidity measurements as being totally inadequate for the purpose.

Other examples of a similar nature may be seen in works already cited (Flavell (1) and (2)) and in other papers to which reference is made therein.

Fig7: Showing, at (a), how data from met stations diverging from a warm front relate to a vertical section (b), as seen in Fig 8.



Die Warmfront vom 4. Oktober 1980

Dies war eine Gelegenheit, durch die einige sehr weite Verbindungen von Suedengland nach Skandinavien, waehrend der letzten Stunden des Bestehens eines Hochdruckkernes, zustande kamen, welches vorher einige interessante Verbindungen mit dem nahen Kontinent ueber die Nordsee ermöglicht hatte. Die Technik derer man sich in dieser Studie des potentiellen Brechungsindex bediente, war, eine Reihe von sendenden Stationen (W,X,Y,Z in Abb.7a) so zu selektieren, dass sie entlang einer Linie lagen, die sehr nahe der Front im Sueden begann und bis in etwa

500 km Entfernung noerdlich auseinanderlief. Wenn man annehmen kann, dass die Struktur des Brechungsindexes ueber der Front, entlang der Laenge des Abschnitts ziemlich konstant bleibt -und die Ergebnisse nahelegen, dass das eine einleuchtende Annahme dieser Gegebenheit war- dann ist der Effekt so, als ob das weite Auseinanderziehen der Stationen reduziert wurde auf ihre projizierten Aequivalenten entlang einer Linie, senkrecht zur vorrueckenden Front stehend (w,x,y,z in Abb.7a und 7b).

Das Ergebnis war besonders lohnend (Abb.8). Aufsteigende Luft zur Linken des Abschnitts zwischen 700 und 800 mb wird beim deutlich sichtbaren Ansteigen ueber die Druckgrenze von der grossen Masse warmer, trockener Luft und niedrigem Brechungsindex abgetrennt, die durch bestimmte Vorgaenge im Inneren des Hochdruckkernes heruntergebracht wurde. Die Schicht im unteren Teil des Abschnitts ist das Merkmal, welches fuer die unregelmassigen Ausbreitungsbedingungen verantwortlich ist, welche die Hauptsache der Untersuchung waren.

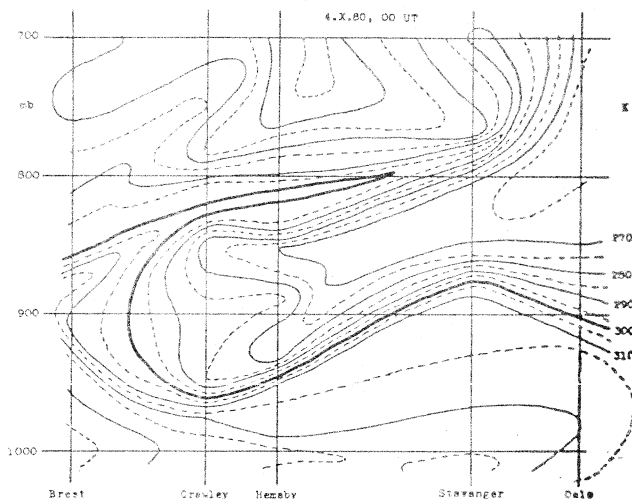


Fig8: Potential refractive index cross section, Brest- Oslo, 4 Oct 80 00 UT, showing the low-level layer leading to the appearance of long-range signal paths and, effectively, details of the frontal surface.

Diese potentiellen Brechungsindexwerte wurden errechnet aus Temperatur- und Taupunktdata, entnommen aus graphischen Daten der Ausgabe des Europaeischen Meteorologischen Bulletin,

das taeglich vom Deutschen Wetterdienst, Offenbach am Main, herausgegeben wird. Die Methoden mit denen die zugrunde liegenden Daten in potentielle Brechungsindexwerte und dann in Abschnitte wie diesem gewandelt werden, ist ausfuehrlich bei Flavell (2) beschrieben. Da die zugrundeliegenden meteorologischen Daten fertig verfuegbar sind, ist die Gueltigkeit von Abb.5 leicht zu ueberpruefen, so dass es bestaetigt werden kann, dass jede Einzelheit erhalten wurde durch einen Prozess strikt linearer Interpolationsrechnung zwischen den berechneten Werten. Schliesslich wurde der Vergleich zwischen dem Crawly-Brechungsindexprofil und dem 7-jaehrigen Maximum der entsprechenden Zeit des Jahres gemacht (Abb.9). Es muss bemerkt werden, dass der Gebrauch dieser Diagrammform es ermoeeglicht, das Profil, einmal aufgezeichnet, entweder als potentiellen Brechungsindex, K, oder als konventionellen Radiobrechungsindex, N, abzulesen, eine Bemerkung, die genauso gut auf Abb.5 zutrifft.

Dieser Vergleich unterstuetzt die Ansicht, dass die entsprechenden vertikalen Bewegungen innerhalb des Abschnitts, wie die Anordnung des "Flusses" der Isoplethen denken laesst, stattfinden, naemlich: bei steigendem Druck bei 700-760 mb und 795-835 mb, bei fallendem Druck bei

760-795 mb und bei 835-960 mb.

Die Uebereinstimmung von potentiellen Brechungsindexwerten innerhalb der unteren steillappigen Schicht durch vier Radiosonden, zwei in Norwegen und zwei britische, scheint nahezuzeigen, dass heutige Radiosonden fuer radiometeorologische Untersuchungen adequat sind, trotz der Tatsache, dass viele Fachleute Feuchtigkeitsmessverfahren, als unangebracht fuer derartige Auswertungen halten. Andere Beispiele aehnlicher Natur koennen in schon zitierten Abhandlungen (Flavell (1) und (2)) und in anderen Artikeln eingesehen werden, auf die hiermit Bezug genommen wird.

Acknowledgements

About 1300 radio amateurs from all parts of Europe have provided the basic material for the signal path study. The assistance of DARC, the German national amateur radio society, in collecting and making available the basic material is gratefully acknowledged. The sources of meteorological data have been noted in the main text. The Daily Weather Report and the Daily Aerological Record (sadly now defunct) were publications covered by Crown Copyright and the data have been used with the permission of the Controller, Her Majesty's Stationery Office.

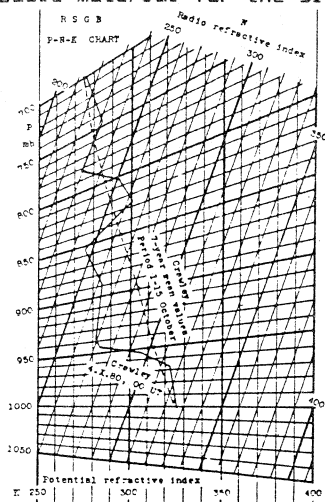


Fig 9: Comparison between the refractive index profile for Crawley, 4 Oct 80, 00 UT, and the mean vertical distribution 1-15 Oct.

Anerkennung

Rund 1300 Funkamateure aus allen Teilen Europas haben das Grundmaterial fuer die Signalausbreitungsstudie geliefert. Die Unterstuetzung von DARC, des Deutschen Amateur Radio Clubs, bestehend aus Zusammentragen und Zugaenglichmachen des grundlegenden Materials wird dankend anerkannt. Die Quellen meteorologischer Daten sind im Text erwaeht worden. Der Daily Weather Report und der Daily Aerological Record (jetzt leider eingestellt) waren Veroeffentlichungen zusammengestellt von Crown Copy.

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4. Meteorological Office, 1960, Daily Aerological Record, 31 Jan, 1 Feb, (HMSO)

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 * EUROPEAN - VHF - UHF - SHF - AMATEUR - BEACON - LIST *
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 * BY : D L 7 R U - DEADLINE : 19.9.1983 *
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CALL	QRG	QTH	POWER	ANTENNA	QTF	ASL	KEY
DL0UB	144.850	GM47b	5W	4xDIPOLE	OMNI	80m	F1
DL0PR	144.910	E054c	150W	6el.YAGI	N/S	100m	A1
DK00E	144.915	DK12f	1W	10el.YAGI	NNE	165m	F1
DL0UH	144.940	EL68f	1ERP	V-DIPOLE	OMNI	385m	A1
DF0ANN	144.966	FJ47e	20mW	DIPOLE	OMNI	630m	F1
DL0SG	144.975	GI22c	15W	4x4el.YAGI	OMNI	500m	A1
DL0RW/A	431.996	GJ12d	1W	2xDOUBLE QUAD	NW/SW	825m	A1
DB0AC	432.015	DJ55j	15W	4x11el.YAGI	OMNI	380m	F2
DL0BQ	432.050	EJ23d	0.2W	DISCONE	OMNI	?	A1
DK00E	432.087	DK12f	1.5W	19el.YAGI	NNE	165m	F1
DK1WY	432.095	EM56f	50mW	BIG WHEEL	OMNI	90m	A1
DJ4WG	432.455	FJ21g	5mW	11el.YAGI	NE	265m	A1
DB0QO	432.540	EM71e	2W	ROHRSCHLITZ	OMNI	?	A1
DK0WZ	432.585	EJ20j	5W	12el.YAGI	NW	?	?
DB0KI	432.840	FK68b	2W	4x4el.YAGI	OMNI	690m	F1
DL0UB	432.850	GM47b	5W	4xDOUBL. QUAD	OMNI	80m	F1
DB0TW	432.860	EM73e	20mW	?	OMNI	433m	F1
DB0YI	432.900	EM80b	1W	BIG WHEEL	OMNI	480m	A1
DB0AD	432.913	DK20d	1W	11el.YAGI	W	290m	F1
DL0UH	432.940	EL68f	0.3ERP	V-DIPOLE	OMNI	385m	A1
DB0LB	432.945	EL06d	0.2W	CORNER DIPOLE	N/S	367m	F1
DB0AH	432.950	FN65j	3W	DIPOLE	OMNI	118m	A1
DF0ANN	432.966	FJ47e	1W	CLOVER LEAF	OMNI	630m	F1
DL0SG	432.974	GI22c	7W	4x11el.YAGI	OMNI	500m	A1
DF0AAD	432.990	FO64a	10ERP	BIG WHEEL	OMNI	250m	F1
DL1XV	433.143	GH25c	10W	11el.YAGI	?	?	?
DB0FB	1295.990	EH11h	4W	DIPOLE	N/S	?	A1
DB0FT	1296.010	EK63h	2W	4 SLOT. AERIAL	OMNI	880m	F1
DJ2LF/A	1296.024	DL38j	?	?	?	?	?
DF5EQ/A	1296.025	DL02e	0.8W	DOUBL. HELICAL	OMNI	170m	F1
DK00E	1296.100	DK12f	300mW	15el.YAGI	NNE	165m	F1
DB0AJ	1296.180	FH19a	10W	6el.GROUP	N/W	?	A1
DK1WY	1296.285	EM56f	25mW	BIG WHEEL	OMNI	90m	A1
DB0GP	1296.805	EI30g	1ERP	?	?	?	?
DB0KI	1296.840	FK68b	0.15ERP	4xDOUBL.QUAD	OMNI	690m	F1
DB0JO	1296.854	DL48a	350ERP	4x15+15 el.YAGI	W	218m	F1
DB0JC	1296.895	EK08f	1.5W	4el.SLOT.WAVG.	OMNI	620m	F1
DB0AN	1296.900	DL08b	1W	BIG WHEEL	OMNI	100m	F2
DB0MP	1296.900	GH22h	0.2W	CORNER REF.	NNW	1560m	?
DB0JB	1296.919	EI03a	1W	BIG WHEEL	OMNI	?	?
DB0VC	1296.920	FO51?	10W	2xBIG WHEEL	OMNI	230m	F1
DB0AD	1296.925	DK20d	1W	DIPOLE	W/E	290m	F1
DF0ANN	1296.966	FJ47e	2W	4xDOUBL.QUAD	OMNI	630m	F1
DB0LB	1297.040	EI06d	0.2W	?	?	367m	F1

CALL	QRG	QTH	POWER	ANTENNA	QTF	ASL	KEY
DB0FT	2304.016	EK63h	2ERP	8el.COLINEAR	N(S)	880m	F1
DB8VC	2304.035	F051	5W	BIG WHEEL	OMNI	230m	F1
DC8EC/A	2304.136	FI79g	4W	6el.GROUP	NW	580m	F3
DL7QY/A	2304.139	EJ80b	0.2W	2el.YAGI	NE	450m	A1
DB0MP	2304.920	GH22h	0.5W	28el.YAGI	NW	1560m	A1
DC6MR	2320.900	DL48a	0.5W	DIPOLE	N	315m	F1
DF8ANN	2320.965	FJ47e	0.5W	4xDOUBL.QUAD	OMNI	630m	F1
DB0MP	3456.115	GH22h	80mW	12el.GROUP	NW	1560m	A1
DL7QY/A	3456.209	EJ80b	50mW	2el.YAGI	NE	450m	A1
DC0DA	3456.360	DL38e	120ERP	DISH 0.7m	N	220m	F1
DB0MP	5760.192	GH22h	50mW	6dB HORN	NW	1560m	A1
DL7QY/A	5760.348	EJ80b	10mW	HORN	N/E	450m	A1
DC0DA	5760.600	DL38e	8.5ERP	DISH 0.7m	N	220m	F1
DB0MP	10000.345	GH22h	20mW	10 dB HORN	NW	1560m	A1
DB0JX	10000.350	DL63a	10mW	GAIN 10dB	OMNI	115m	F2
DL7QY/A	10000.628	EJ80b	10mW	HORN	N/E	450m	A1
DB0MP	24192.805	GH22h	0.5mW	15 dB HORN	NW	1560m	A1
EA3XS	144.151	BB22e	NOT IN USE AT THE PRESENT TIME				
EA1VHF	144.867	VD59e	25W	5 el.YAGI	N	?	A1
EA3VHF	144.892	BB26h	1W	HALO	OMNI	155m	A1
EA6VHF	144.918	AY07J	25W	4 el.YAGI	N	470m	A1
FX0THF	144.895	AI46h	30W	2xTURNSTILE	OMNI	246m	F1
FX3THF	144.905	YI13d	30W	2x9el.YAGI	E	80m	F1
FX8VHF	144.955	AF79h	20W	BIG WHEEL	OMNI	450m	A1
FX1UHF	432.830	BI21b	10W	4xBIG WHEEL	OMNI	160m	F1
FX4UHF	432.870	ZD52c	10W	2x6el.YAGI	NNE	900m	F1
FX1SHF	1296.870	BI14b	10W	ALFORD SLOT	OMNI	160m	F1
GB3SIX	50.020	XN49f	100ERP	3 el.YAGI	W	58m	F1a
GB3CTC	70.030	XK46d	40ERP	2 el.YAGI	NE	320m	F1a
GB3WHA	70.040	AL71d	16ERP	2 el.YAGI	NW	168m	F1a
GB3BUX	70.050	ZN61a	20ERP	2xTURNSTILE	OMNI	460mA	F1a
GB3ANG	70.060	YQ35c	100ERP	3 el.YAGI	SSE	370m	A1a
GB3CTC	144.915	XK46d	40ERP	3 el.YAGI	NE	320m	A1a
GB3VHF	144.925	AL52J	50ERP	2x3el.YAGI	WNW/NNW	275m	F1a/b
GB3LER	144.965	ZU65f	50ERP	4 el.YAGI	NNE	107m	F1a
GB3ANG	144.975	YQ35c	20ERP	4 el.YAGI	SSE	370m	F1a
GB3WHA	432.810	AL71d	25ERP	2x8+8el.YAGI	NW/E	165m	F1a
GB3SUT	432.890	ZM31b	60ERP	2x8+8el.YAGI	N/SE	270m	F1a
GB3MLY	432.910	ZN32b	50ERP	8+8el.YAGI	SE	600m	F1a
GB3CTC	432.970	XK46d	5ERP	4 el.YAGI	NE	320m	F1a
GB3ANG	432.990	YQ35c	100ERP	9 el.YAGI	SSE	370m	F1a

CALL	ORG	QTH	POWER	ANTENNA	QTF	ASL	KEY
GB3BP0	1296.830	AM77J	700ERP	2x32SLOT.WAVEG.	W/E	85m	F1a
GB3AND	1296.870	ZL63b	50ERP	STACK.SLOTS	OMNI	85m	F1a
GB3DUN	1296.890	ZL08e	2ERP	HB9CV	N	263m	F1a
GB3IOW	1296.900	ZK34a	100ERP	ALFORD SLOT	OMNI	250m	F1a
GB3CLE	1296.910	YM48h	10ERP	2x15+15e1.YAGI	N/SE	573m	F1a
GB3MLE	1296.930	ZN32b	50ERP	CORNER REFLECT.	SSE	600m	F1a
GB3EDN	1296.990	YP04g	25ERP	2xCORN.REFLECT.	NW/SE	117m	F1a
GB3NEW	2304.010	ZL63b	5ERP	?	E	85m	F1a
GB3LDN	2304.050	AL41a	25ERP	?	NW/NE	?	F1a
GB3UOS	3456.000	ZN42c	4ERP	SLOT.WAVEGUIDE	N/S	400m	F2
GB3IOW	10100.000	ZK34a	0.15ERP	SLOT.WAVEGUIDE	OMNI	250m	F2
GB3LBH	10100.000	AL31c	1.5ERP	WAVEGUIDE	OMNI	45m	F2/F3
GB3ALD	10120.000	YJ30h	1ERP	SECT.HORN	NNE	90m	F2
GB3MHX	10368.830	AM77J	1ERP	1.2 m DISH	E	60m	F1
GB3LEX	10500.000	ZM24d	?	SLOT.WAVEGUIDE	?	?	F2
GB3XGH	10400.000	YN67b	1ERP	?	OMNI	?	F2
HB9HB	144.865	DH66c	10W	10 e1.YAGI	NNW	1300m	F1
HB9W	144.875	EH43d	36mW ERP	HALO	OMNI	490m	A1
HB9F	432.984	DG40c	15ERP	CORN.REFLECT.	N/S	3573m	F1
HB9F	1296.945	DG08c	15ERP	2xCORN.REFLECT.	NE/SW	937m	F1
I7A	144.820	HB29a	2ERP	BIG WHEEL	OMNI	1012m	A1
I0A	144.825	GB12d	28ERP	2xBIG WHEEL	OMNI	30m	A1
I1G	144.830	DF58c	20ERP	BIG WHEEL	OMNI	625m	A1
IT9G	144.840	GY67c	35ERP	5e1.YAGI	N	150m	A1
IX1A	144.845	DF15b	12ERP	6e1.YAGI	NW	3350m	A1
I5A	144.850	FD23h	4ERP	BIG WHEEL	OMNI	918m	A1
I8A	144.890	HY70f	28ERP	2xTURNSTILE	OMNI	1958m	A1
IT9B	432.805	GX05b	12ERP	2xMINI WHEEL	OMNI	825m	A1
I0B	432.825	GB12d	40ERP	4xMINI WHEEL	OMNI	30m	A1
I1H	432.830	DF38c	12ERP	3e1.YAGI	S	650m	A1
I5B	432.850	FD25h	35ERP	20e1.YAGI	NW	56m	A1
I2B	432.860	EF16J	35ERP	2x10e1.YAGI	SW/SE	490m	A1
I2N	432.865	EF14b	50ERP	10e1.YAGI	SE	1050m	A1
I2H	432.870	FF32J	2ERP	TURNSTILE	OMNI	990m	A1
IU3B	432.880	GF30h	4ERP	TURNSTILE	OMNI	418m	A1
I6B	432.885	HC31g	12ERP	2xTURNSTILE	OMNI	444m	A1
I8B	432.890	HY70f	12ERP	2xMINI WHEEL	OMNI	1958m	A1
I0H	432.900	GB14e	4ERP	2xMINI WHEEL	OMNI	373m	A1
LA5VHF	144.855	JD25e	60W	4x10e1.YAGI	SSW	?	A1
LA1VHF	144.860	ET13e	25W	?	OMNI	1820m	A1
LA2VHF	144.870	FX43g	20W	9 e1.YAGI	NNE	?	A1
LA4VHF	144.890	CU47a	300W	?	N	100m	A1
LA1UHF	432.860	FT05g	10ERP	BIG WHEEL	OMNI	380m	F1
LA2UHF	432.870	FX43g	15W	19 e1.YAGI	NNE	?	A1

CALL	QRG	QTH	POWER	ANTENNA	QTF	ASL	KEY
LA3UHF LA4UHF	432.880 432.892	ES71a CT57d	7W 5W	15 e1.YAGI DIPOLE	S OMNI	10m 50m	A1 A1/F1
LA2SHF LA1UHG	1295.985 1295.995	FX43g FT63g	0.2W 3W	? BIG WHEEL	OMNI OMNI	? 75m	A1 F1
LX0VHF LX0UHF LX0SHF	144.902 432.902 1296.902			PLANED PLANED PLANED			
L22F	145.980	ND40f	25ERP	?	OMNI	295m	?
OE3XXA OE3FO	144.126 144.955	II71d GI77a	0.5W 15W	? 5+5 e1.YAGI	OMNI NW	? 700m	? F1
OE3XAA OE3XMB	432.378 432.400	II71d HI08b	1ERP 100mW	4 e1.YAGI 9 e1.YAGI	NNE NW	? 1246m	? A1
OE3XMB	1296.350	HI08b	100mW	10 e1.GROUP	NW	1246m	A1
OH2NUA OH8VHF OH6VHF	144.300 144.800 144.900	MU52j M279h KW59f	0.5W 40W 50/100W	TURNSTILE 16 e1.COLINEAR 2x6 e1.YAGI	OMNI N/S N/SW	? 240m 220m	A1 A1 A1
OH2NRA	432.300	MU65g	5W	TURNSTILE	OMNI	20m	A1
OK0EA OK0EB OK0EC OK0ET	144.952 144.963 144.980 144.992	HK18d HI12a GK62h KI18a	4mW 1W 80mW 1W	2xDIPOLE BIG WHEEL 3 e1.YAGI 3 e1.YAGI	N/S OMNI E W	1450m 1083m 758m 981m	F1 F1 ? F1
OK0EA	432.960	HK18d	4mW	2xDIPOLE	NW/SW	1450m	F1
OK0EA	1295.975	HK18d	1W	2x10e1.YAGI	NW/SW	1450m	F1
ON4VHF	144.985	CK23e	2.5W	BIG WHEEL	OMNI	?	F1
OY6VHF	144.885	WW76d	60ERP	4 e1.YAGI	SE	350m	A1
OY6UHF	432.885	WW76d	30ERP	5 e1.YAGI	SE	350m	A1
OZ7IGY	144.930	FP39b	50ERP	BIG WHEEL	OMNI	96m	A1
OZ2UHF OZ4UHF OZ7IGY OZ2ALS	432.450 432.895 432.930 432.982	EP03c HP66f FP39b EP79c	6W ? 50ERP 5W	BIG WHEEL ? BIG WHEEL 2xMALT.CROSS	OMNI ? OMNI OMNI	? ? 94m ?	F1 ? A1 A1
OZ3UHF OZ7IGY	1296.060 1296.950	FR43j GP23c	0.25W 5ERP	HB9CV BIG WHEEL	SE OMNI	95m 95m	A1 A1
PA0DSW	432.897	CM35e	0.5W	MALT.CROSS	OMNI	10m	A1
PA0EHG/A	1296.875	CL48	4W	GAIN 6dB	OMNI	61m	F1

CALL	QRG	QTH	POWER	ANTENNA	QTF	ASL	KEY
PA0QHN	1296.920	CM53J	4W	GAIN 6dB	OMNI	20m	F1
PA0ZM/A	1296.975	DM65h	5W	GAIN 20dB	NE	34m	F1
PA0QHN	2320.920	CM53J	2W	GAIN 6dB	OMNI	20m	F1
PA0TGA	2320.900	CL20	1W	GAIN 10dB	NW/W	?	?
PA0MS/A	10368.045	CL48	50mW	GAIN 21dBi	NW	56m	F1
PA0DBQ	10368.100	CM72	40mW	GAIN 20dB	W	75m	F1
PE1BLE	10368.200	CM55	10mW	GAIN 14dB	SSW	35m	F1
SK2VHF	144.875	JY69h	30W	2xCLOVER LEAF	OMNI	300m	A1
SK2VHG	144.890	?	60W	16e1. YAGI	S	480m	?
SK7VHF	144.920	GP38c	30W	2xCLOVER LEAF	OMNI	190m	A1
SK1VHF	144.950	JR51d	10W	2xCLOVER LEAF	OMNI	60m	A1
SK4MPI	144.960	HU46d	100W	4x6e1. YAGI	N	510m	A1
SK3UHF	432.855	IW40b	10W	4xDOUB. QUAD	OMNI	180m	A1
SK6UHF	432.925	GR41d	10W	CLOVER LEAF	OMNI	75m	A1
SK7UHH	432.940	IQ23J	25ERP	17YAGI+CL. LEAF	NNE+OMNI	?	A1
SK5UHF	432.975	IU79g	25ERP	BIG WHEEL	OMNI	90m	A1
SK6UHI	1296.800	GQ45d	10ERP	CLOVER LEAF	OMNI	220m	A1
SK0UHG	1296.835	IT60h	15ERP	2xHELICAL	OMNI	30m	F1
SK7UHG	1296.920	HR21J	2ERP	BIG WHEEL	OMNI	350m	A1
SK6UHG	1296.925	FR29g	10W	4xBIG WHEEL	OMNI	35m	A1
SK4UHG	1296.960	GU79d	4W	2x15e1. YAGI	S	450m	?
SK6UHI	2304.800	FS58f	1W	2x? e1. YAGI	S/SW	80m	A1
SK6SHG	10368.800	FS58f	10ERP	20dB HORN	?	80m	A1
SP8VHA	144.430	LL53d	1W	DIPOLE	OMNI	?	A1
SP9VHI	144.935	JK80c	50mW	CROSS DIPOLE	OMNI	200m	A1
SP3VHG	144.945	HL08J	6W	2xDIPOLE	OMNI	240m	A1
SP6VHF	144.966	HK29d	0.15W	2 e1. YAGI	NE	602m	A1
SP2VHC	144.980	JD51b	28W	CLOVER LEAF	OMNI	?	A1
SP6VHF	431.998	HK29b	60mW	2 e1. YAGI	NE	602m	A1
SP9VHB	432.093	JJ19f	5W	DIPOLE	N	944m	A1
SP8VHA	432.290	LL53d	1W	?	?	?	A1
SP9VHB	1296.280	JJ19f	5W	6 e1. REFLECT.	N	944m	A1
UB5SAY	144.007	MJ72d	5W	V-DIPOLE	OMNI	300m	A1
UK5EAS	144.050	RI56	0.2W	GROUNDPLANE	OMNI	?	A1
UK0FAI	144.090	L0144LA46	.5W	V-DIPOLE	OMNI	?	A1
UP2WN	144.136	MP72J	3W	?	?	?	A1
UK3MBQ	144.156	SR08e	3W	2xDIPOLE	OMNI	130m	A1
UK5UDX	144.177	PK52f	5W	DIPOLE	N/S	169m	A1
UK4NAU	144.185	YS60g	3W	DIPOLE	NNE/WSW	120m	F1
UK4NBY	144.199	YT45f	5W	9e1. YAGI 12dB	NNW	?	A1
UK3TAA	144.250	VQ60g	0.5W	V-DIPOLE	OMNI	?	A1
UK5JAA	144.250	RE13a	1W	TURNSTILE	OMNI	1000m	A1
UK5GAA	144.270	QG	5W	DIPOLE	N/S	?	A1

CALL	ORG	QTH	POWER	ANTENNA	QTF	ASL	KEY
UK5YAB	144.500	M160e	5W	DIPOLE	?	?	A1
UK2CAU	144.942	N055a	0.2W	DIPOLE	N/S	?	A1
UK5UBZ	145.002	PK52c	2.5W	V-DIPOLE	OMNI	187m	A1
Y02KHP	144.957	KF17f	2.5W	TURNSTILE	OMNI	80m	A1
Y03KAA	145.900	NE41J	0.2W	DIPOLE	OMNI	80m	A1
YU3VHF	144.506	HG76a	2W	CROSS DIPOLE	OMNI	1219m	A1
YU7VHF	144.940	JF69	1W	?	?	?	?
YU3UHF	432.507	HG76a	?	LOG.PERIODIC	?	1219m	A1
Y41M	144.932	GL53g	0.2ERP	2xDIPOLE	OMNI	232m	A1
Y41B	144.984	FN28f	10W	2xBIG WHEEL	OMNI	?	F1
Y41N	432.030	GK05g	0.1W	DOUB.QUAD	NW/SE	360m	A1
ZB2VHF	50.035	XW64g	20W	5e1.YAGI	WNW	117m	F1a
ZB2VHF	70.120	XW64g	10W	4e1.QUAD	N	117m	F1a
ZB2VHF	144.145	XW64g	15/35W	8e1.YAGI	N	117m	F1a
5B4CY	50.500	QU14g	35W	5e1.YAGI	WNW	2000m	F1a
5B4CY	70.112	QN15b	10W	4 e1. YAGI	WNW	?	F1a
5B4CY	144.139	QU14g	40W	6+6e1.YAGI	NW	2000m	F1a
9H1VHF	144.830	HV03f	1.5W	TURNSTILE	OMNI	?	A1

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*
* SUPPLEMENTS SEND TO : CLAUD NEIE
* DL7QY
* D-7181 RUDOLFSBERG 24
*
* OR DIRECT TO : ANDY GROSSMANN
* DL7RU
* FREDERICIASTR.16
* D-1000 BERLIN 19
*
* PRINT:DL7RU
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EUROPEAN VHF TOP LIST 144 MHZ 14. SEP. 1983

NR	CALL	QTH	WKD	TROPO	AURO	MS	ES	NR	CALL	QTH	WKD	TROPO	AURO	MS	ES
1	Y22ME	HM	450	1577	1579	2293	2197	85	YU1UE	KE	250	1680	----	2200	2380
2	SM7AED	GQ	450	1522	1562	2326	2274	86	DF1JC	DL	249	1270	1830	2348	2007
3	DK6AS	FQ	418	1468	1885	2510	2268*	87	LX18R	DJ	249	868	1104	2260	1489
4	SM7FJE	GQ	407	1642	1608	2041	1761	88	OE3XUA	HH	248	1618	1240	2168	1785
5	PA0RDY	CM	483	1769	1919	2262	2295	89	SM5DRV	HR	248	1338	1418	1810	----
6	SM4GVF	HL	374	1796	1796	2099	2310	90	ON4VZ	CK	247	1530	1510	----	2368
7	DK3AI	FL	369	1565	1510	2275	2282	91	YU7EW	KF	246	1868	1172	1930	2425
8	F6CJG/P	BF	357	1748	1892	2510	2836	92	SM0DJW	IS	246	1348	1810	1840	2160
9	SM6EOC	GQ	351	1600	1800	2330	1970	93	PA0HMH	CK	246	1268	1508	1845	3103
10	SM5CHK	HS	350	1262	1733	1991	2060	94	H88ET	KG	245	1445	1845	2000	2279
11	SM6AEK	GQ	349	1500	1800	2330	1900	95	F80P	CG	242	1228	1196	2028	2720
12	DL1MF	GH	348	1530	1512	2085	3253	96	ON4VZ	CK	241	1530	1510	----	2110
13	UA3LBO	GQ	347	1807	1939	2273	2467*	97	PA3ADU	DM	241	1392	1673	1763	2193
14	OT1EYX	GQ	342	1832	1602	1839	2382	98	ON6UB	BL	241	1089	1013	2648	3296
15	OK1KKH/P	HJ	338	1370	1518	2379	2146	99	OT6LO	FP	239	1808	1708	----	1800
16	OT1FDH	GP	337	1581	1762	2271	2287	100	GA18D	YP	238	1358	1778	1956	2188
17	DN5GW	BL	335	1510	1927	2080	3285	101	OT8SL	GP	238	1476	1305	----	2188
18	DF3XU	FN	332	1643	1808	2106	2222	102	SM7GEP	HR	238	1467	1768	1695	2043
19	SM5BEI	JU	331	1525	1777	2702	2455	103	OH0JN	JU	238	1451	1856	2108	2198
20	PA0OOM	DN	328	1405	1986	2310	2215	104	PA0RLS	CL	238	1350	1898	1890	2204
21	SM0FFS	JT	327	1820	1580	2030	2190	105	YU7BCX	KF	237	1868	1172	1956	2425
22	SM6AFH	GQ	324	1500	1554	2330	1900	106	SM3DCX	IV	237	1800	1850	1990	----
23	DK3UZ	EN	324	2131	1910	2021	3100	107	RQ2BAG	MQ	236	1432	1714	----	1973
24	DK3MS	GI	323	1268	1905	2102	1930	108	PA3BBA	CM	236	1300	1436	1987	2311
25	SM4AYE	HT	322	918	1940	2026	2131	109	UA3TCF	WQ	236	1131	1974	2498	2332
26	OH7PI	NW	316	1982	1982	2026	2131	110	UA3MD	BM	235	1568	2086	2373	2398
27	I4WJP	HC	315	2224	2400	2214	2374*	111	DF40B	FM	234	1421	1318	1877	2113
28	DK1KO	FJ	315	1625	1745	2124	2194	112	SM5BSZ	JT	233	1830	1720	1890	2080
29	F6DNG	BN	314	1756	1880	2143	2448	113	DL7ZL	GM	232	1481	1254	2000	3800
30	H81YA	IH	314	1612	1534	2183	2885	114	SM5FR	HT	231	1580	1698	1650	----
31	SP2DX	JO	313	1464	1730	2337	----	115	SM4B8C	GT	231	1286	1815	1856	1670
32	PA2VST	CM	313	1459	1803	2572	2221	116	OT3ZW	FO	230	1763	1863	1415	1958
33	OT9FW	GP	305	1328	1618	1954	1963	117	OT1ICL	GP	230	1369	1969	1448	2208
34	UB5JIN	RE	303	1709	1497	2500	2826*	118	SM5CNC	HJ	228	1698	1751	1989	1843
35	SM0HAX	JT	303	1708	1648	1830	2240	119	OK1FM	GB	226	1843	1438	2200	1827
36	PA3BY	CM	292	1458	1800	2229	1900	120	SM3CCL	IW	226	1794	1693	2122	2367
37	UR2ROT	MP	302	2110	1848	2172	1900	121	PA3B	BI	226	1637	1714	2330	2420
38	OT1EKI	EP	301	1450	1777	2088	2273	122	SM4CKU	OR	225	1530	1568	1470	1790
39	DK4TG	DL	301	1418	1730	2440	2000	123	YU3CAB	HG	225	1463	1530	2165	3356
40	DL4EA	DL	300	1468	1725	2078	2247	124	SM3JL	IV	225	1275	1521	2110	2363
41	OK3AU	KI	296	1608	1637	2065	2236	125	G3LTF	AL	224	1824	1846	2021	2174
42	G3N8M	ZL	295	1489	2003	1872	2481	126	B8FU	AL	224	1810	1410	2466	1800
43	EA3LL	AB	293	1995	----	2300	3215	127	GJ4ICD	YJ	223	1620	1180	2050	2090
44	DL7GY	GM	293	1402	1751	2353	1845	128	UQ2BLD	KQ	223	1447	1802	1992	1576
45	PA0KDV	DN	291	1475	1610	2051	2352	129	DK8VS	DJ	223	1350	1088	2240	3230
46	SM4AYY	HT	289	1714	1768	1888	2145	130	G3CHN	YK	222	1658	2138	2358	----
47	UR2EO	NT	288	1541	1848	2240	2245	131	Y240B	GM	222	1288	968	1846	1840
48	SM7BWU	HS	287	1585	1778	2099	2007	132	PA3BRS	CM	219	312	1748	1613	2112
49	PA0FTF	CK	281	1500	1800	----	2900	133	SM0TOT	JT	218	1308	1780	1820	2100
50	I4BXN	FE	279	1608	1520	1916	2670	134	DF2ZC	DK	218	1098	1686	2004	2089
51	G3POI	AL	278	1508	1566	2113	2000	135	UC2AAB	NN	217	1350	1858	1980	2280
52	Y23F6	FM	277	1568	1375	2010	2082	136	DK2LM	EJ	215	1814	1098	1956	2444
53	F6BSJ	CG	277	1510	1220	2105	2705	137	DL7YW	GM	213	1299	1186	1895	2170
54	DF6NA	EJ	276	1156	1120	2080	1789	138	Y22HA	GO	213	1250	1071	2058	2041
55	I3LGP	GF	275	1080	1387	2020	3158	139	SM5EJN	IT	212	1778	1638	2448	1920
56	I3LGP	GF	275	1080	1258	1950	3120	140	SM5A9J	JT	212	1380	1588	1930	----
57	LA2PT	FT	272	1438	1668	2020	2427	141	PA3CHR	CL	211	1378	1188	1695	2300
58	OT1DOQ	GP	272	1333	1598	1879	2260	142	DK3JT	FN	211	1358	1438	1880	1990
59	SM5CUI	IT	271	1598	1600	2190	----	143	YU2KDE	JF	209	1731	1897	2074	2196
60	DF1DH	EM	271	1564	1671	2242	2379	144	SM5CNC	HS	208	1668	1730	1850	----
61	YQ2IS	KF	269	1380	1775	2048	2360	145	DF5DL	EL	208	1389	1596	2083	2020
62	Y23ZI	FL	268	1785	1280	1925	2075	146	PA0XMA	DM	208	1285	1330	2300	1930
63	SM3BIU	HX	268	1460	1890	2260	2250	147	I1DMP	DF	208	1081	930	1864	2718
64	YU2IG	HE	268	1210	----	1935	3462	148	LA9BM	EU	207	1612	1670	1892	2165
65	Y21PL	GL	266	1768	1360	2110	1960	149	SM8BYC	IT	207	1380	1710	1898	2390
66	SP5JC	KM	266	1748	1748	1980	1861	150	OT3SB	FQ	207	1348	1588	----	2338
67	GH3TH	LV	265	1358	1668	2280	2085	151	YU1EV	KE	206	1658	----	2165	2208
68	UQ2BFZ	NR	265	1154	1835	1884	2159	152	F6CER	BI	206	1588	1358	1708	2308
69	DK2PR	EN	264	1445	1515	1940	2425	153	PA3BSK	DL	206	1387	1698	1298	2140
70	F1FHI	ZH	262	1739	1292	2125	2467	154	I4KCC	BD	205	1078	1782	2275	2270
71	SM4COK	HT	261	1440	1578	2088	1940	155	Y5PUN	OK	204	1798	1220	1920	1630
72	SM7WT	GP	260	1598	1680	1938	2180	156	OK1IMS	HK	204	1465	1470	1371	2133
73	I4EAT	FE	260	1550	1428	2248	2500	157	SM4ARQ	HT	202	1758	1598	1950	1930
74	PA0NMM	CM	260	1383	1839	1997	2212	158	UQ2BCB	LR	202	1676	1769	1990	1769
75	BA0SC	ZO	259	1485	1855	1942	2285	159	LA8AK	DS	202	1325	1722	1797	2303
76	DK1PZ	FL	257	1567	1364	1867	1866	160	Y23PA	BO	202	1168	1158	1718	----
77	OH2BBF	FP	257	1388	2008	2125	2144	161	PA3GBR	CL	201	1327	1247	2108	2118
78	OT1ETU	FL	256	1282	1558	1983	2315	162	SM5FLL	IV	200	1853	1698	1988	2308
79	DJ9CZ	DL	256	1658	1862	1925	2015	163	Y24TN	OK	195	1798	1318	1920	1630
80	SM2CKR	KX	256	1638	1668	2318	1810	164	OE3JFL	BI	193	1583	1155	1644	1823
81	SM3AKW	JW	256	1598	2078	2142	2504	165	IWSAV	FC	192	1466	----	2016	2891
82	UR2BZ	MS	253	1577	1794	2141	2174	166	H8SKDM	JH	192	1387	----	1849	2195
83	OT1ASL	FO	251	1763	1675	2061	2323	167	EA3AIR	BB	192	1241	----	1858	2580
84	YU3ES	GF	251	1167	1884	2074	2483	168	SM5AGR	JT	191	1938	1748	----	2080

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NR	CALL	QTH	WKD	TROPO	AURO	MS	ES
169	OK1KHI/P	HK	171	1635	1156	----	----
170	PA0BAT	DL	191	1078	1377	2498	2042
171	PE1BNK	CM	189	1328	1341	----	2257
172	UR2RDR	MS	189	1200	1750	1600	2100
173	DL7AN	GM	188	1310	1140	1936	1845
174	PA3AHD	CM	188	1279	1586	1940	1879
175	UO2NX	MR	187	1712	1745	1707	1870
176	DK3LL	FO	187	1525	1871	1875	1812
177	DL1JF	FO	185	1325	1775	----	2062
178	G3LQR	AM	184	1776	1772	2150	2077
179	SM4FXR	HT	184	1280	1430	1760	----
180	LA8AE	FT	182	2041	1573	----	1932
181	UO2QW	MQ	182	1092	1514	1845	1963
182	SM5FND	HT	181	1445	1601	1616	2060
183	G3SEK	ZL	179	1560	1681	1872	2154
184	SM0DFP	IT	178	1030	1590	2030	----
185	SM5LE	JT	178	1440	1470	2190	----
186	UB5WN	PK	178	1376	1270	2410	1457
187	DL2OM	DK	178	1270	1712	2104	2039
188	PA0CSL	CM	176	1528	1610	1750	1960
189	RR2TEJ	NT	176	1422	1766	----	2070
190	OH2BNL	MT	176	1056	1586	1901	2221
191	UR2RGM	MT	175	1131	1768	1429	2157
192	GO1BF	DN	174	1201	1609	2005	1352
193	DC7OH	GM	173	1349	1289	1680	2260
194	DL7YS	GM	173	1208	1052	1550	1891
195	F6FHP	AE	172	1752	----	2243	2105
196	G8KBQ	YL	172	1501	1775	1865	2335
197	DB6BY	DM	172	1398	1094	----	2039
198	OE3CEW	II	171	1464	1344	1744	2080
199	DL7WC	GM	171	1360	1240	1550	1800
200	PA0SGL	CM	171	1258	1513	1848	1772
201	UA1MC	PU	170	1500	1540	2145	----
202	F9FT	CJ	170	1440	1440	2017	----
203	OZ1CFD	ER	170	1262	865	1939	2105
204	SM5CPD	IT	169	1820	1210	1370	1960
205	UR2AO	MT	169	1162	1176	1792	2136
206	PA0JJOZ	CM	169	1159	1420	1666	1980
207	G3COJ	ZL	168	1630	1650	----	1852
208	OH0NC	JU	167	1533	1265	1647	2097
209	SM7JUQ	GP	167	1400	1650	1700	1600
210	PE1AAP	CM	167	1326	1086	----	2052
211	UR2NW	LT	166	1380	1570	1797	----
212	DF5DE	EK	166	1186	1670	1845	1752
213	SP8AOV	LL	165	1224	1723	1821	1851
214	DL7ACG	GM	164	1592	850	1997	----
215	G3PBV	YK	164	1540	1466	1563	2315
216	UA3LAW	PO	164	1372	1675	2208	----
217	PA3CAP	CM	164	1305	977	1687	2008
218	SM0CPA	IT	163	1856	----	----	----
219	UO2AO	MQ	163	1647	1679	1472	----
220	PA0LSC	CM	163	1528	1590	1750	1960
221	OZ1DPR	EP	163	1373	1215	1327	2015
222	H89QQ	EH	163	1330	1250	1685	1520
223	GA4MCU	AL	163	1287	1630	1627	2000
224	UP2BBC	LP	163	1260	1904	1989	----
225	UR2HD	LS	163	1050	1918	----	----
226	SM0AGP	IT	162	1820	1710	1560	----
227	G3WSN	AL	162	1522	1821	2076	2077
228	OE5XPL	HI	159	1434	836	1929	1680
229	Y25QL	GL	158	1825	950	----	----
230	DK2RY	FJ	158	1300	1400	1800	----
231	Y24BO	GM	157	1380	1440	----	1854
232	OK1IDK	GJ	156	1843	1438	1983	1776
233	OK1AGE/P	HK	156	1481	1136	----	----
234	PE1BZD	CM	155	1359	1547	1889	1990
235	DF5JJ	DL	155	1272	1256	1620	2074
236	G8MFJ	ZL	155	1209	1210	1329	2168
237	G3FPK	ZL	154	1406	1480	----	2069
238	PA0VVV	CM	154	1372	1635	1845	1952
239	9H1CD	HV	151	1960	----	----	2400
240	DK2NH	FN	151	1607	1432	----	1996
241	OE1RKU	II	151	1497	1493	1658	2364
242	SH4DHN	GU	151	1390	1300	1770	----
243	OK1CA/P	HK	147	1481	1065	950	----
244	OG7FT	EK	146	1123	1190	----	----
245	9H1BT	HV	144	1950	----	2031	2506
246	SM0DRV	IT	144	1820	1400	1530	2070
247	F1BBJ	BI	142	1543	----	----	2115
248	SM5CJF	IT	142	1440	1280	----	----
249	SM7FND	HR	142	1276	1031	----	1780
250	PA0JMV	CL	141	1220	1590	1790	----
251	OK1AIB/P	HK	139	1481	1065	950	----
252	G3KEQ	ZL	138	1335	1275	----	1800

NR	CALL	QTH	WKD	TROPO	AURO	MS	ES
253	UR2DZ	MT	138	1300	1810	1855	----
254	DF5BL	DM	138	1091	1659	----	2051
255	SP9AF1	JJ	136	1540	980	----	----
256	SM6BFQ	GS	136	1200	1830	----	----
257	SP9FG	JJ	134	1647	1283	----	1630
258	SM0F0B	JT	133	1830	1490	1390	1860
259	OH0AA	JU	133	1526	1461	----	----
260	F6EAS	ZI	133	1380	----	2230	2020
261	SM6CZ/7	GQ	132	1120	1200	----	1590
262	SM6PF	GS	131	1470	1200	----	----
263	DF3BL	DM	131	1091	1350	----	2051
264	F1AUQ	CH	129	1600	----	2025	1604
265	DJ6XV	DL	127	1010	991	----	2125
266	OE1APS	II	125	1343	1765	1674	2005
267	LA9FY	EJ	119	778	1242	1128	----
268	DG1NZ	FU	113	1180	1230	----	1728
269	OK1KYL/P	GK	105	907	----	----	----
270	DL7QT	FJ	102	1368	1628	1345	1689
271	H89M10/P	DH	99	1316	----	----	2183
272	H89ADF	DG	95	1116	----	----	1981
273	OZ71S	GP	93	1020	880	1294	1842
274	GM4CYM	XP	91	1428	1583	1709	2023
275	OE3PGU	HI	82	1556	944	----	1930
276	PE1HW0	CL	79	1070	875	----	----
277	H89AJF	EH	76	1013	----	----	1621

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NR	CALL	QTH	WKD	TROPO	AURO	NR	CALL	QTH	WKD	TROPO	AURO	NR	CALL	QTH	WKD	TROPO	AURO
1	DL7GY	FJ	179	1368	1618*	85	073ZW	FO	84	1237	613	169	PA0JME	CL	54	1046	----
2	DL7YC	GM	169	1225	----	86	F6CER	BI	83	1350	500	170	PA0XMA	DM	54	980	485
3	DK5AI	FL	166	1506	798*	87	DF3CK	FK	83	1283	867	171	PA2HJS	DN	54	832	----
4	DF3XU	FN	165	1607	1057	88	DL6NAQ	EK	83	1253	----	172	PA0KDV	CK	53	920	----
5	DL7LZ	GM	155	1305	124*	89	0N5GF	CK	83	1115	----	173	DK1KO	FN	53	920	----
6	0771S	GP	152	1387	1000	90	0N5GF	CK	83	1115	----	174	IWSAFB	FC	53	738	----
7	SM3AKW	JW	151	1190	919*	91	0N7HP	??	83	799	----	175	0EIRKU	II	52	1354	----
8	UA3LBO	GO	138	1426	1612*	92	021CFD	ER	82	1330	----	176	PA0JTA	CL	52	920	----
9	PA0EZ	CM	138	1310	1028	93	021HDA	ER	79	1370	----	177	DL0S0/A	DL	52	888	----
10	F1FHI	ZH	137	1892	----	94	PA3BGL	CN	79	1250	----	178	0E1APS	II	51	1341	----
11	SM6CKU	GR	129	1293	660	95	DJ6XV	DL	79	968	508	179	DF7YU	EL	50	1147	----
12	GL3TF	AL	127	1520	890	96	DF5JJ	DL	79	880	----	180	G4MCU	AL	50	1071	----
13	DK6AS	FM	127	1360	620*	97	0N4YZ	CK	78	1460	----	181	SM6FHZ	GQ	50	1010	800
14	DJ9DL	DL	126	1274	615*	98	DF1JC	DL	78	1270	----	182	SM3IVE	HT	50	938	703
15	SM6HYG	FS	125	1540	617	99	DK2ZF	FN	78	1223	----	183	HB9QQ	EH	49	1080	----
16	GL3GR	AM	125	1471	873*	100	PE1GVK	CL	78	1208	----	184	PA3BBA	CM	49	1028	----
17	Y22HE	HM	125	1364	874	101	LA8AK	DS	78	1188	776	185	Y21PL	GL	49	828	----
18	079FW	GP	125	1348	1026	102	HB9YMN/P	DH	78	1100	----	186	Y3CAB	HG	49	684	----
19	PA0FRE	CL	122	1480	815	103	DB5AQ	FL	78	1050	----	187	SP1DS	LN	48	1340	730
20	PA0WHM	CM	120	1342	726	104	PA0VV	CM	77	1180	----	188	UR2NW	HT	48	1060	675
21	OK1CA/P	HK	120	1267	----	105	DC9XO	CM	77	1169	----	189	DD3JK	DK	47	862	----
22	DE6BX	DM	119	1398	788	106	DG1NI	FJ	77	1146	----	190	SP5JC	KM	46	1120	866
23	PE1ALA	CT	118	1336	788	107	DJ7YP	EM	77	971	----	191	UR2RQT	MS	46	853	853
24	SM0FZH	JT	116	1900	957	108	PA2CHR	EL	76	1265	----	192	UQ2NS	MR	45	1355	----
25	DB6NT	FK	116	1505	----	109	DL5FAU	EK	76	1120	----	193	OH2BWL	MU	45	1223	1005
26	PE0AGO	DM	115	1560	680	110	DF7VX	EL	76	1105	658	194	DL2DM	DK	45	780	639
27	Y23FG	FM	115	1270	----	111	Y22EN	GK	75	1395	----	195	SM3COL	IC	45	621	455
28	DL3UZ	FN	114	1404	750	112	PA2DRV	EL	75	1147	----	196	IWSAVM	FC	44	1458	----
29	0720DE	EP	113	1257	----	113	DL1EK	ED	74	1044	527	197	0E3PQU	GI	44	1120	----
30	OK1AB/P	GP	113	1237	858*	114	DL6WU	ED	74	1305	740*	198	021FDH	HP	44	1033	822
31	SM7BAE	HK	113	1257	858*	115	DL7HR	FI	74	1253	780	199	F6ECI	BI	44	880	----
32	OH3TH	LV	113	1199	943*	116	DC9BU/A	EK	74	1253	----	200	I2FUM/2	EE	44	875	----
33	SM6FYU	GO	112	1441	706	117	0E3XUA	HH	74	1215	----	201	DL2HAD	EN	44	798	----
34	DK0NA	FK	112	1096	----	118	OH2BBF	HH	74	1144	773	202	SM2CKR	KX	43	1215	820
35	PE1CQK	DM	111	1356	490	119	SM4IAZ	HT	73	1055	1134	203	DF3X7	FN	43	956	----
36	SM5BEI	JU	110	1325	1016	120	SM7GEP	HR	72	1428	533	204	DC8LG	FH	43	934	----
37	DF3EE	DL	110	1267	1019	121	GA4LRT	ZM	72	1394	----	205	DC9VA	DJ	43	920	----
38	SM5CPD	IT	110	1230	640	122	Y23BD	GM	72	1150	----	206	DC7OH	GM	42	1079	----
39	0N5FF	BL	110	1170	736	123	DF2YQ	DL	72	1077	475	207	SM8AGP	IT	42	740	410
40	OH0NC	KU	109	1545	920	124	GB9HY	YK	71	1500	----	208	SM4DHN	MU	41	1240	1030
41	SM5DWC	IT	109	1400	810	125	G4BEL	AM	71	1175	----	209	UQ2OW	GQ	40	934	833
42	SM0FFS	JT	109	1380	740	126	UR2EQ	NT	71	1160	907	210	DL7WC	GM	40	795	----
43	PA0RDY	CM	109	1330	----	127	SM5CUI	IT	71	1150	1260	211	G8ROU	ZN	39	1255	----
44	G6NBR	ZH	105	1894	----	128	Y24BD	GM	71	1066	838	212	DL9HN	FR	39	1093	----
45	SM4AXY	HT	105	1714	1100	129	SM7CFE	HQ	70	1420	----	213	GM3ZSS	YN	38	1400	----
46	DL4EA	DL	105	1265	1009	130	021HDB	ER	70	1418	----	214	UQ2GFZ	NR	38	1328	590
47	SM0CPA	IT	104	1856	797	131	SM5CUL	IT	68	1150	1260	215	HB9M10/P	DH	38	1010	----
48	PA3AOH	DL	104	1116	530	132	Y24QO	GM	68	1100	----	216	DK0IK/P	DO	38	800	----
49	DJ6MB	DK	103	1253	921	133	PA3BRS	CM	67	1292	----	217	DL0UL/P	EI	38	676	----
50	OK1KHI/P	VK	102	1424	----	134	PE1AAP	CM	67	1132	----	218	HG1YA	IH	38	631	----
51	GJ41CD	HJ	102	1340	803	135	DG4GAN	EI	66	1504	----	219	0E5XPL	II	37	1176	----
52	DK2NH	FN	101	1607	805	136	SM7GWU	HS	66	1192	628	220	DL8DAU	DL	37	737	----
53	SM0DFP	IT	101	1410	830	137	0729SW	EG	65	1050	----	221	UA3MBJ	SS	36	1200	800
54	DB2VY	DJ	101	1335	----	138	SM7FMD	HR	64	1594	----	222	0E1KRC/9	FH	36	709	----
55	OK1KIR/P	GK	101	1331	----	139	DG4BB	EN	64	1194	----	223	HG2KML	JH	36	600	----
56	PA0JZV	CM	101	1156	----	140	G3W5N	AL	63	1385	----	224	UR2AO	MT	35	1131	----
57	DL7APJ	GM	100	1308	850*	141	DL0SP/P	GM	63	1150	----	225	UR2GZ	MS	35	1035	----
58	DC7QH	GM	100	1231	509	142	DF6NA	EJ	63	1102	----	226	DL9DAK	DL	35	824	----
59	DL7AN	GM	99	1240	----	143	PE1HWO	CL	63	1050	----	227	UR2RGM	MT	35	820	----
60	DC9CSA	GM	96	1171	----	144	RQ26AG	MP	62	1317	709	228	DG5BG	EN	35	739	----
61	G3CQJ	ZL	95	1465	812	145	UP2BBC	LQ	62	1125	807	229	DL7YW	GM	35	724	----
62	DL7ACG	GM	95	1279	----	146	SP9FG	JJ	61	1327	807	230	YU3USB/3	GG	35	632	----
63	077LX	FP	93	1315	720	147	F6CJG/P	BF	61	1170	----	231	I3ZVN	FF	34	866	----
64	PA3BSK	DL	93	1129	----	148	DK30L	DL	61	909	----	232	F6EAS	ZI	34	630	----
65	DK1PZ	FL	93	1018	----	149	SM5DSN	IT	60	1470	670	233	SM3UL	IV	34	585	674
66	OK1AIY/P	HK	92	1351	----	150	OK1KTL/P	GK	60	993	----	234	OK1VAM	GK	34	511	----
67	PA2DOL	CL	92	1088	----	151	0N6UG	BL	60	970	420	235	DK2PR	EN	33	1200	----
68	GB8KB	YL	91	1327	----	152	DK8VS	DJ	60	920	----	236	SM3BIU	HX	33	920	720
69	SM0DYE	JT	91	1205	845	153	SM5LE	JT	59	1560	710	237	DF1EO	DL	33	767	----
70	F9FT	CJ	90	960	----	154	GB8SP	YL	59	1255	----	238	EA3LL	AB	32	1315	----
71	DF1OH	EM	89	1261	1038	155	DL7RU	GM	59	1231	----	239	UR2RIW	LS	32	1100	----
72	LA8AE	FT	88	1585	843	156	DC4XH	EN	59	1037	----	240	DJ3LZ	FI	32	931	----
73	0N5QW	BL	88	1395	----	157	HB9AOF	DG	59	820	----	241	DB9SB	EJ	32	853	----
74	F6WBG	BJ	88	1350	----	158	DK0IK	EN	59	752	----	242	SM5EVK	IS	32	740	----
75	DD2EK	DL	88	1284	----	159	F6HLD/P	CG	58	1545	----	243	UR2RIC	LS	31	673	----
76	Y22HA	GO	87	1414	----	160	F6BSJ	CG	58	1525	----	244	UQ26CG	LR	30	1275	396
77	0N4YZ	CK	86	1460	----	161	PE0DOL	CL	58	1033	----	245	I2FHW	EE	30	700	----
78	G3UBX	YM	86	1101	----	162	DB7FZ	EK	57	1147	----	246	OK3AU	KI	29	1172	----
79	G3PBV	YK	85	1572	----	163	DL40L	FM	57	1018	----	247	DC7HF/A	EN	29	1001	----
80	PE1HQO	DN	85	1273	460	164	DF1EQ	DL	57	811	----	248	0E1KTC	II	29	808	----
81	GAFRE	AL	85	1225	----	165	166GA	GD	56	813	----	249	DB7NW/A	FK	29	649	----
82	Y23FA	GO	85	1102	----	166	DK3UC	FN	55	1380	600	250	Y021S	ZL	28	1020	----
83	073GW	FQ	85	1070	620	167	DG1BP	DN	55	952	----	251	GBHFJ	KF	28	941	----
84	F1BUU	ZE	84	1250	----	168	G4MUT	ZL	54	1197	----	252	DF5BL	DM	28	616	----

EUROPEAN SHF TOP LIST 1296 MHZ 14.SEP.1983

1	PE1CHQ	DM	88	1200	32	G4LRT	ZM	45	1152	63	DL060/A	DL	33	642
2	PA0EZ	CM	84	1261	33	SM0DFP	IT	45	1057	64	F6DWB	BJ	32	1196
3	DF3XU	FN	74	1277	34	PE1ALA	CM	44	1315	65	LX1DU	CJ	32	600
4	G3LQR	AM	72	1232	35	SM6CKU	GR	44	820	66	G4BEL	AM	31	1025
5	PA0WMM	CM	71	1298	36	OH0NC	KU	43	1537	67	G3CQJ	ZL	31	963
6	HB9AMH/P	DH	71	1264	37	F6CER	BI	43	1350	68	PA2HJS	CK	31	690
7	G3LTF	AL	71	1078	38	DL7YC	GM	42	1040	69	DK01K	EN	31	672
8	PA0FRE	CL	70	1337	39	HB9RG	EH	42	820	70	LABAQ	DS	30	1117
9	DL7QY	FJ	70	1261	40	DK2NH	FN	42	805	71	OZ1HDA	ER	29	888
10	PE0AGO	DM	70	1196	41	LABAE	FT	41	1271	72	PA0JOZ	CM	29	884
11	F1FHI	ZH	66	1538	42	PA3AOH	DL	41	940	73	DC0DA	DL	29	738
12	G4BYV	AM	63	1028	43	DK5A1	FL	41	868	74	DL3NQ	EJ	29	730
13	PA2DOL	CL	62	1027	44	DL3N1	DL	41	798	75	DL7APV	GM	28	1023
14	DB6NT	FK	61	1105	45	DF1EQ	DL	41	762	76	OK1CA/P	HK	28	656
15	DK3UC	FN	60	1223	46	PA2DRV	CL	40	1314	77	DF3CK	FH	27	1240
16	DK0NA	FK	59	1096	47	SM0FZH	JT	39	1254	78	JD6HB	DK	27	879
17	OZ7IS	GP	58	1205	48	DC7QH	GM	38	1216	79	DG4BB	EN	27	741
18	PE1CQQ	DM	58	1167	49	DL3FAU	EK	38	740	80	DL7ZL	GM	25	1112
19	SM6HYG	FS	56	1283	50	SM5DNC	IT	37	1060	81	F6BSJ	CG	25	720
20	OZ20E	EP	56	1075	51	PA3BSK	DL	37	821	82	UR2EQ	NT	25	588
21	OK1AIY/P	HK	55	1351	52	DL9GU	EJ	37	678	83	SM4AXY	HT	24	1000
22	OK1KIR/P	GK	55	1208	53	SM0CPA	IT	36	1141	84	PA0VV	CM	24	622
23	ON5GF	CK	55	1010	54	SM6ESG	GR	36	980	85	SM5CPD	IT	24	610
24	DL4EA	DL	55	906	55	DD2EK	DL	36	845	86	G4FRE	AL	23	641
25	ON5GF	CK	54	1010	56	DF3EE	DL	36	752	87	12FUM/2	EE	22	972
26	DC9XO	EM	52	963	57	SM0FFS	JT	35	1040	88	PA0JME	DL	22	867
27	DK4AS	FM	51	990	58	SM5BE1	JU	35	877	89	DF1EO	FF	22	756
28	DL6NAQ	EK	50	1253	59	PA3BGL	CN	34	1155	90	137VN	DF	22	772
29	DB6BX	DM	50	845	60	DK1PZ	FL	34	865	91	PA0KDV	DN	20	724
30	DB2VY	DJ	46	783	61	OZ3ZW	FO	34	798	92	OE1ERC/9	FH	20	657
31	DC9BU/A	EK	45	1253	62	DF5JJ	DL	34	790	93	OK1AIB/P	HK	20	656

EUROPEAN SHF TOP LIST 2320 MHZ 14.SEP.1983

1	PA0EZ	CM	38	827	15	DL9GU	EJ	18	374	29	OZ20E	EP	11	679
2	DL7QY	FJ	27	1018	16	SM6HYG	FS	17	1022	30	PA0JGF	DM	11	444
3	PE0AGO	DM	27	730	17	OK1AIY/P	HK	16	1027	31	G3LTF	AL	9	1017
4	G4BYV	AM	25	1028	18	DL3NQ	EJ	16	595	32	LABAE	FT	9	829
5	DB6NT	FK	24	529	19	PA2DOL	CL	15	781	33	DF3CK	FH	9	418
6	PE1CQQ	DM	22	605	20	DK3UC	FN	15	661	34	PA2HJS	CK	9	388
7	DK0NA	FK	22	527	21	DF1EQ	DL	13	461	35	PA0JME	CL	9	262
8	G3LQR	AM	21	924	22	DC0DA	DL	13	429	36	SM6ESG	GR	8	880
9	OK1KIR/P	GK	21	866	23	DC3QS	DM	13	419	37	G4FRE	AL	8	641
10	DL5FAU	EK	20	582	24	OE1ERC/9	FH	12	657	38	JD8QL	EJ	8	463
11	PA0FRE	CL	19	864	25	DL7YC	GM	12	634	39	ON5GF	CK	8	320
12	DL3N1	DL	19	788	26	G4LRT	ZM	11	1022	40	DB2VY	DJ	7	339
13	DC9XO	EM	19	668	27	OZ7IS	GP	11	860	41	LX1DU	CJ	7	300
14	PA0WMM	CM	18	542	28	PA2DRV	CL	11	776	42	DF5QZ	DL	6	468

EUROPEAN SHF TOP LIST 3456 MHZ 14.SEP.1983

1	DC0DA	DL	10	429	9	DC3QS	DM	7	419	17	DF5QZ	DL	3	68
2	DB6NT	FK	9	529	10	PE1CQQ	DM	5	303	18	PE0AGO	DM	2	134
3	PA2DOL	CL	9	528	11	G4FRE/P	AL	5	251	19	PA2DRV	CL	2	123
4	DL3NQ	EJ	9	398	12	PA0JME	CL	5	220	20	DF5JJ/P	DK	2	80
5	DL7QY	FJ	8	565	13	PA2HJS	CK	4	388	21	DL3N1	DL	2	74
6	DK0NA	FK	8	528	14	PA0JGF	DM	4	376	22	DK3UC	FN	2	63
7	G4BYV	AM	7	623	15	DF1EQ	DL	4	118	23	DB8NC	FK	2	60
8	G3LQR	AM	7	427	16	G4AGN/P	ZN	4	115	24	DJ6TA	DK	2	42

EUROPEAN SHF TOP LIST 5760 MHZ 14.SEP.1983

1	DB6NT	FK	6	528	5	DK0NA	FK	4	528	9	OK1VAM/P	HK	2	303
2	SM6HYG	FS	6	165	6	HB9AJF	EH	3	217	10	G3LQR	AM	2	241
3	DL7QY	FJ	5	171	7	DB8NC	FK	3	59	11	HB9MIN/P	DH	2	178
4	PA2DOL	CL	4	529	8	OK1WFE	IK	2	303	12	F060H/P	DH	2	109

EUROPEAN SHF TOP LIST 10368 MHZ 14.SEP.1983

1	I4ZAU	GD	17	832	15	I4AOR	FE	7	320	29	PA0JME	CL	4	220
2	I3CL1/3	FF	13	571	16	I4ZT0/4	FE	7	290	30	DB6NT	FK	4	171
3	YU3JN/3	GF	13	563	17	PA0EZ	CM	7	262	31	DK7GN/P	EI	4	166
4	I4XCC/6	GD	12	563	18	DJ7FJ/P	DH	7	243	32	OE3XUA	HH	4	77
5	I4CHY/4	FE	11	633	19	PA2DOL	CL	7	217	33	SM0DFP	IT	4	60
6	I3ZJL/3	FF	11	572	20	HB9AJF	EH	7	204	34	OH2BWL	MU	4	57
7	IW4AKY	FE	11	570	21	DL7QY	FJ	7	171	35	ON6UG	BL	3	174
8	I4QIG/4	FE	11	440	22	I4FKD/4	FE	6	260	36	DG4BB	EN	3	132
9	YU3URI	HG	10	344	23	HB9MDP/P	EH	6	205	37	YU3CAB	HG	3	107
10	DJ4VJ/P	EH	9	358	24	F060H/P	DH	6	184	38	DF1EQ	DL	2	74
11	I4BER	FE	9	340	25	IW3QCV	GF	5	290	39	DL050/A	DL	2	65
12	YU3TAL	GF	9	322	26	G3LQR	AM	5	258	40	DF1EO/P	DL	2	63
13	I2BBH/2	EE	9	237	27	HB9MIO/P	DH	5	217	41	DJ6TA	DK	2	51
14	HB9MIN/P	DH	8	310	28	DL3NQ	EJ	5	113	42	OE1WEB	IK	2	50

EUROPEAN SHF TOP LIST 24192 MHZ 14.SEP.1983

1	DJ7FJ/P	EH	5	170	3	DJ4VJ/P	FH	2	243	5	DK0NA	FK	1	34
2	HB9MIN/P	DH	3	178	4	F060H/P	DH	2	89	6	DL7QY	FJ	1	13